

salesforce

Financial Update Q4 FY21

NYSE: CRM
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Safe Harbor



"Safe harbor" statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This presentation contains forward-looking statements about the company's financial and operating results, which may include expected GAAP and non-GAAP financial and other operating and non-operating results, including revenue, net income, earnings per share, operating cash flow growth, operating margin, expected revenue growth, expected current remaining performance obligation growth, expected tax rates, stock-based compensation expenses, amortization of purchased intangibles, shares outstanding, market growth, environmental, social and governance goals, expected capital allocation, including mergers and acquisitions, capital expenditures and other investments, expectations regarding closing contemplated acquisitions and contributions from acquired companies. The achievement or success of the matters covered by such forward-looking statements involves risks, uncertainties and assumptions. If any such risks or uncertainties materialize or if any of the assumptions prove incorrect, the company's results could differ materially from the results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements it makes.

The risks and uncertainties referred to above include -- but are not limited to -- the impact of, and actions we may take in response to, the COVID-19 pandemic, related public health measures and resulting economic downturn and market volatility; our ability to maintain service performance and security levels meeting the expectations of our customers, and the resources and costs required to avoid unanticipated downtime and prevent, detect and remediate performance degradation and security breaches; the expenses associated with our data centers and third-party infrastructure providers; our ability to secure additional data center capacity; our reliance on third-party hardware, software and platform providers; the effect of evolving domestic and foreign government regulations, including those related to the provision of services on the Internet, those related to accessing the Internet, and those addressing data privacy, cross-border data transfers and import and export controls; current and potential litigation involving us or our industry, including litigation involving acquired entities such as Tableau, and the resolution or settlement thereof; regulatory developments and regulatory investigations involving us or affecting our industry; our ability to successfully introduce new services and product features, including any efforts to expand our services; the success of our strategy of acquiring or making investments in complementary businesses, joint ventures, services, technologies and intellectual property rights; our ability to complete, on a timely basis or at all, announced transactions, including our proposed acquisition of Slack Technologies, Inc.; our ability to realize the benefits from acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures and investments; our ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses and technologies; our ability to compete in the market in which we participate; the success of our business strategy and our plan to build our business, including our strategy to be a leading provider of enterprise cloud computing applications and platforms; our ability to execute our business plans; our ability to continue to grow unearned revenue and remaining performance obligation; the pace of change and innovation in enterprise cloud computing services; the seasonal nature of our sales cycles; our ability to limit customer attrition and costs related to those efforts; the success of our international expansion strategy; the demands on our personnel and infrastructure resulting from significant growth in our customer base and operations, including as a result of acquisitions; our ability to preserve our workplace culture, including as a result of our decisions regarding our current and future office environments or work-from-home policies; our dependency on the development and maintenance of the infrastructure of the Internet; our real estate and office facilities strategy and related costs and uncertainties; fluctuations in, and our ability to predict, our operating results and cash flows; the variability in our results arising from the accounting for term license revenue products; the performance and fair value of our investments in complementary businesses through our strategic investment portfolio; the impact of future gains or losses from our strategic investment portfolio including gains or losses from overall market conditions that may affect the publicly traded companies within our strategic investment portfolio; our ability to protect our intellectual property rights; our ability to develop our brands; the impact of foreign currency exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations on our results; the valuation of our deferred tax assets and the release of related valuation allowances; the potential availability of additional tax assets in the future; the impact of new accounting pronouncements and tax laws; uncertainties affecting our ability to estimate our tax rate; uncertainties regarding our tax obligations in connection with potential jurisdictional transfers of intellectual property, including the tax rate, the timing of the transfer and the value of such transferred intellectual property; uncertainties regarding the effect of general economic and market conditions; the impact of geopolitical events; uncertainties regarding the impact of expensing stock options and other equity awards; the sufficiency of our capital resources; risks related to our bridge loan facility and term loan associated with our proposed acquisition of Slack Technologies, Inc., 2023 and 2028 senior notes, revolving credit facility and loan associated with 50 Fremont; our ability to comply with our debt covenants and lease obligations; and the impact of climate change, natural disasters and actual or threatened public health emergencies, including the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.

