

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2026

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 001-37399

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

30-0870244

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

120 Passaic Ave., Fairfield, New Jersey

(Address of principal executive offices)

07004

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

973-244-4500

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	KRNY	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filers," "accelerated filers," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: April 30, 2026.

\$0.01 par value common stock — 64,739,151 shares outstanding

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

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**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION**  
(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)

	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>June 30, 2025</b>
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
<b><u>Assets</u></b>		
Cash and amounts due from depository institutions	\$ 17,984	\$ 21,864
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	105,852	145,405
Cash and cash equivalents	123,836	167,269
Investment securities available for sale (amortized cost of \$1,080,159 and \$1,125,111, respectively)	983,325	1,012,969
Investment securities held to maturity (fair value of \$99,078 and \$106,712, respectively)	110,581	120,217
Loans held-for-sale	12,183	5,931
Loans receivable	5,779,181	5,812,937
Less: allowance for credit losses on loans	(44,723)	(46,191)
Net loans receivable	5,734,458	5,766,746
Premises and equipment	41,896	43,897
Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”) of New York stock	55,737	64,261
Accrued interest receivable	28,304	28,098
Goodwill	113,525	113,525
Core deposit intangibles	1,080	1,436
Bank owned life insurance	312,050	304,717
Deferred income tax assets, net	50,961	55,203
Other assets	39,720	56,181
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 7,607,656</b>	<b>\$ 7,740,450</b>
<b><u>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</u></b>		
<b><u>Liabilities</u></b>		
Deposits:		
Non-interest-bearing	\$ 631,506	\$ 582,045
Interest-bearing	5,097,576	5,093,172
Total deposits	5,729,082	5,675,217
Borrowings	1,060,000	1,256,491
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes	19,317	19,317
Other liabilities	36,225	43,463
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>6,844,624</b>	<b>6,994,488</b>
<b><u>Stockholders' Equity</u></b>		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 800,000,000 shares authorized; 64,739,151 shares and 64,577,481 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	648	646
Paid-in capital	495,442	494,546
Retained earnings	349,881	341,744
Unearned employee stock ownership plan shares; 1,806,282 shares and 1,956,805 shares, respectively	(17,511)	(18,970)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(65,428)	(72,004)
<b>Total Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>763,032</b>	<b>745,962</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$ 7,607,656</b>	<b>\$ 7,740,450</b>

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)  
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
<b>Interest Income</b>				
Loans	\$ 66,310	\$ 64,768	\$ 202,069	\$ 196,507
Taxable investment securities	11,425	12,738	35,648	40,925
Tax-exempt investment securities	34	55	110	185
Other interest-earning assets	1,400	1,773	4,502	6,454
Total Interest Income	79,169	79,334	242,329	244,071
<b>Interest Expense</b>				
Deposits	31,045	34,912	98,124	106,651
Borrowings	8,888	10,380	29,296	38,320
Total Interest Expense	39,933	45,292	127,420	144,971
<b>Net Interest Income</b>	39,236	34,042	114,909	99,100
Provision for credit losses	391	366	876	581
<b>Net Interest Income after Provision for Credit Losses</b>	38,845	33,676	114,033	98,519
<b>Non-Interest Income</b>				
Fees and service charges	922	573	3,109	1,835
Gain on sale of loans	193	112	616	616
Income from bank owned life insurance	2,646	2,617	8,045	7,803
Electronic banking fees and charges	389	391	1,278	1,275
Other income	1,944	869	4,464	2,532
Total Non-Interest Income	6,094	4,562	17,512	14,061
<b>Non-Interest Expense</b>				
Salaries and employee benefits	19,316	17,700	56,434	52,777
Net occupancy expense of premises	3,263	3,075	9,458	8,704
Equipment and systems	3,975	3,921	11,956	11,673
Advertising and marketing	665	609	1,639	1,262
Federal deposit insurance premium	1,302	1,450	3,960	4,516
Directors' compensation	307	326	920	1,048
Other expense	3,471	3,309	10,789	9,757
Total Non-Interest Expense	32,299	30,390	95,156	89,737
<b>Income before Income Taxes</b>	12,640	7,848	36,389	22,843
Income tax expense	2,503	1,200	7,297	3,537
<b>Net Income</b>	\$ 10,137	\$ 6,648	\$ 29,092	\$ 19,306
<b>Net Income per Common Share (EPS)</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.31
Diluted	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.31
<b>Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding</b>				
Basic	62,908	62,548	62,835	62,478
Diluted	63,251	62,713	63,140	62,705

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**  
(In Thousands, Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2026</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2026</b>	<b>2025</b>
<b>Net Income</b>	\$ 10,137	\$ 6,648	\$ 29,092	\$ 19,306
<b>Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) , net of tax:</b>				
Net unrealized (loss) gain on securities available for sale	(456)	9,701	10,899	12,873
Fair value adjustments on derivatives	2,017	(6,712)	(4,247)	(18,881)
Benefit plan adjustments	(26)	(20)	(76)	43
<b>Total Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)</b>	1,535	2,969	6,576	(5,965)
<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>	<u>\$ 11,672</u>	<u>\$ 9,617</u>	<u>\$ 35,668</u>	<u>\$ 13,341</u>

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data, Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned ESOP Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
	Shares	Amount					
<b>Balance - December 31, 2024</b>	64,580	\$ 646	\$ 494,092	\$ 342,155	\$ (19,943)	\$ (72,097)	\$ 744,853
Net income	—	—	—	6,648	—	—	6,648
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	—	—	—	—	—	2,969	2,969
ESOP shares committed to be released (50 shares)	—	—	(143)	—	486	—	343
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	182	—	—	—	182
Cash dividends declared (\$0.11 per common share)	—	—	—	(6,882)	—	—	(6,882)
<b>Balance - March 31, 2025</b>	<u>64,580</u>	<u>\$ 646</u>	<u>\$ 494,131</u>	<u>\$ 341,921</u>	<u>\$ (19,457)</u>	<u>\$ (69,128)</u>	<u>\$ 748,113</u>

	Common Stock		Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned ESOP Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
	Shares	Amount					
<b>Balance - June 30, 2024</b>	64,434	\$ 644	\$ 493,680	\$ 343,326	\$ (20,916)	\$ (63,163)	\$ 753,571
Net Income	—	—	—	19,306	—	—	19,306
Other comprehensive loss, net of income tax	—	—	—	—	—	(5,965)	(5,965)
ESOP shares committed to be released (150 shares)	—	—	(407)	—	1,459	—	1,052
Issuance of stock under stock benefit plans	207	2	(2)	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	1,209	—	—	—	1,209
Cancellation of shares issued for restricted stock awards	(61)	—	(349)	—	—	—	(349)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.33 per common share)	—	—	—	(20,711)	—	—	(20,711)
<b>Balance - March 31, 2025</b>	<u>64,580</u>	<u>\$ 646</u>	<u>\$ 494,131</u>	<u>\$ 341,921</u>	<u>\$ (19,457)</u>	<u>\$ (69,128)</u>	<u>\$ 748,113</u>

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)**  
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data, Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned ESOP Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
	Shares	Amount					
<b>Balance - December 31, 2025</b>	64,739	\$ 648	\$ 494,959	\$ 346,749	\$ (17,997)	\$ (66,963)	\$ 757,396
Net income	—	—	—	10,137	—	—	10,137
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	—	—	—	—	—	1,535	1,535
ESOP shares committed to be released (50 shares)	—	—	(99)	—	486	—	387
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	582	—	—	—	582
Cash dividends declared (\$0.11 per common share)	—	—	—	(7,005)	—	—	(7,005)
<b>Balance - March 31, 2026</b>	<u>64,739</u>	<u>\$ 648</u>	<u>\$ 495,442</u>	<u>\$ 349,881</u>	<u>\$ (17,511)</u>	<u>\$ (65,428)</u>	<u>\$ 763,032</u>

	Common Stock		Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned ESOP Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
	Shares	Amount					
<b>Balance - June 30, 2025</b>	64,577	\$ 646	\$ 494,546	\$ 341,744	\$ (18,970)	\$ (72,004)	\$ 745,962
Net income	—	—	—	29,092	—	—	29,092
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	—	—	—	—	—	6,576	6,576
ESOP shares committed to be released (150 shares)	—	—	(403)	—	1,459	—	1,056
Issuance of stock under stock benefit plans	238	2	(2)	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	1,716	—	—	—	1,716
Cancellation of shares issued for restricted stock awards	(76)	—	(415)	—	—	—	(415)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.33 per common share)	—	—	—	(20,955)	—	—	(20,955)
<b>Balance - March 31, 2026</b>	<u>64,739</u>	<u>\$ 648</u>	<u>\$ 495,442</u>	<u>\$ 349,881</u>	<u>\$ (17,511)</u>	<u>\$ (65,428)</u>	<u>\$ 763,032</u>

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(In Thousands, Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 29,092	\$ 19,306
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment	3,024	3,307
Net accretion of yield adjustments	(558)	(1,107)
Deferred income taxes	1,585	13
Realized mark to market gain on hedge	(63)	—
Amortization of intangible assets	355	377
Net change in benefit plan accrued expense	(107)	61
Provision for credit losses	876	581
Loans originated for sale	(92,354)	(81,447)
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans held-for-sale	86,718	81,912
Gain on sale of mortgage loans held-for-sale, net	(616)	(616)
Realized (gain) loss on disposition of premises and equipment	(1,753)	22
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(8,045)	(7,756)
ESOP and stock-based compensation expense	2,772	2,261
(Increase) decrease in interest receivable	(206)	1,000
Decrease in other assets	7,215	5,001
Decrease in interest payable	(1,577)	(3,980)
Decrease in other liabilities	(2,616)	(2,252)
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>	<b>23,742</b>	<b>16,683</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</b>		
Purchases of:		
Investment securities available for sale	(198,073)	(58,852)
Investment securities held to maturity	(180)	(240)
Proceeds from:		
Repayments/calls/maturities of investment securities available for sale	243,190	146,788
Repayments/calls/maturities of investment securities held to maturity	9,723	11,025
Purchase of loans	(104,959)	(730)
Net decrease (increase) in loans receivable	136,000	(101,897)
Purchase of interest rate contracts	(1,274)	(2,729)
Additions to premises and equipment	(1,039)	(2,597)
Proceeds from death benefit of bank owned life insurance	935	2,001
Proceeds from cash settlement of premises and equipment	3,932	16
Purchase of FHLB stock	(29,344)	(38,511)
Redemption of FHLB stock	37,868	56,550
<b>Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities</b>	<b>96,779</b>	<b>10,824</b>

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)**  
(In Thousands, Unaudited)

	<b>Nine Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2026</b>	<b>2025</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>		
Net increase in deposits	53,867	549,240
Repayment of term FHLB advances	(2,701,500)	(3,161,000)
Proceeds from term FHLB advances and other borrowings	2,495,000	2,755,000
Net increase (decrease) in other short-term borrowings	10,000	(90,000)
Net increase in advance payments by borrowers for taxes	—	2,572
Cancellation of shares repurchased on vesting to pay taxes	(415)	(349)
Dividends paid	(20,906)	(20,739)
<b>Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities</b>	<b>(163,954)</b>	<b>34,724</b>
<b>Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(43,433)</b>	<b>62,231</b>
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning</b>	<b>167,269</b>	<b>63,864</b>
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending</b>	<b>\$ 123,836</b>	<b>\$ 126,095</b>
<b>Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information:</b>		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 6,292	\$ 3,517
Interest	\$ 128,997	\$ 148,951
<b>Non-cash investing and financing activities:</b>		
Transfer of premises to held-for-sale	\$ 283	\$ —

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)**

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Principles of Consolidation**

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Kearny Financial Corp. (the “Company”), its wholly-owned subsidiary, Kearny Bank (the “Bank”) and the Bank’s wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company conducts its business principally through the Bank. Management prepared the unaudited consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”), including the elimination of all significant inter-company accounts and transactions during consolidation.

**Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with instructions for Form 10-Q and Regulation S-X and do not include the information or footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial condition, income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders’ equity and cash flows in conformity with GAAP. However, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the unaudited consolidated financial statements have been included. The results of operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire fiscal year or any other period.

The data in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition at June 30, 2025 was derived from the Company’s 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K. That data, along with the interim unaudited financial information presented in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, Income, Comprehensive Income, Changes in Stockholders’ Equity and Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, included in the Company’s 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to U.S. GAAP and to general practice within the financial services industry. A discussion of these policies can be found in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, included in the Company’s 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes to the Company’s significant accounting policies since June 30, 2025.

**2. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The Company has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to the statement of financial condition date of March 31, 2026, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed in these consolidated financial statements (unaudited). The evaluation was conducted through the date this document was filed.

On April 22, 2026, the Company declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.11 per share, payable on May 20, 2026 to stockholders of record as of May 6, 2026.

**3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

**Accounting Standards Issued Not Yet Adopted**

In November 2024, and as amended in January 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40)*, which requires improved disclosures about a public business entity’s expenses, including more detailed information about the types of expenses in commonly presented expense captions. The amendments in this update are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, although early adoption is permitted.