Further information on these and other factors that could affect the company's financial results is included in the reports on Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K and in other filings it makes with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. These documents are available on the SEC Filings section of the Investor Information section of the company's website at www.salesforce.com/investor.

Salesforce.com, inc. assumes no obligation and does not intend to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

No Offer or Solicitation

This communication is not intended to and shall not constitute an offer to buy or sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any securities, or a solicitation of any vote or approval, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such jurisdiction. No offering of securities shall be made, except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of Section 10 of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Additional Information about the Merger and Where to Find It

In connection with the proposed transaction, Salesforce filed with the SEC the Registration Statement and the Prospectus, and Slack filed with the SEC the Proxy Statement. The Registration was declared effective on January 29, 2021 and the Prospectus and the Proxy Statement were first mailed to shareholders of Slack on or about January 29, 2021. Each of Salesforce and Slack may also file other relevant documents with the SEC regarding the proposed transaction. The information in the Prospectus and Proxy Statement may be changed. This document is not a substitute for the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Proxy Statement or any other document that Salesforce or Slack may file with the SEC. INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT, THE PROSPECTUS AND THE PROXY STATEMENT AND ANY OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTS THAT MAY BE FILED WITH THE SEC, AS WELL AS ANY AMENDMENTS OR SUPPLEMENTS TO THESE DOCUMENTS, CAREFULLY AND IN THEIR ENTIRETY BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN OR WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION. Investors and security holders are able to obtain free copies of the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the Proxy Statement and all other documents containing important information about Salesforce, Slack and the proposed transaction, once such documents are filed with the SEC, through the website maintained by the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the documents filed with the SEC by Salesforce may be obtained free of charge on Salesforce's website at <http://www.salesforce.com/investor> or by contacting Salesforce's Investor Relations department at investor@salesforce.com. Copies of the documents filed with the SEC by Slack may be obtained free of charge on Slack's website at investor.slackhq.com or by contacting Slack's Investor Relations department at ir@slack.com.

Participants in the Solicitation

Salesforce, Slack and certain of their respective directors and executive officers may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies in respect of the proposed transaction. Information about the directors and executive officers of Salesforce, including a description of their direct or indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, is set forth in Salesforce's proxy statement for its 2020 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which was filed with the SEC on May 1, 2020, and Salesforce's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2020, which was filed with the SEC on March 5, 2020, as well as in a Form 8-K filed by Salesforce with the SEC on June 1, 2020. Information about the directors and executive officers of Slack, including a description of their direct or indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, is set forth in Slack's proxy statement for its 2020 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which was filed with the SEC on May 5, 2020, and Slack's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2020, which was filed with the SEC on March 12, 2020. Investors may obtain additional information regarding the interests of those persons and other persons who may be deemed participants in the proposed transaction by reading the Prospectus and the Proxy Statement and other relevant materials to be filed with the SEC regarding the proposed transaction when such materials become available. Investors should read the Prospectus and the Proxy Statement carefully before making any voting or investment decisions. You may obtain free copies of these documents from Salesforce or Slack using the sources indicated above.

Company Overview



Delivering durable growth at scale

- Salesforce is the **#1 CRM software provider worldwide** by revenue for 7 consecutive years¹
- **Consistently delivering durable revenue growth**, more than doubling from \$10.5 billion in FY18 to \$21.3 billion in FY21
- **Fastest growing top five enterprise** software company with \$21.3 billion in revenue in FY21 (~24% Y/Y)
- Uniquely positioned to help our customers **drive broad-based digital transformation**

Leader in **Philanthropy**



Leader in **Culture**



Leader in **Innovation**



¹Source: IDC, Worldwide Semiannual Software Tracker, April 2020. CRM market includes the following IDC-defined functional markets: Sales Force Productivity and Management, Marketing Campaign Management, Customer Service, Contact Center, Advertising, and Digital Commerce Applications.



Financial Overview

Annual Results



FY21 Financial Summary



Revenue
Current Remaining Performance Obligation
Total Remaining Performance Obligation
Operating Margin
Diluted Earnings Per Share ³
Operating Cash Flow

GAAP	
Annual Results	Increase Y/Y
\$21.3B	24%
\$18.0B	20%
\$36.1B	17%
2.1%	40 bps
\$4.38	2,820%
\$4.8B	11%

Non-GAAP ¹	
Annual Results	Increase Y/Y
\$21.2B	24%
N/A	18% CC
N/A	N/A
17.7% ²	90 bps
\$4.92	65%
N/A	N/A

¹The Non-GAAP columns present non-GAAP financial metrics and the related non-GAAP growth rates as compared to prior periods. Non-GAAP revenue and non-GAAP current remaining performance obligation (cRPO) represent CC results. Refer to slides 13 and 14 for explanations of non-GAAP CC revenue growth and non-GAAP CC CRPO growth, respectively. Non-GAAP operating margin and non-GAAP EPS are non-GAAP financial measures. Refer to the Appendix for an explanation of non-GAAP financial measures and a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP measures, when applicable.

²Non-GAAP Operating Margin is the proportion of non-GAAP income from operations as a percentage of GAAP revenue.

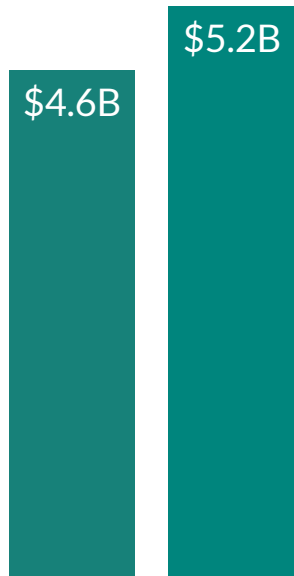
³Diluted EPS is calculated using GAAP revenue.

FY21 Disaggregation of Revenue

Complete portfolio of CRM products



+ 13%Y/Y

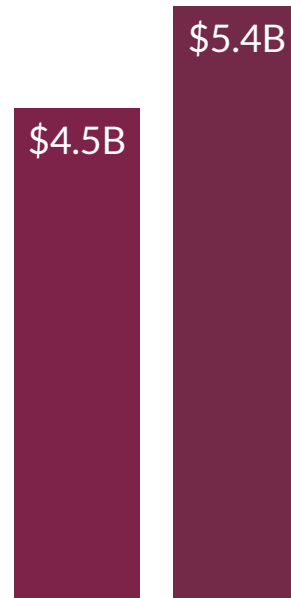


FY20 FY21

Sales



+20% Y/Y

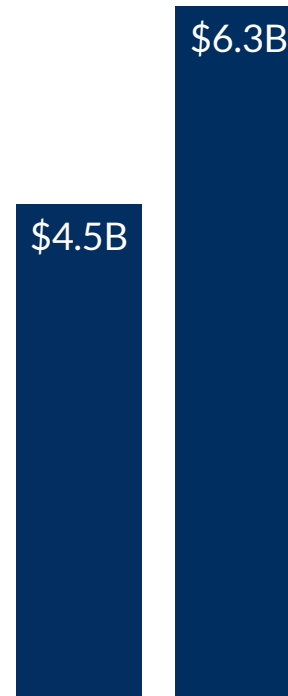


FY20 FY21

Service



+40% Y/Y

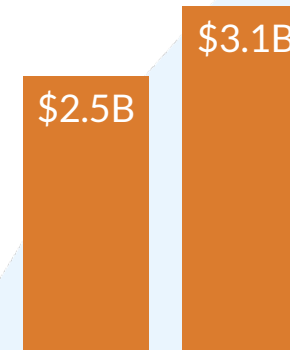


FY20 FY21

Salesforce
Platform & Other



+25% Y/Y



FY20 FY21

Marketing
& Commerce



Note: growth rates are based on reported results in USD.