In January 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-01, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Clarifying the Effective Date*. This ASU amends the effective date of ASU 2024-03 to clarify that all public business entities are required to adopt the guidance in annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted. Adoption of ASU 2024-03 and ASU 2025-01 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-06, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software*. This ASU clarifies the threshold entities apply to begin capitalizing costs and removes all references to project stages in ASC Subtopic 350-40. ASU No. 2025-06 is effective for all entities

for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual reporting period.

In November 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-08, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Purchased Loans*, which requires certain acquired loans (excluding credit cards) to be recorded at purchase price plus an allowance for expected credit losses (the “gross-up” approach). The amendments introduce the concept of purchased seasoned loans and align their accounting with purchased credit-deteriorated assets. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, including interim periods, with early adoption permitted. The Company expects the amendments to affect the accounting for loans acquired in future business combinations or asset acquisitions.

#### 4. SECURITIES

The following tables present the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and estimated fair values for available for sale securities and the amortized cost, gross unrecognized gains and losses and estimated fair values for held to maturity securities as of the dates indicated:

	March 31, 2026				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Allowance for Credit Losses	Fair Value
	(In Thousands)				
<b>Available for sale:</b>					
<b>Debt securities:</b>					
Asset-backed securities	\$ 55,703	\$ 28	\$ 550	\$ —	\$ 55,181
Collateralized loan obligations	226,167	435	506	—	226,096
Corporate bonds	161,538	1,003	4,419	—	158,122
<b>Total debt securities</b>	<b>443,408</b>	<b>1,466</b>	<b>5,475</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>439,399</b>
<b>Mortgage-backed securities:</b>					
Collateralized mortgage obligations <sup>(1)</sup>	24,894	—	154	—	24,740
Residential pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	462,345	464	73,490	—	389,319
Commercial pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	149,512	444	20,089	—	129,867
<b>Total mortgage-backed securities</b>	<b>636,751</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>93,733</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>543,926</b>
<b>Total securities available for sale</b>	<b>\$ 1,080,159</b>	<b>\$ 2,374</b>	<b>\$ 99,208</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 983,325</b>

(1) Government-sponsored enterprises.

	June 30, 2025				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Allowance for Credit Losses	Fair Value
	(In Thousands)				
<b>Available for sale:</b>					
<b>Debt securities:</b>					
Asset-backed securities	\$ 60,255	\$ 59	\$ 816	\$ —	\$ 59,498
Collateralized loan obligations	322,407	956	118	—	323,245
Corporate bonds	149,550	235	9,668	—	140,117
<b>Total debt securities</b>	<b>532,212</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>10,602</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>522,860</b>
<b>Mortgage-backed securities:</b>					
Residential pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	440,168	329	83,178	—	357,319
Commercial pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	152,731	436	20,377	—	132,790
<b>Total mortgage-backed securities</b>	<b>592,899</b>	<b>765</b>	<b>103,555</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>490,109</b>
<b>Total securities available for sale</b>	<b>\$ 1,125,111</b>	<b>\$ 2,015</b>	<b>\$ 114,157</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 1,012,969</b>

(1) Government-sponsored enterprises.

	March 31, 2026				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrecognized Gains	Gross Unrecognized Losses	Allowance for Credit Losses	Fair Value
	(In Thousands)				
<b>Held to maturity:</b>					
<b>Debt securities:</b>					
Obligations of state and political subdivisions	\$ 5,666	\$ —	\$ 29	\$ —	\$ 5,637
<b>Total debt securities</b>	<b>5,666</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5,637</b>
<b>Mortgage-backed securities:</b>					
Residential pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	92,758	290	10,476	—	82,572
Commercial pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	12,157	—	1,288	—	10,869
<b>Total mortgage-backed securities</b>	<b>104,915</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>11,764</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>93,441</b>
<b>Total securities held to maturity</b>	<b>\$ 110,581</b>	<b>\$ 290</b>	<b>\$ 11,793</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 99,078</b>

(1) Government-sponsored enterprises.

	June 30, 2025				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrecognized Gains	Gross Unrecognized Losses	Allowance for Credit Losses	Fair Value
	(In Thousands)				
<b>Held to maturity:</b>					
<b>Debt securities:</b>					
Obligations of state and political subdivisions	\$ 7,553	\$ 1	\$ 74	\$ —	\$ 7,480
<b>Total debt securities</b>	<u>7,553</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>7,480</u>
<b>Mortgage-backed securities:</b>					
Residential pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	100,482	102	12,024	—	88,560
Commercial pass-through securities <sup>(1)</sup>	12,182	—	1,510	—	10,672
<b>Total mortgage-backed securities</b>	<u>112,664</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>13,534</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>99,232</u>
<b>Total securities held to maturity</b>	<u>\$ 120,217</u>	<u>\$ 103</u>	<u>\$ 13,608</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 106,712</u>

(1) Government-sponsored enterprises.

Excluding the balances of mortgage-backed securities, the following tables present the amortized cost and estimated fair values of debt securities available for sale and held to maturity, by contractual maturity, at March 31, 2026:

	March 31, 2026	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
	(In Thousands)	
<b>Available for sale debt securities:</b>		
Due in one year or less	\$ —	\$ —
Due after one year through five years	34,152	33,766
Due after five years through ten years	240,885	238,300
Due after ten years	168,371	167,333
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 443,408</u>	<u>\$ 439,399</u>
<b>Held to maturity debt securities:</b>		
Due in one year or less	\$ 3,978	\$ 3,966
Due after one year through five years	1,688	1,671
Due after five years through ten years	—	—
Due after ten years	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 5,666</u>	<u>\$ 5,637</u>

The carrying value of securities pledged were as follows as of the dates presented below:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
	(In Thousands)	
<b>Securities pledged:</b>		
Pledged to secure public funds on deposit	\$ 125,047	\$ 475,234
Pledged for potential borrowings at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York	—	66,811
<b>Total carrying value of securities pledged</b>	<u>\$ 125,047</u>	<u>\$ 542,045</u>

The following tables present the gross unrealized losses on securities and the estimated fair value of the related securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position within the available for sale portfolio at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

	March 31, 2026						
	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More		Number of Securities	Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
	(Dollars in Thousands)						
<b>Securities Available for Sale:</b>							
Asset-backed securities	\$ 1,981	\$ 9	\$ 43,964	\$ 541	7	\$ 45,945	\$ 550
Collateralized loan obligations	157,295	502	8,405	4	14	165,700	506
Corporate bonds	15,989	36	95,630	4,383	20	111,619	4,419
Collateralized mortgage obligations	24,740	154	—	—	1	24,740	154
Commercial pass-through securities	—	—	107,248	20,089	7	107,248	20,089
Residential pass-through securities	48,514	392	302,720	73,098	95	351,234	73,490
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 248,519</b>	<b>\$ 1,093</b>	<b>\$ 557,967</b>	<b>\$ 98,115</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>\$ 806,486</b>	<b>\$ 99,208</b>

	June 30, 2025						
	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More		Number of Securities	Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
	(Dollars in Thousands)						
<b>Securities Available for Sale:</b>							
Asset-backed securities	\$ 29,860	\$ 493	\$ 18,526	\$ 323	7	\$ 48,386	\$ 816
Collateralized loan obligations	105,251	82	14,964	36	8	120,215	118
Corporate bonds	1,987	38	112,395	9,630	22	114,382	9,668
Commercial pass-through securities	—	—	109,817	20,377	7	109,817	20,377
Residential pass-through securities	21,942	109	314,871	83,069	99	336,813	83,178
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 159,040</b>	<b>\$ 722</b>	<b>\$ 570,573</b>	<b>\$ 113,435</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>\$ 729,613</b>	<b>\$ 114,157</b>

Available for sale securities are evaluated to determine if a decline in fair value below the amortized cost basis has resulted from a credit loss or from other factors. An impairment related to credit factors would be recorded through an allowance for credit losses. The allowance is limited to the amount by which the security's amortized cost basis exceeds the fair value. An impairment that has not been recorded through an allowance for credit losses shall be recorded through other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes. Investment securities will be written down to fair value through the Consolidated Statement of Income if management intends to sell, or may be required to sell, the securities before they recover in value. The issuers of these securities continue to make timely principal and interest payments and none of these securities were past due or were placed in nonaccrual status at March 31, 2026. The Company also monitors the credit quality of the issuers through credit ratings from various rating agencies. Credit ratings express opinions about the credit quality of a security and are utilized by the Company to make informed decisions. Management believes that the unrealized losses on these securities are a function of changes in market interest rates and credit spreads, not changes in credit quality. No allowance for credit losses was recorded at March 31, 2026 on available for sale securities.

At March 31, 2026, the held to maturity securities portfolio consisted of agency mortgage-backed securities and obligations of state and political subdivisions. The mortgage-backed securities are issued by U.S. government agencies and are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. The obligations of state and political subdivisions in the portfolio are highly rated by major rating agencies and have a long history of no credit losses. The Company regularly monitors the obligations of state and political subdivisions sector of the market and reviews collectability including such factors as the financial condition of the issuers as well as credit ratings in effect as of the reporting period. No allowance for credit losses was recorded at March 31, 2026 on held to maturity securities.

As of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, there were no holdings of debt securities of any one issuer, other than U.S. government sponsored entities and agencies, in an amount greater than 10% of stockholders' equity.

## 5. LOANS RECEIVABLE

The following table sets forth the composition of the Company's loan portfolio at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
	(In Thousands)	
<b>Commercial loans:</b>		
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 2,555,001	\$ 2,709,654
Nonresidential mortgage	1,012,422	986,556
Commercial business	201,277	138,755
Construction	207,765	177,713
<b>Total commercial loans</b>	<b>3,976,465</b>	<b>4,012,678</b>
<b>One- to four-family residential mortgage</b>	<b>1,741,023</b>	<b>1,748,591</b>
<b>Consumer loans:</b>		
Home equity loans	61,379	50,737
Other consumer	2,377	2,533
<b>Total consumer loans</b>	<b>63,756</b>	<b>53,270</b>
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>5,781,244</b>	<b>5,814,539</b>
Unaccrued yield adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>	(2,063)	(1,602)
<b>Total loans receivable, net of yield adjustments</b>	<b>\$ 5,779,181</b>	<b>\$ 5,812,937</b>

(1) At March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, included a fair value adjustment to the carrying amount of hedged one- to four-family residential mortgage loans.

### Past Due Loans

Past due status is based on the contractual payment terms of the loans. The following tables present the payment status of past due loans as of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, by loan segment:

	Payment Status March 31, 2026					
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	90 Days and Over	Total Past Due	Current	Total
	(In Thousands)					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ 1,521	\$ 30,822	\$ 32,343	\$ 2,522,658	\$ 2,555,001
Nonresidential mortgage	896	461	4,917	6,274	1,006,148	1,012,422
Commercial business	37	—	259	296	200,981	201,277
Construction	—	—	2,755	2,755	205,010	207,765
One- to four-family residential mortgage	2,964	141	4,039	7,144	1,733,879	1,741,023
Home equity loans	204	113	106	423	60,956	61,379
Other consumer	—	—	—	—	2,377	2,377
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 4,101</b>	<b>\$ 2,236</b>	<b>\$ 42,898</b>	<b>\$ 49,235</b>	<b>\$ 5,732,009</b>	<b>\$ 5,781,244</b>

	Payment Status June 30, 2025					
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	90 Days and Over	Total Past Due	Current	Total
	(In Thousands)					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ 5,270	\$ 22,218	\$ 27,488	\$ 2,682,166	\$ 2,709,654
Nonresidential mortgage	926	—	4,937	5,863	980,693	986,556
Commercial business	—	400	1,301	1,701	137,054	138,755
Construction	—	—	—	—	177,713	177,713
One- to four-family residential mortgage	1,350	2,890	3,643	7,883	1,740,708	1,748,591
Home equity loans	176	96	204	476	50,261	50,737
Other consumer	—	—	—	—	2,533	2,533
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 2,452</b>	<b>\$ 8,656</b>	<b>\$ 32,303</b>	<b>\$ 43,411</b>	<b>\$ 5,771,128</b>	<b>\$ 5,814,539</b>

## Nonperforming Loans

Loans are generally placed on nonaccrual status when contractual payments become 90 or more days past due or when the Company does not expect to receive all principal and interest payments owed substantially in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement, regardless of past due status. Loans that become 90 days or more past due, but are well secured and in the process of collection, may remain on accrual status. Nonaccrual loans are generally returned to accrual status when all payments due are brought current and the Company expects to receive all remaining principal and interest payments owed substantially in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement. Payments received in cash on nonaccrual loans, including both the principal and interest portions of those payments, are generally applied to reduce the carrying value of the loan. The Company did not recognize interest income on non-accrual loans during the nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025.