FY21 Revenue by Region



Incremental investments in international markets driving growth

AMERICAS



\$14.74_B
+22% Y/Y
+23% Y/Y CC¹

EMEA



\$4.50_B
+31% Y/Y
+30% Y/Y CC¹

APAC



\$2.02_B
+25% Y/Y
+23% Y/Y CC¹

¹Non-GAAP revenue CC growth rates as compared to the comparable prior period. We present CC information for revenue to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying business performed excluding the effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present CC revenue, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the weighted average exchange rate for the quarter being compared to for growth rate calculations presented, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during that period.

The Salesforce logo, consisting of the word "salesforce" in white lowercase letters inside a blue cloud-like shape.

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Financial Overview

Quarterly Results



Q4 FY21 Results Highlights



Durable top-line growth

- **Revenue of \$5.82 Billion**, up 20% year-over-year, 19% in constant currency¹
- **FY21 Revenue of \$21.25 Billion**, up 24% year-over-year, 24% in constant currency¹
- **Operating Cash Flow of \$2.17 Billion**, up 33% year-over-year
- **Current Remaining Performance Obligation of approximately \$18.0 Billion**, up 20% year-over-year, 18% in constant currency¹
- **Remaining Performance Obligation of approximately \$36.1 Billion**, up 17% year-over-year
- **Guidance**²
 - Raises **FY22 Revenue** to \$25.65 Billion to \$25.75 Billion, approximately 21% year-over-year growth
 - Raises **Q1 FY22 Revenue** to \$5.875 Billion to \$5.885 Billion, approximately 21% year-over-year growth
 - Initiates **FY22 GAAP EPS** to (\$0.44) to (\$0.42)
 - Initiates **FY22 Non-GAAP EPS** to \$3.39 to \$3.41³
 - Initiates **Q1 FY22 Current Remaining Performance Obligation** growth of approximately 19% year-over-year

¹Refer to slides 13 and 14 for an explanation of non-GAAP constant currency ("CC") growth rates for revenue and current remaining performance obligation, respectively.

²Guidance provided for Q1 FY22 Current Remaining Performance Obligation, FY22 GAAP EPS, and FY22 Non-GAAP EPS on February 25, 2021. Guidance originally provided for Q1 FY22 Revenue and FY22 Revenue on December 1, 2020, updated on February 25, 2021. Full Year FY22 revenue guidance includes contributions from Slack Technologies, Inc. of approximately \$600 million, net of purchase accounting, and assumes a closing date in late Q2. This guidance does not reflect any potential future gains or losses on our strategic investment portfolio resulting from the future impact of ASU 2016-01 as it is not possible to forecast future gains and losses, and is based on estimated GAAP tax rates that reflect the company's currently available information, and excludes forecasted discrete tax items such as excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation. The GAAP tax rates may fluctuate due to future acquisitions or other transactions.

³Non-GAAP EPS is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the Appendix for an explanation of non-GAAP financial measures, and why we believe these measures can be useful, as well as a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP measures, when applicable.

Q4 FY21 Financial Summary



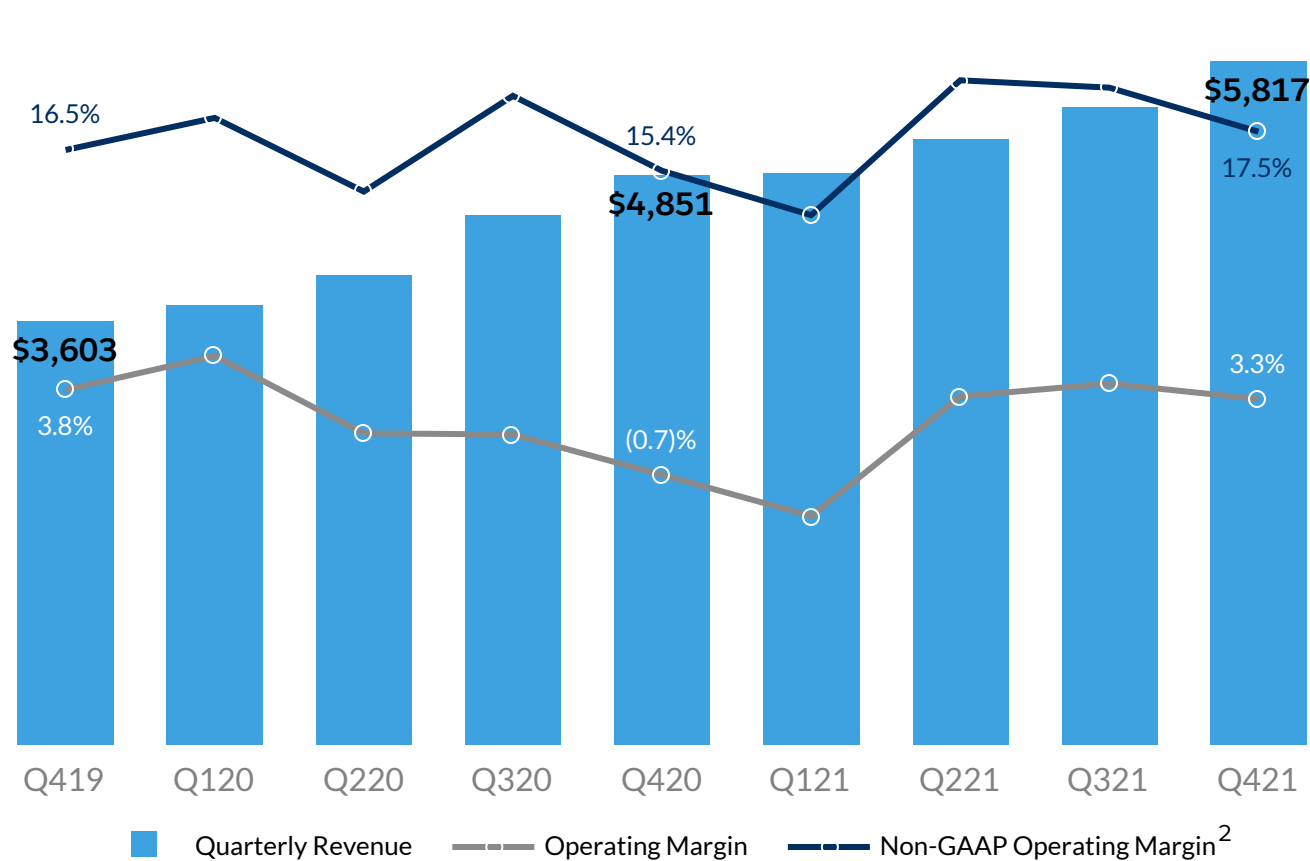
		GAAP		Non-GAAP ¹	
		Quarterly Results	Increase Y/Y	Quarterly Results	Increase Y/Y
	Revenue	\$5,817M	20%	\$5,763M	19%
Current Remaining Performance Obligation		\$18.0B	20%	N/A	18%
Total Remaining Performance Obligation		\$36.1B	17%	N/A	N/A
	Operating Margin	3.3%	400 bps	17.5% ²	210 bps
	Diluted Earnings Per Share ³	\$0.28	200%	\$1.04	58%
	Operating Cash Flow	\$2,174M	33%	N/A	N/A

¹The Non-GAAP columns present non-GAAP financial metrics and the related non-GAAP growth rates as compared to prior periods. Non-GAAP revenue and non-GAAP current remaining performance obligation (CRPO) represent CC results. Refer to slides 13 and 14 for explanations of non-GAAP CC revenue growth and non-GAAP CC CRPO growth, respectively. Non-GAAP operating margin and non-GAAP EPS are non-GAAP financial measures. Refer to the Appendix for an explanation of non-GAAP financial measures and a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP measures, when applicable.