The following tables present information relating to the Company's nonperforming loans as of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

	Performance Status March 31, 2026					
	90 Days and Over Past Due Accruing	Nonaccrual Loans with Allowance for Credit Losses	Nonaccrual Loans with no Allowance for Credit Losses	Total Nonperforming	Performing	Total
	(In Thousands)					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ 8,802	\$ 29,314	\$ 38,116	\$ 2,516,885	\$ 2,555,001
Nonresidential mortgage	—	—	5,679	5,679	1,006,743	1,012,422
Commercial business	—	206	330	536	200,741	201,277
Construction	—	—	2,755	2,755	205,010	207,765
One- to four-family residential mortgage	—	1,232	3,864	5,096	1,735,927	1,741,023
Home equity loans	—	83	114	197	61,182	61,379
Other consumer	—	—	—	—	2,377	2,377
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 10,323</b>	<b>\$ 42,056</b>	<b>\$ 52,379</b>	<b>\$ 5,728,865</b>	<b>\$ 5,781,244</b>

	Performance Status June 30, 2025					
	90 Days and Over Past Due Accruing	Nonaccrual Loans with Allowance for Credit Losses	Nonaccrual Loans with no Allowance for Credit Losses	Total Nonperforming	Performing	Total
	(In Thousands)					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ 15,867	\$ 14,990	\$ 30,857	\$ 2,678,797	\$ 2,709,654
Nonresidential mortgage	—	—	5,763	5,763	980,793	986,556
Commercial business	—	1,930	293	2,223	136,532	138,755
Construction	—	—	—	—	177,713	177,713
One- to four-family residential mortgage	—	2,862	3,688	6,550	1,742,041	1,748,591
Home equity loans	—	188	16	204	50,533	50,737
Other consumer	—	—	—	—	2,533	2,533
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 20,847</b>	<b>\$ 24,750</b>	<b>\$ 45,597</b>	<b>\$ 5,768,942</b>	<b>\$ 5,814,539</b>

## Loan Modifications Made to Borrowers Experiencing Financial Difficulty

The following table presents the amortized cost basis at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 of loan modifications made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty that were restructured during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, by type of modification:

**Three Months Ended March 31, 2026**

	<u>Payment Delay</u>	<u>Term Extension</u>	<u>Payment Delay, Term Extension, and Interest Rate Reductions</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Percent of Total Class</u>
	(Dollars In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24,678	\$ 24,678	0.97 %
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 24,678</u>	<u>\$ 24,678</u>	

**Nine Months Ended March 31, 2026**

	<u>Payment Delay</u>	<u>Term Extension</u>	<u>Payment Delay, Term Extension, and Interest Rate Reductions</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Percent of Total Class</u>
	(Dollars In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 2,413	\$ —	\$ 24,678	\$ 27,091	1.06 %
Commercial business	716	—	—	716	0.36 %
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 3,129</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 24,678</u>	<u>\$ 27,807</u>	

**Three Months Ended March 31, 2025**

	<u>Payment Delay</u>	<u>Term Extension</u>	<u>Payment Delay, Term Extension, and Interest Rate Reductions</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Percent of Total Class</u>
	(Dollars In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 7,137	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 7,137	0.26 %
Commercial business	44	—	—	44	0.03 %
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 7,181</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 7,181</u>	

**Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025**

	<u>Payment Delay</u>	<u>Term Extension</u>	<u>Payment Delay, Term Extension, and Interest Rate Reductions</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Percent of Total Class</u>
	(Dollars In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 31,181	\$ —	\$ 2,606	\$ 33,787	1.24 %
Nonresidential mortgage	173	—	—	173	0.02 %
Commercial business	44	—	—	44	0.03 %
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 31,398</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 2,606</u>	<u>\$ 34,004</u>	

No modifications involved forgiveness of principal for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, respectively. At March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, there were no commitments to lend additional funds to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty whose terms have been restructured.

Of the loans restructured during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, there were no subsequent defaults as of March 31, 2026. For restructured loans, a subsequent payment default is defined in terms of delinquency, when a principal or interest payment is 90 days past due or classified into non-accrual status during the reporting period.

The following table presents the performance status of the loans that were modified in the last twelve months to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties:

	March 31, 2026				
	Current	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Non-Accrual
	(Dollars In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 30,369	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,277
Commercial business	716	—	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 31,085</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 3,277</b>

  

	June 30, 2025				
	Current	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Non-Accrual
	(Dollars In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 22,571	\$ 2,582	\$ 8,564	\$ 11,146	\$ 14,515
Nonresidential mortgage	169	—	—	—	169
Commercial business	44	—	—	—	44
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 22,784</b>	<b>\$ 2,582</b>	<b>\$ 8,564</b>	<b>\$ 11,146</b>	<b>\$ 14,728</b>

### Individually Analyzed Loans

Individually analyzed loans include loans which do not share similar risk characteristics with other loans. Loans previously modified as TDRs and loan modifications made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty are generally evaluated for individual impairment. However, after a period of sustained repayment performance which permits the credit to be returned to accrual status, the loans are generally removed from individual impairment analysis and returned to its corresponding pool. As of March 31, 2026, the carrying value of individually analyzed loans, including loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality that were individually analyzed, totaled \$52.4 million, of which \$46.0 million were considered collateral dependent.

For collateral dependent loans where management has determined that foreclosure of the collateral is probable, or where the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty and repayment of the loan is to be provided substantially through the operation or sale of the collateral, the allowance for credit losses is measured based on the difference between the fair value of the collateral, less costs to sell, and the amortized cost basis of the loan as of the measurement date. See Note 12 for additional disclosure regarding fair value of individually analyzed collateral dependent loans.

The following table presents the carrying value and related allowance of collateral dependent individually analyzed loans at the dates indicated:

	March 31, 2026		June 30, 2025	
	Carrying Value	Related Allowance	Carrying Value	Related Allowance
	(In Thousands)			
<b>Commercial loans:</b>				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 37,972	\$ 886	\$ 30,808	\$ 1,377
Nonresidential mortgage <sup>(1)</sup>	4,697	—	4,697	—
Commercial business <sup>(2)</sup>	53	—	—	—
Construction	2,755	—	—	—
<b>Total commercial loans</b>	<b>45,477</b>	<b>886</b>	<b>35,505</b>	<b>1,377</b>
One- to four-family residential mortgage <sup>(2)</sup>	516	—	2,264	—
<b>Consumer loans:</b>				
Home equity loans <sup>(2)</sup>	14	—	16	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 46,007</b>	<b>\$ 886</b>	<b>\$ 37,785</b>	<b>\$ 1,377</b>

(1) Secured by income-producing nonresidential property.

(2) Secured by one- to four-family residential properties.

## Credit Quality Indicators

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually to classify the loans as to credit risk. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

**Pass** – Loans that are well protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor (or guarantors, if any) or by the fair value, less cost to acquire and sell, of any underlying collateral in a timely manner.

**Special Mention** – Loans which do not currently expose the Company to a sufficient degree of risk to warrant an adverse classification but have some credit deficiencies or other potential weaknesses.

**Substandard** – Loans which are inadequately protected by the paying capacity and net worth of the obligor or the collateral pledged, if any. Substandard assets include those characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

**Doubtful** – Loans which have all of the weaknesses inherent in those classified as Substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses present make collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values.

**Loss** – Loans which are considered uncollectible or of so little value that their continuance as assets is not warranted.

The following table presents the risk category of loans and current period gross charge-offs as of March 31, 2026 by loan segment and vintage year:

Term Loans by Origination Year for Fiscal Years ended June 30,								
	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	Prior	Revolving Loans	Total
(In Thousands)								
<b>Multi-family mortgage:</b>								
Pass	\$ 19,035	\$ 143,550	\$ 26,219	\$ 574,744	\$ 881,707	\$ 839,116	\$ —	\$ 2,484,371
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	—	—	1,523	69,107	—	70,630
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total multi-family mortgage	19,035	143,550	26,219	574,744	883,230	908,223	—	2,555,001
Multi-family current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	1,195	—	1,195
<b>Nonresidential mortgage:</b>								
Pass	89,420	129,491	80,291	95,265	186,135	420,212	50	1,000,864
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	764	—	764
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	10,794	—	10,794
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total nonresidential mortgage	89,420	129,491	80,291	95,265	186,135	431,770	50	1,012,422
Nonresidential current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	5
<b>Commercial business:</b>								
Pass	75,609	16,576	7,307	4,755	15,110	16,689	61,056	197,102
Special Mention	—	—	716	—	2,664	105	—	3,485
Substandard	—	83	—	—	—	607	—	690
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total commercial business	75,609	16,659	8,023	4,755	17,774	17,401	61,056	201,277
Commercial current period gross charge-offs	—	—	400	—	—	814	—	1,214
<b>Construction loans:</b>								
Pass	31,171	85,586	78,642	—	1,129	2,747	5,735	205,010
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	2,755	—	2,755
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total construction loans	31,171	85,586	78,642	—	1,129	5,502	5,735	207,765
Construction current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Residential mortgage:</b>								
Pass	123,509	125,639	133,838	166,643	395,716	783,262	139	1,728,746
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	330	—	330
Substandard	—	—	962	1,636	510	8,839	—	11,947
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total residential mortgage	123,509	125,639	134,800	168,279	396,226	792,431	139	1,741,023
Residential current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	47	—	47
<b>Home equity loans:</b>								
Pass	—	393	1,402	4,034	1,445	6,710	46,905	60,889
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	188	—	83	129	90	490
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total home equity loans	—	393	1,590	4,034	1,528	6,839	46,995	61,379
Home equity current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	11
<b>Other consumer loans</b>								
Pass	362	283	244	185	63	1,135	27	2,299
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	2	76	78
Other consumer loans	362	283	244	185	63	1,137	103	2,377
Other consumer current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 339,106</b>	<b>\$ 501,601</b>	<b>\$ 329,809</b>	<b>\$ 847,262</b>	<b>\$ 1,486,085</b>	<b>\$ 2,163,303</b>	<b>\$ 114,078</b>	<b>\$ 5,781,244</b>
<b>Total current period gross charge-offs</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 400</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 2,072</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 2,472</b>

The following table presents the risk category of loans and gross charge-offs as of June 30, 2025 by loan segment and vintage year:

	Term Loans by Origination Year for Fiscal Years ended June 30,						Revolving Loans	Total
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	Prior		
	(In Thousands)							
Multi-family mortgage:								
Pass	\$ 146,525	\$ 26,430	\$ 591,647	\$ 939,414	\$ 219,907	\$ 720,674	\$ —	\$ 2,644,597
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	—	—	11,830	53,227	—	65,057
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total multi-family mortgage	146,525	26,430	591,647	939,414	231,737	773,901	—	2,709,654
Multi-family current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonresidential mortgage:								
Pass	132,407	81,426	102,965	190,781	107,519	352,364	49	967,511
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	945	6,187	—	7,132
Substandard	—	—	—	—	851	11,062	—	11,913
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total nonresidential mortgage	132,407	81,426	102,965	190,781	109,315	369,613	49	986,556
Nonresidential current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	830	—	830
Commercial business:								
Pass	23,729	9,355	5,718	20,915	14,264	7,608	53,647	135,236
Special Mention	—	—	—	1,043	125	—	—	1,168
Substandard	87	400	—	—	—	1,735	129	2,351
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total commercial business	23,816	9,755	5,718	21,958	14,389	9,343	53,776	138,755
Commercial current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	295	—	295
Construction loans:								
Pass	41,990	85,712	—	979	8,991	3,362	5,735	146,769
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	5,950	—	—	5,950
Substandard	—	4,500	—	—	20,494	—	—	24,994
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total construction loans	41,990	90,212	—	979	35,435	3,362	5,735	177,713
Construction current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Residential mortgage:								
Pass	138,854	160,333	174,947	410,255	432,804	417,105	5	1,734,303
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	687	—	687
Substandard	—	299	1,459	773	799	10,271	—	13,601
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total residential mortgage	138,854	160,632	176,406	411,028	433,603	428,063	5	1,748,591
Residential current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2
Home equity loans:								
Pass	800	1,690	4,606	1,648	302	7,612	33,553	50,211
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	96	96
Substandard	—	96	—	83	—	180	71	430
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total home equity loans	800	1,786	4,606	1,731	302	7,792	33,720	50,737
Home equity current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2
Other consumer loans								
Pass	605	343	189	86	236	976	26	2,461
Special Mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	72	72
Other consumer loans	605	343	189	86	236	976	98	2,533
Other consumer current period gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	7
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 484,997</b>	<b>\$ 370,584</b>	<b>\$ 881,531</b>	<b>\$ 1,565,977</b>	<b>\$ 825,017</b>	<b>\$ 1,593,050</b>	<b>\$ 93,383</b>	<b>\$ 5,814,539</b>
<b>Total current period gross charge-offs</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 1,136</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 1,136</b>

## Mortgage Loans in Foreclosure

The Company may obtain physical possession of real estate collateralizing mortgage loans through foreclosure or in-substance repossession. Such real estate may include one- to four-family residential properties securing residential mortgage loans and nonresidential properties securing nonresidential mortgage loans.