²Non-GAAP Operating Margin is the proportion of non-GAAP income from operations as a percentage of GAAP revenue.

³Diluted EPS is calculated using GAAP revenue.

Total Quarterly Revenue and Operating Margin



Q4 FY21
Y/Y Growth

+20% / +19% CC¹
Revenue

+400 bps
GAAP Operating Margin

+210 bps
Non-GAAP Operating Margin²

¹Refer to slide 13 for an explanation of non-GAAP revenue CC growth rate as compared to the comparable prior period.

²Non-GAAP Operating Margin is the proportion of non-GAAP income from operations as a percentage of GAAP revenue and is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the Appendix for an explanation of which items are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures, and why we believe these measures can be useful, as well as a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP measures, when applicable.

Q4 FY21 Disaggregation of Revenue



Complete portfolio of CRM products

+11% Y/Y

+19% Y/Y

+26% Y/Y

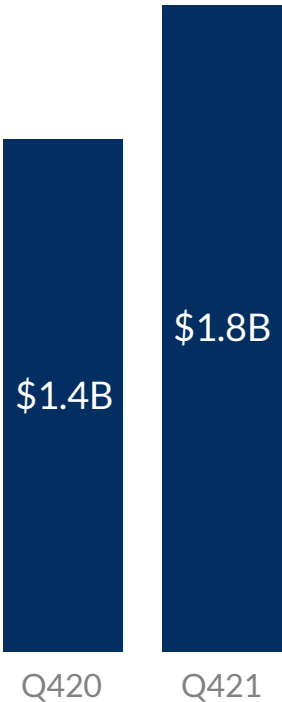
+27% Y/Y



Sales



Service



Platform & Other



Marketing & Commerce



Note: growth rates are based on non-rounded reported results in USD

Q4 FY21 Revenue by Region



Incremental investments in international markets driving growth

AMERICAS



\$4,012M
+18% Y/Y
+18% Y/Y CC¹

EMEA



\$1,248M
+24% Y/Y
+20% Y/Y CC¹

APAC

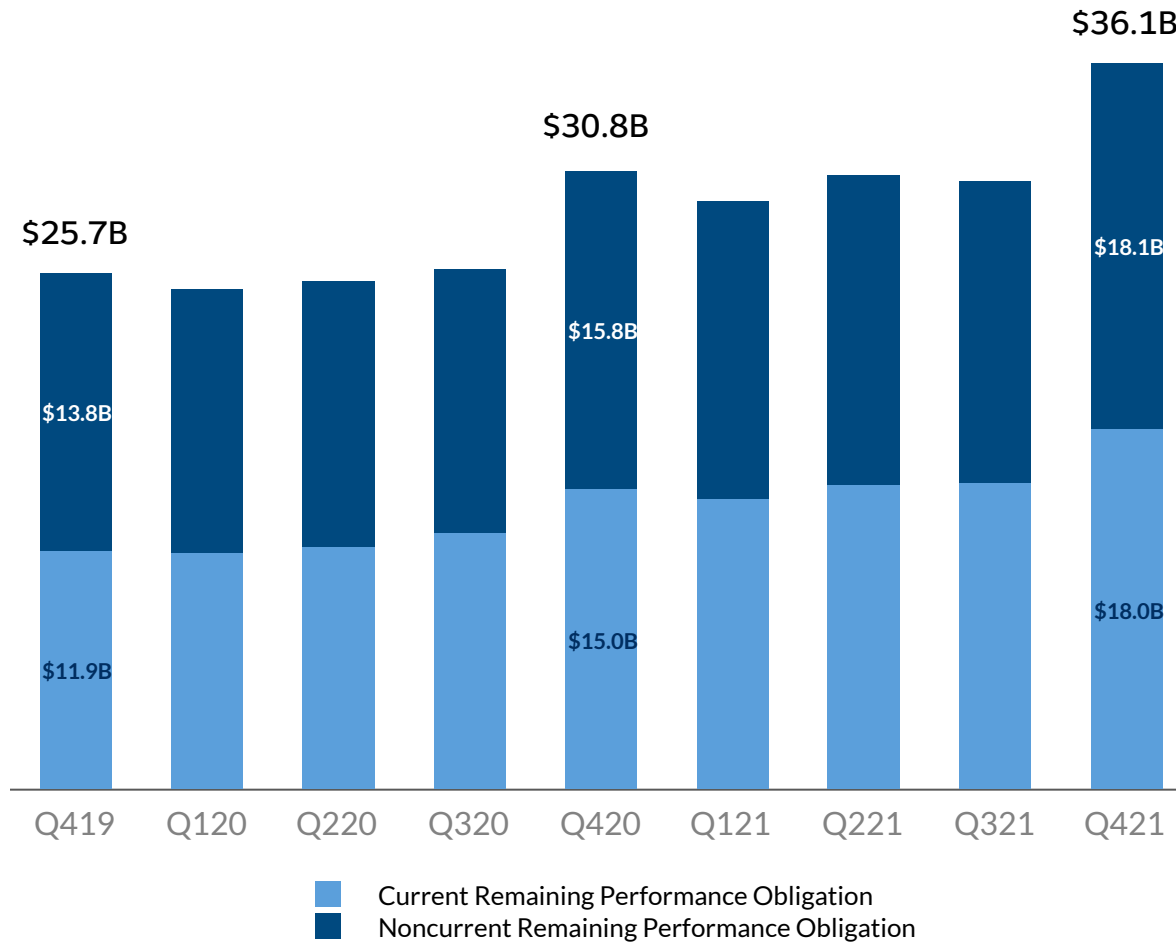


\$557M
+27% Y/Y
+21% Y/Y CC¹

¹Non-GAAP revenue CC growth rates as compared to the comparable prior period. We present CC information for revenue to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying business performed excluding the effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present CC revenue, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the weighted average exchange rate for the quarter being compared to for growth rate calculations presented, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during that period.