As of March 31, 2026, the Company held no residential or nonresidential real estate classified as other real estate owned (“OREO”) that was acquired through foreclosure. At that date, the Company had three residential mortgage loans with aggregate carrying values totaling \$842,000, and 13 commercial mortgage loans with aggregate carrying values totaling \$35.4 million, that were in the process of foreclosure.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company likewise held no residential or nonresidential OREO acquired through foreclosure. At that date, the Company held three residential mortgage loans with aggregate carrying values totaling \$2.2 million and six commercial mortgage loans with aggregate carrying values totaling \$23.7 million, that were in the process of foreclosure.

## 6. ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

### Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans Receivable

The following tables present the balance of the allowance for credit losses at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025. The balance of the allowance for credit losses is based on an expected loss methodology, referred to as the “CECL” methodology. The tables identify the valuation allowances attributable to specifically identified impairments on individually analyzed loans, including those acquired with deteriorated credit quality, as well as valuation allowances for impairments on loans collectively evaluated. The tables include the underlying balance of loans receivable applicable to each category as of those dates.

Allowance for Credit Losses March 31, 2026					
	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality individually analyzed	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality collectively evaluated	Loans individually analyzed	Loans collectively evaluated	Total allowance for credit losses
(In Thousands)					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 886	\$ 22,164	\$ 23,050
Nonresidential mortgage	—	15	—	7,787	7,802
Commercial business	—	6	45	2,567	2,618
Construction	—	—	—	1,437	1,437
One- to four-family residential mortgage	—	83	25	9,109	9,217
Home equity loans	—	—	—	499	499
Other consumer	—	—	—	100	100
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 104</b>	<b>\$ 956</b>	<b>\$ 43,663</b>	<b>\$ 44,723</b>

Balance of Loans Receivable March 31, 2026					
	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality individually analyzed	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality collectively evaluated	Loans individually analyzed	Loans collectively evaluated	Total loans
(In Thousands)					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 38,116	\$ 2,516,885	\$ 2,555,001
Nonresidential mortgage	219	1,012	5,460	1,005,731	1,012,422
Commercial business	—	711	536	200,030	201,277
Construction	—	5,735	2,755	199,275	207,765
One- to four-family residential mortgage	554	3,418	4,542	1,732,509	1,741,023
Home equity loans	9	—	188	61,182	61,379
Other consumer	—	—	—	2,377	2,377
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 782</b>	<b>\$ 10,876</b>	<b>\$ 51,597</b>	<b>\$ 5,717,989</b>	<b>\$ 5,781,244</b>
Unaccrued yield adjustments					(2,063)
<b>Loans receivable, net of yield adjustments</b>					<b>\$ 5,779,181</b>

**Allowance for Credit Losses  
June 30, 2025**

	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality individually analyzed	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality collectively evaluated	Loans individually analyzed	Loans collectively evaluated	Total allowance for credit losses
	(In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,377	\$ 23,529	\$ 24,906
Nonresidential mortgage	—	20	—	6,918	6,938
Commercial business	—	23	971	1,434	2,428
Construction	—	—	—	1,155	1,155
One- to four-family residential mortgage	34	87	60	9,999	10,180
Home equity loans	11	—	32	447	490
Other consumer	—	—	—	94	94
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 45</b>	<b>\$ 130</b>	<b>\$ 2,440</b>	<b>\$ 43,576</b>	<b>\$ 46,191</b>

**Balance of Loans Receivable  
June 30, 2025**

	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality individually analyzed	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality collectively evaluated	Loans individually analyzed	Loans collectively evaluated	Total loans
	(In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 30,857	\$ 2,678,797	\$ 2,709,654
Nonresidential mortgage	240	1,405	5,523	979,388	986,556
Commercial business	—	1,093	2,223	135,439	138,755
Construction	—	5,735	—	171,978	177,713
One- to four-family residential mortgage	614	3,551	5,936	1,738,490	1,748,591
Home equity loans	21	—	183	50,533	50,737
Other consumer	—	—	—	2,533	2,533
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 875</b>	<b>\$ 11,784</b>	<b>\$ 44,722</b>	<b>\$ 5,757,158</b>	<b>\$ 5,814,539</b>
Unaccreted yield adjustments					(1,602)
<b>Loans receivable, net of yield adjustments</b>					<b>\$ 5,812,937</b>

The following tables present the activity in the allowance for credit losses on loans for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025.

**Changes in the Allowance for Credit Losses  
Three Months Ended March 31, 2026**

	Balance at December 31, 2025	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Balance at March 31, 2026
	(In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 24,171	\$ (540)	\$ —	\$ (581)	\$ 23,050
Nonresidential mortgage	7,871	—	—	(69)	7,802
Commercial business	1,984	(178)	73	739	2,618
Construction	1,284	—	—	153	1,437
One- to four-family residential mortgage	9,075	—	19	123	9,217
Home equity loans	466	—	—	33	499
Other consumer	107	—	—	(7)	100
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 44,958</b>	<b>\$ (718)</b>	<b>\$ 92</b>	<b>\$ 391</b>	<b>\$ 44,723</b>

**Changes in the Allowance for Credit Losses  
Nine Months Ended March 31, 2026**

	Balance at June 30, 2025	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Balance at March 31, 2026
	(In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 24,906	\$ (1,195)	\$ —	\$ (661)	\$ 23,050
Nonresidential mortgage	6,938	(5)	—	869	7,802
Commercial business	2,428	(1,214)	109	1,295	2,618
Construction	1,155	—	—	282	1,437
One- to four-family residential mortgage	10,180	(47)	19	(935)	9,217
Home equity loans	490	(11)	—	20	499
Other consumer	94	—	—	6	100
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 46,191</b>	<b>\$ (2,472)</b>	<b>\$ 128</b>	<b>\$ 876</b>	<b>\$ 44,723</b>

**Changes in the Allowance for Credit Losses  
Three Months Ended March 31, 2025**

	Balance at December 31, 2024	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Balance at March 31, 2025
	(In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 24,880	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (220)	\$ 24,660
Nonresidential mortgage	6,479	(332)	—	529	6,676
Commercial business	1,563	(40)	4	(10)	1,517
Construction	1,157	—	—	(34)	1,123
One- to four-family residential mortgage	9,855	—	—	103	9,958
Home equity loans	421	—	—	(4)	417
Other consumer	102	—	—	2	104
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 44,457</b>	<b>\$ (372)</b>	<b>\$ 4</b>	<b>\$ 366</b>	<b>\$ 44,455</b>

**Changes in the Allowance for Credit Losses  
Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025**

	Balance at June 30, 2024	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Balance at March 31, 2025
	(In Thousands)				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 24,125	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 535	\$ 24,660
Nonresidential mortgage	6,125	(830)	—	1,381	6,676
Commercial business	1,573	(242)	14	172	1,517
Construction	1,230	—	—	(107)	1,123
One- to four-family residential mortgage	11,461	(2)	2	(1,503)	9,958
Home equity loans	349	(2)	—	70	417
Other consumer	76	(5)	—	33	104
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>\$ 44,939</b>	<b>\$ (1,081)</b>	<b>\$ 16</b>	<b>\$ 581</b>	<b>\$ 44,455</b>

The allowance for credit losses on loans decreased from \$46.2 million at June 30, 2025 to \$44.7 million as of March 31, 2026. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in individually analyzed reserves on commercial and multi-family mortgage loans, resulting from net charge-offs, and a decrease in the balance of loans receivable, partially offset by quantitative and qualitative risk factor adjustments across different loan segments.

**Allowance for Credit Losses on Off Balance Sheet Commitments**

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for credit losses on off balance sheet commitments recorded in other non-interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In Thousands)			
<b>Balance at beginning of the period</b>	\$ 1,340	\$ 953	\$ 1,129	\$ 796
(Reversal of) provision for credit losses	(86)	37	125	194
<b>Balance at end of the period</b>	<u>\$ 1,254</u>	<u>\$ 990</u>	<u>\$ 1,254</u>	<u>\$ 990</u>

**7. DEPOSITS**

Deposits at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
	(In Thousands)	
Non-interest-bearing demand	\$ 631,506	\$ 582,045
Interest-bearing demand	2,375,565	2,362,222
Savings	763,016	754,376
Certificates of deposits	1,958,995	1,976,574
<b>Total deposits</b>	<u>\$ 5,729,082</u>	<u>\$ 5,675,217</u>

Certificates of deposits with balances of \$250,000 or more at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, totaled approximately \$1.0 billion in each period, respectively. The Bank's deposits are insurable to applicable limits by the FDIC.

Deposit balances at March 31, 2026 reflect a migration of \$69.8 million from a consumer interest bearing product to a non-interest bearing product as part of the Company's repricing strategy.

**8. BORROWINGS**

Borrowings at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
	(In Thousands)	
FHLB advances	\$ 900,000	\$ 1,106,491
<b>Total fixed-rate advances</b>	900,000	1,106,491
Overnight borrowings <sup>(1)</sup>	160,000	150,000
<b>Total borrowings</b>	<u>\$ 1,060,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,256,491</u>

(1) At March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 there were FHLB overnight line of credit borrowings of \$160.0 million and \$150.0 million, respectively.

Fixed rate advances from the FHLB of New York mature as follows:

	March 31, 2026		June 30, 2025	
	Balance	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Balance	Weighted Average Interest Rate
(Dollars in Thousands)				
<b>By remaining period to maturity:</b>				
Less than one year	\$ 700,000	3.82 %	\$ 906,500	4.44 %
One to two years	200,000	3.98 %	—	—
Two to three years	—	—	200,000	3.98 %
Three to four years	—	—	—	—
Four to five years	—	—	—	—
Greater than five years	—	—	—	—
<b>Total advances</b>	<b>900,000</b>	<b>3.86 %</b>	<b>1,106,500</b>	<b>4.36 %</b>
Unamortized fair value adjustments	—		(9)	
<b>Total advances, net of fair value adjustments</b>	<b>\$ 900,000</b>		<b>\$ 1,106,491</b>	

At March 31, 2026, FHLB advances and overnight line of credit borrowings were collateralized by the FHLB capital stock owned by the Bank and mortgage loans with carrying values of approximately \$2.87 billion. At June 30, 2025, such borrowings were collateralized by the FHLB capital stock owned by the Bank and mortgage loans with aggregate carrying values of approximately \$3.24 billion.

At March 31, 2026, the Company also maintained available secured borrowing capacity of \$2.45 billion with the FHLB and the Federal Reserve Discount Window, which was supported by pledged collateral with a book value of approximately \$4.5 billion.

## 9. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

### Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

The Company uses various financial instruments, including derivatives, to manage its exposure to interest rate risk. The Company's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of the Company's known or expected cash receipts and its known or expected cash payments principally related to specific wholesale funding positions and assets.

### Fair Values of Derivative Instruments on the Statement of Financial Condition

The tables below present the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the Statements of Financial Condition as of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

	March 31, 2026			
	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
	Location	Fair Value	Location	Fair Value
(In Thousands)				
<b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>				
Interest rate contracts	Other assets	\$ 8,602	Other liabilities	\$ 771
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 8,602</b>		<b>\$ 771</b>

  

	June 30, 2025			
	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
	Location	Fair Value	Location	Fair Value
(In Thousands)				
<b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>				
Interest rate contracts	Other assets	\$ 16,745	Other liabilities	\$ 5,149
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 16,745</b>		<b>\$ 5,149</b>

### Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company uses derivatives to add stability to interest expense and interest income and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. The Company has entered into interest rate swaps, interest rate caps and an interest rate floor as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. These interest rate products are designated as cash flow hedges. As of March 31, 2026, the Company had a total of 17 interest rate swaps, caps and collars with a total notional amount of \$1.95 billion hedging specific wholesale funding and deposits, and two interest rate floors with a notional amount of \$250.0 million hedging floating-rate available for sale securities.

For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative is recorded in other comprehensive income, net of tax, and subsequently reclassified into interest expense in the same period during which the hedged transaction affects earnings.

For cash flow hedges on the Company's wholesale funding positions and deposits, amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026, the Company reclassified a gain of \$2.9 million and \$12.4 million, respectively, as a reduction in interest expense. During the next twelve months, the Company estimates that \$2.7 million will be reclassified as a reduction in interest expense.

For cash flow hedges on the Company's assets, amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest income as interest payments are received on the Company's hedged variable rate assets. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026, the Company reclassified a gain of \$61,000 and \$176,000, respectively, to interest income. During the next twelve months, the Company estimates that \$232,000 will be reclassified as an increase in interest income.

The table below presents the pre-tax effects of the Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In Thousands)			
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in other comprehensive income	\$ 5,842	\$ (3,987)	\$ 6,602	\$ (5,759)
Amount of gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest expense	\$ 2,914	\$ 5,305	\$ 12,394	\$ 21,042
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest income	\$ 61	\$ 162	\$ 176	\$ (209)

### Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed-rate assets due to changes in benchmark interest rates. The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in fair value on these instruments attributable to changes in the designated benchmark interest rate. Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges involve the payment of fixed-rate amounts to a counterparty in exchange for the Company receiving variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. Such derivatives are used to hedge the changes in fair value of certain of its pools of fixed-rate assets. As of March 31, 2026, the Company had five interest rate swaps with a notional amount of \$675.0 million hedging fixed-rate residential mortgage loans.

For derivatives designated and that qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivatives as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in interest income.

The table below presents the effects of the Company's derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In Thousands)			
(Loss) gain on hedged items recorded in interest income on loans	\$ (3,073)	\$ 3,718	\$ (2,142)	\$ 9,908
Gain (loss) on hedges recorded in interest income on loans	\$ 3,122	\$ (2,666)	\$ 4,187	\$ (4,405)

As of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, the following amounts were recorded on the Statement of Financial Condition related to cumulative basis adjustment for fair value hedges:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
	(In Thousands)	
<b>Loans receivable:</b>		
Carrying amount of the hedged assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 675,595	\$ 777,737
Fair value hedging adjustment included in the carrying amount of the hedged assets	\$ 595	\$ 2,737

(1) This amount includes the amortized cost basis of the closed portfolios of loans receivable used to designate hedging relationships in which the hedged item is the stated amount of assets in the closed portfolios anticipated to be outstanding for the designated hedge period. At March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, the amortized cost basis of these closed portfolios used in these hedging relationships was \$1.09 billion and \$1.24 billion, respectively.

### Offsetting Derivatives

The tables below present a gross presentation, the effects of offsetting, and a net presentation of the Company's derivatives in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, respectively. The net amounts presented for derivative assets or liabilities can be reconciled to the tabular disclosure of fair value. The tabular disclosure of fair value provides the location that derivative assets and liabilities are presented on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

	March 31, 2026					
	Gross Amount Recognized	Gross Amounts Offset	Net Amounts Presented	Gross Amounts Not Offset		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received (Posted)	
	(In Thousands)					
<b>Assets:</b>						
Interest rate contracts	\$ 10,985	\$ (2,383)	\$ 8,602	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 8,602
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 10,985</u>	<u>\$ (2,383)</u>	<u>\$ 8,602</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 8,602</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>						
Interest rate contracts	\$ 3,154	\$ (2,383)	\$ 771	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 771
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 3,154</u>	<u>\$ (2,383)</u>	<u>\$ 771</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 771</u>
	June 30, 2025					
	Gross Amount Recognized	Gross Amounts Offset	Net Amounts Presented	Gross Amounts Not Offset		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received (Posted)	
	(In Thousands)					
<b>Assets:</b>						
Interest rate contracts	\$ 19,412	\$ (2,667)	\$ 16,745	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16,745
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 19,412</u>	<u>\$ (2,667)</u>	<u>\$ 16,745</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 16,745</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>						
Interest rate contracts	\$ 7,816	\$ (2,667)	\$ 5,149	\$ —	\$ (4,740)	\$ 409
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 7,816</u>	<u>\$ (2,667)</u>	<u>\$ 5,149</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (4,740)</u>	<u>\$ 409</u>

### Credit Risk-Related Contingent Features

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations and could be required to terminate its derivative positions with the counterparty. The Company also has agreements with its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Company fails to maintain its status as a well-capitalized institution, then the Company could be required to terminate its derivative positions with the counterparty. As of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, one of the Company's derivatives was in a net liability position.

As required under the enforceable master netting arrangement with its derivatives counterparties, at March 31, 2026 the Company was not required to post financial collateral. At June 30, 2025, the Company was required to post financial collateral of \$4.7 million, which is included in cash and cash equivalents on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

In addition to the derivative instruments noted above, the Company's pipeline of loans held for sale at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, included \$19.3 million and \$11.1 million, respectively, of in process loans whose terms included interest rate locks to borrowers, which are considered free-standing derivative instruments whose fair values are not material to the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

## 10. BENEFIT PLANS

### Components of Net Periodic Expense

The following table sets forth the aggregate net periodic benefit expense for the Bank's Benefit Equalization Plan, Postretirement Welfare Plan, Directors' Consultation and Retirement Plan, Atlas Bank Retirement Income Plan and Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,		Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income
	2026	2025	2026	2025	
	(In Thousands)				
Service cost	\$ 154	\$ 18	\$ 450	\$ 54	Salaries and employee benefits
Interest cost	108	97	316	277	Other expense
Accretion of unrecognized gain	(36)	(26)	(107)	(80)	Other expense
Expected return on assets	(22)	(23)	(67)	(68)	Other expense
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 204</u>	<u>\$ 66</u>	<u>\$ 592</u>	<u>\$ 183</u>	

### 2021 Equity Incentive Plan

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company did not grant any restricted stock units ("RSUs") and during the nine months ended March 31, 2026, the Company granted 484,802 RSUs comprised of 350,868 service-based RSUs and 133,934 performance-based RSUs. The service-based RSUs will vest in three tranches over a period of three years and the performance-based RSUs will cliff vest upon the achievement of performance measures over the three-year period ending June 30, 2028. The number of performance-based RSUs that will vest, if any, will depend on whether, and to what extent, the performance measures are achieved. Common stock will be issued from authorized shares upon the vesting of the RSUs.

## **11. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These might include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability or inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

### **Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Recurring Basis:**

The following methods and significant assumptions were used to estimate the fair values as of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

#### **Investment Securities Available for Sale**

The Company's available for sale investment securities are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. For these securities, the Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the securities' terms and conditions, among other things. From time to time, the Company validates prices supplied by the independent pricing service by comparison to prices obtained from third-party sources or derived using internal models.

#### **Derivatives**

The Company has contracted with a third party vendor to provide periodic valuations for its interest rate derivatives to determine the fair value of its interest rate contracts. The vendor utilizes standard valuation methodologies applicable to interest rate derivatives such as discounted cash flow analysis and extensions of the Black-Scholes model. Such valuations are based upon readily observable market data and are therefore considered Level 2 valuations by the Company.

Those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	March 31, 2026			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
	(In Thousands)			
<b>Assets:</b>				
Debt securities available for sale:				
Asset-backed securities	\$ —	\$ 55,181	\$ —	\$ 55,181
Collateralized loan obligations	—	226,096	—	226,096
Corporate bonds	—	158,122	—	158,122
Total debt securities	—	439,399	—	439,399
Mortgage-backed securities available for sale:				
Collateralized mortgage obligations	—	24,740	—	24,740
Residential pass-through securities	—	389,319	—	389,319
Commercial pass-through securities	—	129,867	—	129,867
Total mortgage-backed securities	—	543,926	—	543,926
Total securities available for sale	\$ —	\$ 983,325	\$ —	\$ 983,325
Interest rate contracts	\$ —	\$ 8,602	\$ —	\$ 8,602
Total assets	\$ —	\$ 991,927	\$ —	\$ 991,927
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Interest rate contracts	\$ —	\$ 771	\$ —	\$ 771
Total liabilities	\$ —	\$ 771	\$ —	\$ 771

	June 30, 2025			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
	(In Thousands)			
<b>Assets:</b>				
Debt securities available for sale:				
Asset-backed securities	\$ —	\$ 59,498	\$ —	\$ 59,498
Collateralized loan obligations	—	323,245	—	323,245
Corporate bonds	—	140,117	—	140,117
Total debt securities	—	522,860	—	522,860
Mortgage-backed securities available for sale:				
Residential pass-through securities	—	357,319	—	357,319
Commercial pass-through securities	—	132,790	—	132,790
Total mortgage-backed securities	—	490,109	—	490,109
Total securities available for sale	\$ —	\$ 1,012,969	\$ —	\$ 1,012,969
Interest rate contracts	\$ —	\$ 16,745	\$ —	\$ 16,745
Total assets	\$ —	\$ 1,029,714	\$ —	\$ 1,029,714
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Interest rate contracts	\$ —	\$ 5,149	\$ —	\$ 5,149
Total liabilities	\$ —	\$ 5,149	\$ —	\$ 5,149

#### Assets Measured on a Non-Recurring Basis:

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values of the Company's assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

#### Individually Analyzed Collateral Dependent Loans

The fair value of collateral dependent loans that are individually analyzed is determined based upon the appraised fair value of the underlying collateral, less costs to sell. Such collateral primarily consists of real estate and, to a lesser extent, other business assets. Management may also adjust appraised values to reflect estimated changes in market values or apply other adjustments to appraised values resulting from its knowledge of the collateral. Internal valuations may be utilized to determine the fair value of other business assets. For non-collateral-dependent loans, management estimates fair value using discounted cash flows based on inputs that are largely unobservable and instead reflect management's own estimates of the assumptions as a market participant would in pricing such loans. Individually analyzed collateral dependent loans are considered a Level 3 valuation by the Company.

Those assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized below:

	March 31, 2026			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
(In Thousands)				
<b>Collateral dependent loans:</b>				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 18,748	\$ 18,748
Nonresidential mortgage	—	—	4,697	4,697
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 23,445	\$ 23,445
	June 30, 2025			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
(In Thousands)				
<b>Collateral dependent loans:</b>				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16,385	\$ 16,385
Nonresidential mortgage	—	—	4,697	4,697
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 21,082	\$ 21,082

The following tables present additional quantitative information about assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis and for which the Company has utilized adjusted Level 3 inputs to determine fair value:

	March 31, 2026				
	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Input	Range	Weighted Average
(Dollars in Thousands)					
<b>Collateral dependent loans:</b>					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 18,748	Market valuation of underlying collateral	(1) Adjustments to reflect current conditions/selling costs	(2) 6.00% - 25.00%	12.63 %
Nonresidential mortgage	4,697	Market valuation of underlying collateral	(1) Adjustments to reflect current conditions/selling costs	(2) 9.31%	9.31 %
Total	\$ 23,445				
	June 30, 2025				
	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Input	Range	Weighted Average
(Dollars in Thousands)					
<b>Collateral dependent loans:</b>					
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 16,385	Market valuation of underlying collateral	(1) Adjustments to reflect current conditions/selling costs	(2) 6.00% - 24.00%	15.08 %
Nonresidential mortgage	4,697	Market valuation of underlying collateral	(1) Adjustments to reflect current conditions/selling costs	(2) 9.44%	9.44 %
Total	\$ 21,082				

(1) The fair value of collateral dependent loans is generally determined based on an independent appraisal of the fair value of a loan's underlying collateral.

(2) The fair value basis of collateral dependent loans is adjusted to reflect management's estimates of selling costs including, but not limited to, real estate brokerage commissions and title transfer fees.

At March 31, 2026, collateral dependent loans valued using Level 3 inputs comprised loans with principal balances totaling \$24.3 million and a valuation allowance of \$886,000 reflecting an aggregate fair value of \$23.4 million. By comparison, at June 30, 2025, collateral dependent loans valued using Level 3 inputs comprised loans with principal balances totaling \$22.5 million and a valuation allowance of \$1.4 million reflecting an aggregate fair value of \$21.1 million.

Once a loan is foreclosed, the fair value of the other real estate owned continues to be evaluated based upon the fair value of the repossessed real estate originally securing the loan. At March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, the Company had no other real estate owned assets, respectively.

The following tables present the carrying amount, fair value, and placement in the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

	March 31, 2026				
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
(In Thousands)					
<b>Financial assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 123,836	\$ 123,836	\$ 123,836	\$ —	\$ —
Investment securities available for sale	983,325	983,325	—	983,325	—
Investment securities held to maturity	110,581	99,078	—	99,078	—
Loans held-for-sale	12,183	12,140	—	12,140	—
Net loans receivable	5,734,458	5,418,266	—	—	5,418,266
FHLB Stock	55,737	—	—	—	—
Interest receivable	28,304	28,304	36	6,803	21,465
Interest rate contracts	8,602	8,602	—	8,602	—
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>					
Deposits other than certificates of deposits	3,770,087	3,770,087	3,770,087	—	—
Certificates of deposits	1,958,995	1,953,694	—	—	1,953,694
Borrowings	1,060,000	1,060,288	—	—	1,060,288
Interest payable on deposits	3,944	3,944	792	—	3,152
Interest payable on borrowings	3,193	3,193	—	—	3,193
Interest rate contracts	771	771	—	771	—

	June 30, 2025				
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	(In Thousands)				
<b>Financial assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 167,269	\$ 167,269	\$ 167,269	\$ —	\$ —
Investment securities available for sale	1,012,969	1,012,969	—	1,012,969	—
Investment securities held to maturity	120,217	106,712	—	106,712	—
Loans held-for-sale	5,931	6,069	—	6,069	—
Net loans receivable	5,766,746	5,309,760	—	—	5,309,760
FHLB Stock	64,261	—	—	—	—
Interest receivable	28,098	28,098	40	6,930	21,128
Interest rate contracts	16,745	16,745	—	16,745	—
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>					
Deposits other than certificates of deposits	3,698,643	3,698,643	3,698,643	—	—
Certificates of deposits	1,976,574	1,970,863	—	—	1,970,863
Borrowings	1,256,491	1,257,269	—	—	1,257,269
Interest payable on deposits	5,259	5,259	1,710	—	3,549
Interest payable on borrowings	3,455	3,455	—	—	3,455
Interest rate contracts	5,149	5,149	—	5,149	—

**Commitments.** The fair value of commitments to fund credit lines and originate or participate in loans held in portfolio or loans held for sale is estimated using fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present creditworthiness of the counterparties. For fixed rate loan commitments, including those relating to loans held for sale that are considered derivative instruments for financial statement reporting purposes, the fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest and the committed rates. The carrying value, represented by the net deferred fee arising from the unrecognized commitment, and the fair value, determined by discounting the remaining contractual fee over the term of the commitment using fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements with similar credit risk, is not considered material for disclosure.

**Limitations.** Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information and information about the financial instruments. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the entire holdings of a particular financial instrument. Because no fair value exists for a significant portion of the financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature, involve uncertainties and matters of judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

The fair value estimates are based on existing on-and-off balance sheet financial instruments without attempting to value anticipated future business and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments. Other significant assets and liabilities that are not considered financial assets and liabilities include premises and equipment, and advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance. In addition, the ramifications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in any of the estimates.

Finally, reasonable comparability between financial institutions may not be likely due to the wide range of permitted valuation techniques and numerous estimates which must be made given the absence of active secondary markets for many of the financial instruments. This lack of uniform valuation methodologies introduces a greater degree of subjectivity to these estimated fair values.

## 12. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss included in stockholders' equity at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 are as follows:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
	(In Thousands)	
Net unrealized loss on securities available for sale	\$ (96,834)	\$ (112,142)
Tax effect	28,133	32,542
Net of tax amount	(68,701)	(79,600)
Fair value adjustments on derivatives	3,802	9,770
Tax effect	(1,123)	(2,844)
Net of tax amount	2,679	6,926
Benefit plan adjustments	839	946
Tax effect	(245)	(276)
Net of tax amount	594	670
<b>Total accumulated other comprehensive loss</b>	<b>\$ (65,428)</b>	<b>\$ (72,004)</b>

Other comprehensive income (loss) and related tax effects for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 are presented in the following table:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In Thousands)			
Net unrealized holding (loss) gain on securities available for sale	\$ (672)	\$ 13,606	\$ 15,308	\$ 17,979
Fair value adjustments on derivatives	2,867	(9,454)	(5,968)	(26,592)
Benefit plans:				
Accretion of net actuarial gain <sup>(1)</sup>	(36)	(26)	(107)	(80)
Net actuarial gain	—	—	—	141
Net change in benefit plan accrued expense	(36)	(26)	(107)	61
Other comprehensive income (loss) before taxes	2,159	4,126	9,233	(8,552)
Tax effect	(624)	(1,157)	(2,657)	2,587
<b>Total other comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 1,535</b>	<b>\$ 2,969</b>	<b>\$ 6,576</b>	<b>\$ (5,965)</b>

(1) Represents amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive loss and included in the computation of net periodic pension expense. See Note 10 - Benefit Plans for additional information.

**13. NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE (“EPS”)**

The following schedule shows the Company’s earnings per share calculations for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)			
Net income	\$ 10,137	\$ 6,648	\$ 29,092	\$ 19,306
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	62,908	62,548	62,835	62,478
Effect of dilutive securities	343	165	305	227
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted	63,251	62,713	63,140	62,705
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.31
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.31

Stock options for 2,745,000 and 2,751,902 shares of common stock were not considered in computing diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively, because they were considered anti-dilutive. In addition, 486,665 and 492,947 RSUs were not considered in computing diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, respectively, and 498,446 and 444,202 RSUs were not considered in computing diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, respectively, because they were considered anti-dilutive.

**ITEM 2.**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF**  
**FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may include certain forward-looking statements based on current management expectations. Such forward-looking statements may be identified by reference to a future period or periods or by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as “may”, “will”, “believe”, “expect”, “estimate”, “anticipate”, “continue”, or similar terms or variations on those terms, or the negative of those terms. The actual results of the Company could differ materially from those management expectations. This includes statements regarding general economic and geopolitical conditions, including military conflicts, potential recessionary conditions and the imposition of tariffs or other domestic or international governmental policies and any retaliatory responses, legislative and regulatory changes, monetary and fiscal policies of the federal government, the effects of any federal government shutdown, changes in tax policies, rates and regulations of federal, state and local tax authorities and failure to integrate or profitably operate acquired businesses. Additional potential factors include changes in interest rates, the rate of inflation, deposit flows, cost of funds, demand for loan products and financial services, competition and changes in the quality or composition of loan and investment portfolios of the Company. Other factors that could cause future results to vary from current management expectations include changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines, and other economic, competitive, governmental and technological factors affecting the Company's operations, markets, products, services and prices. Further description of the risks and uncertainties to the business are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2025, under “Item 1A. Risk Factors.”

Except as required by applicable law or regulation, the Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to release publicly the result of any revisions that may be made to any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of the statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

**Critical Accounting Policies**

Our accounting policies are integral to understanding the results reported. We consider accounting policies that require management to exercise significant judgment or discretion or to make significant assumptions that have, or could have, a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets or on income to be critical accounting policies. At March 31, 2026, there have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies as compared to the critical accounting policies disclosed in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K. Reference is made to Item 7 “Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2025.

**Comparison of Financial Condition at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025**

**Executive Summary.** Total assets decreased \$132.8 million to \$7.61 billion at March 31, 2026 from \$7.74 billion at June 30, 2025. The decrease primarily reflected decreases in net loans receivable, cash and cash equivalents, and investment securities.

**Investment Securities.** Investment securities available for sale decreased \$29.6 million to \$983.3 million at March 31, 2026, from \$1.01 billion at June 30, 2025. This decrease was driven by principal repayments of \$243.2 million, partially offset by purchases of \$198.1 million and a \$15.3 million increase in the fair value of the portfolio to a net unrealized loss of \$96.8 million.

Investment securities held to maturity decreased \$9.6 million to \$110.6 million at March 31, 2026 from \$120.2 million at June 30, 2025. This decrease was driven by principal repayments of \$9.7 million.

Additional information regarding our investment securities at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is presented in Note 4 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Loans Held-for-Sale.** Loans held-for-sale totaled \$12.2 million at March 31, 2026 as compared to \$5.9 million at June 30, 2025 and are reported separately from the balance of net loans receivable. During the nine months ended March 31, 2026, we sold \$86.1 million of residential mortgage loans, resulting in a gain on sale of \$616,000.

**Net Loans Receivable.** Net loans receivable decreased \$32.3 million, or 0.6%, to \$5.73 billion at March 31, 2026 from \$5.77 billion at June 30, 2025. Details regarding the change in the loan portfolio, by loan segment, are presented below:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025	Increase/ (Decrease)
	(In Thousands)		
<b>Commercial loans:</b>			
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 2,555,001	\$ 2,709,654	\$ (154,653)
Nonresidential mortgage	1,012,422	986,556	25,866
Commercial business	201,277	138,755	62,522
Construction	207,765	177,713	30,052
<b>Total commercial loans</b>	<b>3,976,465</b>	<b>4,012,678</b>	<b>(36,213)</b>
<b>One- to four-family residential mortgage</b>	<b>1,741,023</b>	<b>1,748,591</b>	<b>(7,568)</b>
<b>Consumer loans:</b>			
Home equity loans	61,379	50,737	10,642
Other consumer	2,377	2,533	(156)
<b>Total consumer loans</b>	<b>63,756</b>	<b>53,270</b>	<b>10,486</b>
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>5,781,244</b>	<b>5,814,539</b>	<b>(33,295)</b>
Unaccrued yield adjustments	(2,063)	(1,602)	(461)
Allowance for credit losses	(44,723)	(46,191)	1,468
<b>Net loans receivable</b>	<b>\$ 5,734,458</b>	<b>\$ 5,766,746</b>	<b>\$ (32,288)</b>

Commercial loan origination volume for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 totaled \$284.2 million, comprised of \$107.8 million of commercial mortgage loan originations, \$90.5 million of commercial business loan originations and construction loan disbursements of \$86.0 million. Purchases of commercial business loans totaled \$68.7 million for the same period.

One- to four-family residential mortgage loan origination volume, excluding loans held-for-sale, totaled \$90.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026. Purchases of residential mortgage loans totaled \$36.3 million for the same period. Home equity loan and line of credit origination volume for the same period totaled \$29.4 million.

Loan-to-value (“LTV”) ratios are based on current period loan balances and original appraised values at the time of origination unless a current appraisal has been obtained as a result of the loan being deemed collateral dependent and individually analyzed. The following table sets forth the composition of our real estate secured loans indicating the LTV, by loan category, at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025:

	March 31, 2026		June 30, 2025	
	Balance	LTV	Balance	LTV
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
<b>Commercial mortgage loans:</b>				
Multi-family mortgage	\$ 2,555,001	61 %	\$ 2,709,654	62 %
Nonresidential mortgage <sup>(1)</sup>	1,012,422	53	986,556	52
Construction	207,765	55	177,713	56
<b>Total commercial mortgage loans</b>	<b>3,775,188</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>3,873,923</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>One- to four-family residential mortgage</b>	<b>1,741,023</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>1,748,591</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>Consumer loans:</b>				
Home equity loans	61,379	51	50,737	51
<b>Total mortgage loans</b>	<b>\$ 5,577,590</b>	<b>59 %</b>	<b>\$ 5,673,251</b>	<b>60 %</b>

(1) At March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, nonresidential mortgage includes \$920,630 and \$891,995, respectively, of non-owner occupied commercial real estate (“CRE”) loans with an LTV of 53% in each period, and includes \$91,792 and \$94,561, respectively, of owner occupied CRE loans with an LTV of 47% and 48%, respectively.

Additional information about our loan portfolio at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is presented in Note 5 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Nonperforming Assets.** Nonperforming assets increased \$6.8 million to \$52.4 million, or 0.69% of total assets, at March 31, 2026, from \$45.6 million, or 0.59% of total assets, at June 30, 2025, respectively. The increase in nonperforming assets was largely attributable to an increase in nonperforming multi-family mortgage loans, partially offset by a decrease in nonperforming residential mortgage loans.

Additional information about our nonperforming loans and loan modifications at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is presented in Note 5 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Allowance for Credit Losses (“ACL”).** At March 31, 2026 the ACL totaled \$44.7 million, or 0.77% of total loans, compared to \$46.2 million, or 0.79% of total loans, at June 30, 2025. The decrease for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 was largely attributable to net charge-offs of \$2.3 million, partially offset by a provision for credit losses of \$876,000.

Additional information about our ACL at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is presented in Note 6 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Other Assets.** The aggregate balance of other assets, including premises and equipment, FHLB stock, interest receivable, goodwill, core deposit intangibles, bank owned life insurance (“BOLI”), deferred income taxes, and other assets, decreased \$24.0 million to \$643.3 million at March 31, 2026 from \$667.3 million at June 30, 2025. The decrease in the balance of these other assets during the nine months ended March 31, 2026 primarily reflected a decrease in the market value of interest rate derivatives, a decrease in FHLB stock and a decrease in properties held for sale, partially offset by an increase in BOLI. The remaining change generally reflected normal operating fluctuations within these line items.

**Deposits.** Total deposits increased \$53.9 million, or 0.9%, to \$5.73 billion at March 31, 2026 from \$5.68 billion at June 30, 2025. Included in total deposits are retail and brokered time deposits of \$1.20 billion and \$757.2 million, respectively, at March 31, 2026, and \$1.22 billion and \$757.7 million, respectively, at June 30, 2025. The increase in non-interest bearing demand deposits was largely the result of migrating \$69.8 million from a consumer interest bearing product to a non-interest bearing product as part of our repricing strategy. The following table sets forth the distribution of, and changes in, deposits, by type, for the periods indicated:

	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025	Increase/ (Decrease)
	(In Thousands)		
<b>Non-interest-bearing deposits</b>	\$ 631,506	\$ 582,045	\$ 49,461
<b>Interest-bearing deposits:</b>			
Interest-bearing demand	2,375,565	2,362,222	13,343
Savings	763,016	754,376	8,640
Certificates of deposit (retail)	1,201,752	1,218,920	(17,168)
Certificates of deposit (brokered)	757,243	757,654	(411)
Interest-bearing deposits	5,097,576	5,093,172	4,404
<b>Total deposits</b>	<u>\$ 5,729,082</u>	<u>\$ 5,675,217</u>	<u>\$ 53,865</u>

Uninsured deposits totaled \$2.20 billion as of March 31, 2026 compared to \$1.99 billion as of June 30, 2025. Excluding collateralized deposits of state and local governments, and deposits of the Bank’s wholly-owned subsidiary and holding company, uninsured deposits totaled \$839.0 million, or 14.7% of total deposits, at March 31, 2026 compared to \$813.8 million, or 14.3% of total deposits, at June 30, 2025.

Additional information about our deposits at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is presented in Note 7 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Borrowings.** The balance of borrowings decreased by \$196.5 million to \$1.06 billion at March 31, 2026 from \$1.26 billion at June 30, 2025, reflecting reductions in FHLB advances.

At March 31, 2026, we maintained available secured borrowing capacity with the FHLB and the Federal Reserve Discount Window of \$2.45 billion, representing 32.2% of total assets.

Additional information about our borrowings at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is presented in Note 8 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Other Liabilities.** The balance of other liabilities, including advance payments by borrowers for taxes and other miscellaneous liabilities, decreased \$7.2 million to \$55.5 million at March 31, 2026 from \$62.8 million at June 30, 2025. The change in the balance of these other liabilities generally reflected normal operating fluctuations during the period.

**Stockholders' Equity.** Stockholders' equity increased \$17.1 million to \$763.0 million at March 31, 2026 from \$746.0 million at June 30, 2025. The increase in stockholders' equity during the nine months ended March 31, 2026 largely reflected net income of \$29.1 million and other comprehensive income of \$6.6 million, partially offset by cash dividends of \$21.0 million. The other comprehensive income for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 was driven by an increase in the fair value of our available for sale securities, partially offset by a decrease in the fair value of our derivatives portfolio.

At March 31, 2026, book value per share increased by \$0.24 to \$11.79, while tangible book value per share increased by \$0.25 to \$10.02. These increases were driven by the increases in stockholders' equity, as described above.

#### **Comparison of Operating Results for the Quarters Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025**

**Net Income.** Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 was \$10.1 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share, compared to \$6.6 million, or \$0.11 per diluted share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2025. The increase in net income reflected increases in net interest income and non-interest income, partially offset by increases in non-interest expense and income taxes.

**Net Interest Income.** Net interest income increased by \$5.2 million to \$39.2 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$34.0 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2025. The increase between the comparative periods resulted from a decrease of \$5.4 million in interest expense, partially offset by a decrease of \$165,000 in interest income. Included in net interest income for the quarters ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively, was purchase accounting accretion of \$552,000 and \$511,000, and loan prepayment penalty income of \$422,000 and \$226,000.

Net interest margin increased 31 basis points to 2.21% for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, from 1.90% for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 reflecting a decrease in the cost and average balances of interest-bearing liabilities and higher average yields on loans receivable, partially offset by a decrease in the average balances of interest-earning assets.

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Details regarding the composition of, and changes to, net interest income are presented in the table below which reflects the components of the average balance sheet and of net interest income for the periods indicated. We derived the average yields and costs by dividing income or expense by the average balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the periods presented with daily balances used to derive average balances. No tax equivalent adjustments have been made to yield or costs. Non-accrual loans were included in the calculation of average balances, however interest receivable on these loans has been fully reserved for and therefore not included in interest income. The yields and costs set forth below include the effect of deferred fees, discounts and premiums that are amortized or accreted to interest income or expense.

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2026			2025		
	Average Balance	Interest	Average Yield/ Cost	Average Balance	Interest	Average Yield/ Cost
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
<b>Interest-earning assets:</b>						
Loans receivable <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 5,785,095	\$ 66,310	4.58 %	\$ 5,805,045	\$ 64,769	4.46 %
Taxable investment securities <sup>(2)</sup>	1,194,487	11,425	3.83	1,251,612	12,738	4.07
Tax-exempt securities <sup>(2)</sup>	5,669	34	2.37	9,135	55	2.43
Other interest-earning assets <sup>(3)</sup>	106,967	1,400	5.24	110,736	1,773	6.40
Total interest-earning assets	7,092,218	79,169	4.47	7,176,528	79,335	4.42
Non-interest-earning assets	455,725			457,206		
Total assets	\$ 7,547,943			\$ 7,633,734		
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities:</b>						
Interest-bearing demand	\$ 2,402,177	14,081	2.34	\$ 2,405,974	16,426	2.73
Savings	761,090	2,405	1.26	751,243	2,447	1.30
Certificates of deposit (retail)	1,181,526	9,445	3.20	1,215,767	11,333	3.73
Certificates of deposit (brokered)	755,461	5,114	2.71	730,612	4,706	2.58
Total interest-bearing deposits	5,100,254	31,045	2.43	5,103,596	34,912	2.74
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	861,445	7,662	3.56	1,028,958	9,350	3.63
Other borrowings	133,833	1,226	3.66	93,389	1,030	4.41
Borrowings	995,278	8,888	3.57	1,122,347	10,380	3.70
Total interest-bearing liabilities	6,095,532	39,933	2.62	6,225,943	45,292	2.91
Non-interest-bearing liabilities <sup>(4)</sup>	693,138			662,566		
Total liabilities	6,788,670			6,888,509		
Stockholders' equity	759,273			745,225		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 7,547,943			\$ 7,633,734		
Net interest income		\$ 39,236			\$ 34,043	
Interest rate spread <sup>(5)</sup>			1.85 %			1.51 %
Net interest margin <sup>(6)</sup>			2.21 %			1.90 %
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities		1.16			1.15	

- (1) Loans held-for-sale and non-accruing loans have been included in loans receivable and the effect of such inclusion was not material. Allowance for credit losses has been included in non-interest-earning assets.
- (2) Fair value adjustments have been excluded in the balances of interest-earning assets.
- (3) Includes interest-bearing deposits at other banks and FHLB of New York capital stock.
- (4) Includes average balances of non-interest-bearing deposits of \$633.5 million and \$602.6 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively.
- (5) Interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
- (6) Net interest margin represents net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

**Provision for Credit Losses.** The provision for credit losses increased \$25,000 to \$391,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$366,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2025. The provision for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 was primarily driven by loan growth and charge-offs associated with certain individually evaluated loans, partially offset by quantitative risk factor adjustments. By comparison, the provision for credit losses for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 was primarily driven by loan charge-offs.

Additional information regarding the ACL and the associated provisions recognized during the quarters ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 is presented in Note 6 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements as well as the Comparison of Financial Condition at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025.

**Non-Interest Income.** Total non-interest income increased \$1.5 million to \$6.1 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$4.6 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

Fees and service charges increased \$349,000 to \$922,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, from \$573,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, primarily reflecting \$252,000 of higher deposit and branch related fee income, and higher loan related fee income of \$97,000.

Other income increased \$1.1 million to \$1.9 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, from \$869,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, primarily driven by a non-recurring pre-tax gain of \$1.0 million on the sale of two former branch locations held for sale in the current period.

The remaining changes in the other components of non-interest income between comparative periods generally reflected normal operating fluctuations within those line items.

**Non-Interest Expense.** Total non-interest expense increased \$1.9 million to \$32.3 million for the quarter ending March 31, 2026, compared to \$30.4 million the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

Salaries and employee benefits increased \$1.6 million to \$19.3 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, from \$17.7 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2025. This increase was primarily driven by higher salary expense due to annual merit increases, a non-recurring severance charge of \$205,000 recorded in the current period, and the absence of a \$427,000 non-recurring decrease in stock-based compensation recorded in the prior year period.

Net occupancy expense of premises increased \$188,000 to \$3.3 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, from \$3.1 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2025. This increase was primarily driven by \$118,000 of higher snow removal expenses.

FDIC insurance premiums decreased \$148,000 to \$1.3 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, from \$1.5 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, primarily driven by higher capital ratios.

Other non-interest expense increased \$162,000 to \$3.5 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, from \$3.3 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, primarily driven by higher professional fees and loan related legal expenses, partially offset by a decline in fraud losses.

The remaining changes in the other components of non-interest expense between comparative periods generally reflected normal operating fluctuations within those line items.

**Provision for Income Taxes.** Provision for income taxes increased \$1.3 million to \$2.5 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 from \$1.2 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, reflecting a higher level of pre-tax income compared to the prior year period.

Effective tax rates for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 were 19.8% and 15.3%, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily due to higher full year projected taxable income.

#### **Comparison of Operating Results for the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025**

**Net Income.** Net income for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 was \$29.1 million, or \$0.46 per diluted share, compared to \$19.3 million, or \$0.31 per diluted share, for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. The increase in net income primarily reflected increases in net interest income and non-interest income, partially offset by increases in non-interest expense, income tax expense and the provision for credit losses.

**Net Interest Income.** Net interest income increased by \$15.8 million to \$114.9 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 compared to \$99.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. The increase between the comparative periods resulted from a decrease of \$17.6 million in interest expense, partially offset by a decrease of \$1.7 million in interest income. Included in net interest income for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively, was purchase accounting accretion of \$1.6 million and \$1.8 million, and loan prepayment penalty income of \$1.5 million and \$566,000.

Net interest margin increased 31 basis points to 2.15% for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, from 1.84% for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and reflected a decrease in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities, a decrease in the average balance of borrowings and an increase in the average balance and yields of loans receivable, partially offset by decreases in the average balances of investment securities and other interest-earning assets.

Details regarding the composition of, and changes to, net interest income are presented in the table below which reflects the components of the average balance sheet and of net interest income for the periods indicated. We derived the average yields and costs by dividing income or expense by the average balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the periods presented with daily balances used to derive average balances. No tax equivalent adjustments have been made to yield or costs. Non-accrual loans were included in the calculation of average balances, however interest receivable on these loans has been fully reserved for and therefore not included in interest income. The yields and costs set forth below include the effect of deferred fees, discounts and premiums that are amortized or accreted to interest income or expense.

	Nine Months Ended March 31,					
	2026			2025		
	Average Balance	Interest	Average Yield/ Cost	Average Balance	Interest	Average Yield/ Cost
(Dollars in Thousands)						
<b>Interest-earning assets:</b>						
Loans receivable <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 5,790,218	\$ 202,069	4.65 %	\$ 5,776,020	\$ 196,507	4.54 %
Taxable investment securities <sup>(2)</sup>	1,205,679	35,648	3.94	1,284,356	40,925	4.25
Tax-exempt securities <sup>(2)</sup>	6,145	110	2.39	10,372	185	2.38
Other interest-earning assets <sup>(3)</sup>	115,468	4,502	5.20	119,756	6,454	7.19
Total interest-earning assets	7,117,510	242,329	4.54	7,190,504	244,071	4.53
Non-interest-earning assets	454,891			461,651		
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,572,401</u>			<u>\$ 7,652,155</u>		
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities:</b>						
Interest-bearing demand	\$ 2,376,945	44,503	2.50	2,333,797	\$ 51,421	2.94
Savings	758,173	7,705	1.35	710,130	6,504	1.22
Certificates of deposit (retail)	1,198,289	30,606	3.41	1,212,136	36,078	3.97
Certificates of deposit (brokered)	755,820	15,310	2.70	670,633	12,647	2.51
Total interest-bearing deposits	5,089,227	98,124	2.57	4,926,696	106,650	2.89
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	979,975	26,725	3.64	1,147,524	32,257	3.75
Other borrowings	85,584	2,571	4.01	162,810	6,064	4.97
Borrowings	1,065,559	29,296	3.67	1,310,334	38,321	3.90
Total interest-bearing liabilities	6,154,786	127,420	2.76	6,237,030	144,971	3.10
Non-interest-bearing liabilities <sup>(4)</sup>	664,549			667,188		
Total liabilities	6,819,335			6,904,218		
Stockholders' equity	753,066			747,937		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 7,572,401</u>			<u>\$ 7,652,155</u>		
Net interest income		<u>\$ 114,909</u>			<u>\$ 99,100</u>	
Interest rate spread <sup>(5)</sup>			<u>1.78 %</u>			<u>1.43 %</u>
Net interest margin <sup>(6)</sup>			<u>2.15 %</u>			<u>1.84 %</u>
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities	<u>1.16</u>			<u>1.15</u>		

(1) Loans held-for-sale and non-accruing loans have been included in loans receivable and the effect of such inclusion was not material. Allowance for credit losses has been included in non-interest-earning assets.

(2) Fair value adjustments have been excluded in the balances of interest-earning assets.

(3) Includes interest-bearing deposits at other banks and FHLB of New York capital stock.

(4) Includes average balances of non-interest-bearing deposits of \$603.2 million and \$602.2 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

(5) Interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities.

(6) Net interest margin represents net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

**Provision for Credit Losses.** The provision for credit losses increased \$295,000 to \$876,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$581,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. The provision for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 was primarily driven by quantitative risk-factor adjustments and higher reserves on individually evaluated loans, including one non-performing C&I loan that was fully charged off during the period. By comparison, the provision for credit losses for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily driven by charge-offs and loan growth.

Additional information regarding the ACL and the associated provisions recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 is presented in Note 6 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements as well as the Comparison of Financial Condition at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025.

**Non-Interest Income.** Total non-interest income increased \$3.5 million to \$17.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$14.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025.

Fees and service charges increased \$1.3 million to \$3.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$1.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, primarily reflecting \$739,000 of higher deposit and branch related fee income, and higher loan related fee income of \$535,000.

Other income increased \$2.0 million to \$4.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$2.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, primarily driven by non-recurring pre-tax gains of \$1.8 million on the sale of three former branch locations held for sale.

The remaining changes in the other components of non-interest income between comparative periods generally reflected normal operating fluctuations within those line items.

**Non-Interest Expense.** Total non-interest expense increased \$5.4 million to \$95.2 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$89.7 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025.

Salaries and employee benefits increased \$3.7 million to \$56.4 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$52.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. This increase was primarily driven by higher salary expense and payroll taxes from annual merit increases, an increase in incentive compensation, a non-recurring severance charge of \$205,000 recorded in the current period, and the absence of a \$427,000 non-recurring decrease in stock-based compensation recorded in the prior year period.

Net occupancy expense of premises increased \$754,000 to \$9.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, from \$8.7 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. This increase was primarily driven by a non-recurring pre-tax expense of \$250,000 associated with the consolidation of three branches, non-recurring branch maintenance expenses of \$102,000, and higher snow removal expenses of \$210,000.

Equipment and systems expense increased \$283,000 to \$12.0 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, from \$11.7 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, largely attributable to increases in technology expense associated with the Company's ongoing digital banking initiatives.

Advertising and marketing expense increased \$377,000 to \$1.6 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, from \$1.3 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. This increase primarily reflects normal fluctuations in the timing of campaigns across various advertising formats supporting our loan and deposit growth initiatives.

FDIC insurance premiums decreased \$556,000 to \$4.0 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, from \$4.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, primarily driven by higher capital ratios.

Other non-interest expense increased \$1.0 million to \$10.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026, compared to \$9.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, primarily driven by \$242,000 in non-recurring professional fees incurred in the current period associated with our strategic initiative and partnership with The Lab Consulting, and higher other professional fee and loan related expenses.

The remaining changes in the other components of non-interest expense between comparative periods generally reflected normal operating fluctuations within those line items.

**Provision for Income Taxes.** Provision for income taxes increased \$3.8 million to \$7.3 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 from \$3.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, reflecting a higher level of pre-tax income compared to the prior year period.

Effective tax rates for the nine months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 were 20.1% and 15.5%, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily due to higher full year projected taxable income.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity, represented by cash and cash equivalents, is a product of operating, investing and financing activities. Our primary sources of funds are deposits, borrowings, cash flows from investment securities and loans receivable and funds provided from operations. While scheduled payments from the amortization and maturity of loans and investment securities are relatively predictable sources of funds, general interest rates, economic conditions and competition greatly influence deposit flows and prepayments on loans and securities.

At March 31, 2026, liquidity included \$123.8 million of short-term cash and cash equivalents and \$983.3 million of investment securities available for sale. As of March 31, 2026, we had the capacity to borrow additional cash funds totaling \$1.74 billion, comprised of \$1.30 billion and \$438.5 million from the Federal Reserve discount window and the FHLBNY, respectively, without pledging additional collateral. We had the ability to pledge additional securities to borrow an additional \$716.5 million at March 31, 2026. As of that same date, we also had access to unsecured overnight borrowings with other financial institutions totaling \$835.0 million, of which none was outstanding.

At March 31, 2026, we had outstanding commitments to originate and purchase loans totaling \$113.9 million while such commitments totaled \$26.4 million at June 30, 2025. As of those same dates, our pipeline of loans held for sale included \$19.3 million and \$11.1 million, respectively, of loans in process whose terms included interest rate locks to borrowers that were paired with a best-efforts commitment to sell the loan to a buyer at a fixed price and within a predetermined timeframe after the sale commitment is established.

Construction loans in process and unused lines of credit were \$124.4 million and \$197.0 million, respectively, at March 31, 2026, compared to \$115.7 million and \$177.1 million, respectively, at June 30, 2025. We are also subject to the contingent liabilities resulting from letters of credit totaling \$115,000 and \$160,000 at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, respectively.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee by the customer. Our exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit is represented by the contractual notional amount of those instruments. We use the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as we do for on-balance-sheet instruments. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Consistent with its goals to operate a sound and profitable financial organization, the Bank actively seeks to maintain its status as a well-capitalized institution in accordance with regulatory standards.

The following table sets forth the Bank's capital position at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, as compared to the minimum regulatory capital requirements that were in effect as of those dates:

	At March 31, 2026					
	Actual		For Capital Adequacy Purposes		To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 715,570	14.64 %	\$ 391,080	8.00 %	\$ 488,850	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	669,697	13.70 %	293,310	6.00 %	391,080	8.00 %
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	669,697	13.70 %	219,983	4.50 %	317,753	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	669,697	8.92 %	300,385	4.00 %	375,481	5.00 %
	At June 30, 2025					
	Actual		For Capital Adequacy Purposes		To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 704,969	14.49 %	\$ 389,184	8.00 %	\$ 486,481	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	662,232	13.61 %	291,888	6.00 %	389,184	8.00 %
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	662,232	13.61 %	218,916	4.50 %	316,212	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	662,232	8.68 %	305,162	4.00 %	381,453	5.00 %

The following table sets forth the Company's capital position at March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, as compared to the minimum regulatory capital requirements that were in effect as of those dates:

	<b>At March 31, 2026</b>			
	<b>Actual</b>		<b>For Capital Adequacy Purposes</b>	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Ratio</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Ratio</b>
	<b>(Dollars in Thousands)</b>			
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 759,324	15.52 %	\$ 391,428	8.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	713,451	14.58 %	293,571	6.00 %
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	713,451	14.58 %	220,178	4.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	713,451	9.48 %	300,995	4.00 %
	<b>At June 30, 2025</b>			
	<b>Actual</b>		<b>For Capital Adequacy Purposes</b>	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Ratio</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Ratio</b>
	<b>(Dollars in Thousands)</b>			
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 748,323	15.37 %	\$ 389,434	8.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	705,586	14.49 %	292,076	6.00 %
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	705,586	14.49 %	219,057	4.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	705,586	9.23 %	305,661	4.00 %

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

In the normal course of our business of investing in loans and securities we are a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk. These financial instruments include significant purchase commitments, such as commitments related to capital expenditure plans and commitments to extend credit to meet the financing needs of our customers. We had no significant off-balance sheet commitments for capital expenditures as of March 31, 2026.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of the expected impact of recently issued accounting pronouncements that we have adopted, please refer to Note 3 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**ITEM 3.**  
**QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK**

The majority of our assets and liabilities are sensitive to changes in interest rates and as such, interest rate risk is a significant form of market risk that we must manage. Interest rate risk is generally defined in regulatory nomenclature as the risk to earnings or capital arising from the movement of interest rates and arises from several risk factors including re-pricing risk, basis risk, yield curve risk and option risk. We maintain an Asset/Liability Management (“ALM”) program in order to manage our interest rate risk. The program is overseen by the Board of Directors through its Interest Rate Risk Management Committee which has assigned the responsibility for the operational aspects of the ALM program to our Asset/Liability Management Committee (“ALCO”), which is comprised of various members of the senior and executive management team.

The quantitative analysis that we conduct measures interest rate risk from both a capital and earnings perspective. With regard to earnings, movements in interest rates and the shape of the yield curve significantly influence the amount of net interest income (“NII”) that we recognize. Movements in market interest rates, and the effect of such movements on the risk factors noted above, significantly influence the spread between the interest earned on our interest-earning assets and the interest paid on our interest-bearing liabilities. Our internal interest rate risk analysis calculates the sensitivity of our projected NII over a one year period utilizing a static balance sheet assumption through which incoming and outgoing asset and liability cash flows are reinvested into similar instruments. Product pricing and earning asset prepayment speeds are appropriately adjusted for each rate scenario.

With regard to capital, our internal interest rate risk analysis calculates the sensitivity of our Economic Value of Equity (“EVE”) to movements in interest rates. EVE represents the present value of the expected cash flows from our assets less the present value of the expected cash flows arising from our liabilities adjusted for the value of off-balance sheet instruments. EVE attempts to quantify our economic value using a discounted cash flow methodology. The degree to which our EVE changes for any hypothetical interest rate scenario from its base case measurement is a reflection of our sensitivity to interest rate risk.

For both earnings and capital at risk, our interest rate risk analysis calculates a base case scenario that assumes no change in interest rates. The model then measures changes throughout a series of interest rate scenarios representing immediate and permanent, parallel shifts in the yield curve up and down 100, 200 and 300 basis points with additional scenarios modeled where appropriate. The model requires that interest rates remain positive for all points along the yield curve for each rate scenario which may preclude the modeling of certain falling rate scenarios during periods of lower market interest rates.

The following tables present the results of our internal EVE and NII analyses as of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2025, respectively:

Change in Interest Rates	March 31, 2026					
	EVE		1 to 12 Months		13 to 24 Months	
	EVE	% Change in EVE	NII	% Change in NII	NII	% Change in NII
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
+300 bps	\$ 621,701	(25.96)%	\$ 152,598	(7.30)%	\$ 180,093	(3.71)%
+200 bps	688,412	(18.01)%	155,225	(5.71)%	181,356	(3.03)%
+100 bps	765,739	(8.81)%	158,497	(3.72)%	183,552	(1.86)%
0 bps	839,677	—	164,618	—	187,025	—
-100 bps	904,320	7.70 %	169,873	3.19 %	189,719	1.44 %
-200 bps	944,098	12.44 %	175,701	6.73 %	189,459	1.30 %
-300 bps	990,195	17.93 %	180,710	9.78 %	187,457	0.23 %

Change in Interest Rates	June 30, 2025					
	EVE		1 to 12 Months		13 to 24 Months	
	EVE	% Change in EVE	NII	% Change in NII	NII	% Change in NII
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
+300 bps	\$ 404,295	(37.02)%	\$ 147,989	(6.79)%	\$ 161,747	(8.17)%
+200 bps	475,744	(25.89)%	150,539	(5.18)%	165,520	(6.03)%
+100 bps	555,065	(13.54)%	153,195	(3.51)%	169,510	(3.77)%
0 bps	641,985	—	158,762	—	176,142	—
-100 bps	728,863	13.53 %	162,406	2.30 %	181,671	3.14 %
-200 bps	785,464	22.35 %	165,502	4.25 %	184,695	4.86 %
-300 bps	852,184	32.74 %	168,238	5.97 %	185,248	5.17 %

There are numerous internal and external factors that may contribute to changes in our EVE and its sensitivity. Changes in the composition and allocation of our balance sheet, or utilization of off-balance sheet instruments such as derivatives, can significantly alter the exposure to interest rate risk as quantified by the changes in the EVE sensitivity measures. Changes to certain external factors, most notably changes in the level of market interest rates and overall shape of the yield curve, can also alter the projected cash flows of our interest-earning assets and interest-costing liabilities and the associated present values thereof.

Notwithstanding the rate change scenarios presented in the EVE and NII-based analyses above, future interest rates and their effect on net interest income are not predictable. Computations of prospective effects of hypothetical interest rate changes are based on numerous assumptions, including relative levels of market interest rates, prepayments and deposit run-offs and should not be relied upon as indicative of actual results. Certain shortcomings are inherent in this type of computation. Although certain assets and liabilities may have similar maturities or periods of re-pricing, they may react at different times and in different degrees to changes in market interest rates. The interest rate on certain types of assets and liabilities, such as demand deposits and savings accounts, may fluctuate in advance of changes in market interest rates, while rates on other types of assets and liabilities may lag behind changes in market interest rates. Certain assets, such as adjustable-rate mortgages, generally have features which restrict changes in interest rates on a short-term basis and over the life of the asset. In the event of a change in interest rates, prepayments and early withdrawal levels could deviate significantly from those assumed in the analyses set forth above. Additionally, an increase in credit risk may result as the ability of borrowers to service their debt may decrease in the event of an interest rate increase.

#### **ITEM 4.** **CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

As of the end of the period covered by this Report, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2026, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II

### **ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings**

At March 31, 2026, neither the Company nor the Bank were involved in any pending legal proceedings other than routine legal proceedings occurring in the ordinary course of business, which involve amounts in the aggregate believed by management to be immaterial to the financial condition of the Company and the Bank.

### **ITEM 1A. Risk Factors**

There have been no material changes to the Risk Factors previously disclosed under Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2025, previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### **ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

The Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock during the three month period ended March 31, 2026.

### **ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

Not applicable.

### **ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

### **ITEM 5. Other Information**

#### Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Executive Officers

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, none of our directors or executive officers adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of the Company's securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement."

**ITEM 6. Exhibits**

The following Exhibits are filed as part of this report:

- 3.1 [Articles of Incorporation of Kearny Financial Corp. \(Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 \(File No. 333-198602\), originally filed on September 5, 2014\)](#)
- 3.2 [Amended and Restated Bylaws of Kearny Financial Corp. \(Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 16, 2023 \)](#)
- 4 [Form of Common Stock Certificate of Kearny Financial Corp. \(Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 \(File No. 333-198602\), originally filed on September 5, 2014\)](#)
- 31.1 [Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 31.2 [Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 32.1 [Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 32.2 [Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 101 The following materials from the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, formatted in Inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document (The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document)
- 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**KEARNY FINANCIAL CORP.**

Date: May 7, 2026

By: /s/ Craig L. Montanaro  
Craig L. Montanaro  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 7, 2026

By: /s/ Sean Byrnes  
Sean Byrnes  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Craig L. Montanaro, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Kearny Financial Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the period presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2026

/s/ Craig L. Montanaro

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Craig L. Montanaro  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Sean Byrnes, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Kearny Financial Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the period presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2026

/s/ Sean Byrnes

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Sean Byrnes  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Kearny Financial Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2026 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Craig L. Montanaro, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 7, 2026

/s/ Craig L. Montanaro

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Craig L. Montanaro

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Kearny Financial Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2026 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Sean Byrnes, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 7, 2026

/s/ Sean Byrnes

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Sean Byrnes

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)