Remaining Performance Obligation

Represents future revenue under contract



Q4 FY21
Y/Y Growth

+20% / +18% CC²

Current RPO (cRPO)

+17%

Total RPO



Remaining Performance Obligation (RPO) is a metric disclosed with the adoption of Topic 606¹. RPO represents all future revenue under contract that has not yet been recognized as revenue. Current RPO represents future revenue under contract that is expected to be recognized as revenue in the next 12 months. RPO is influenced by several factors, including seasonality, the timing of renewals, average contract terms, and foreign currency exchange rates.

¹Topic 606 introduced remaining transaction price, which is different than unbilled deferred revenue under previous accounting guidance. Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized, which includes unearned revenue and unbilled amounts that will be recognized as revenue in future periods. Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation is influenced by several factors, including seasonality, the timing of renewals, average contract terms and foreign currency exchange rates. Unbilled portions of the remaining transaction price denominated in foreign currencies are revalued each period based on the period end exchange rates. As with unbilled deferred revenue under previous accounting guidance, the portion of the remaining transaction price that is unbilled is not recorded on the balance sheet.

²To present CC CRPO growth, CRPO balances in local currencies in previous comparable periods are converted using the United States dollar currency exchange rate as of the most recent balance sheet date.

Quarterly Operating Cash Flow

Delivered \$2,174 million in operating cash flow in Q4



Q4 FY21
Y/Y Growth



35%

FCF¹

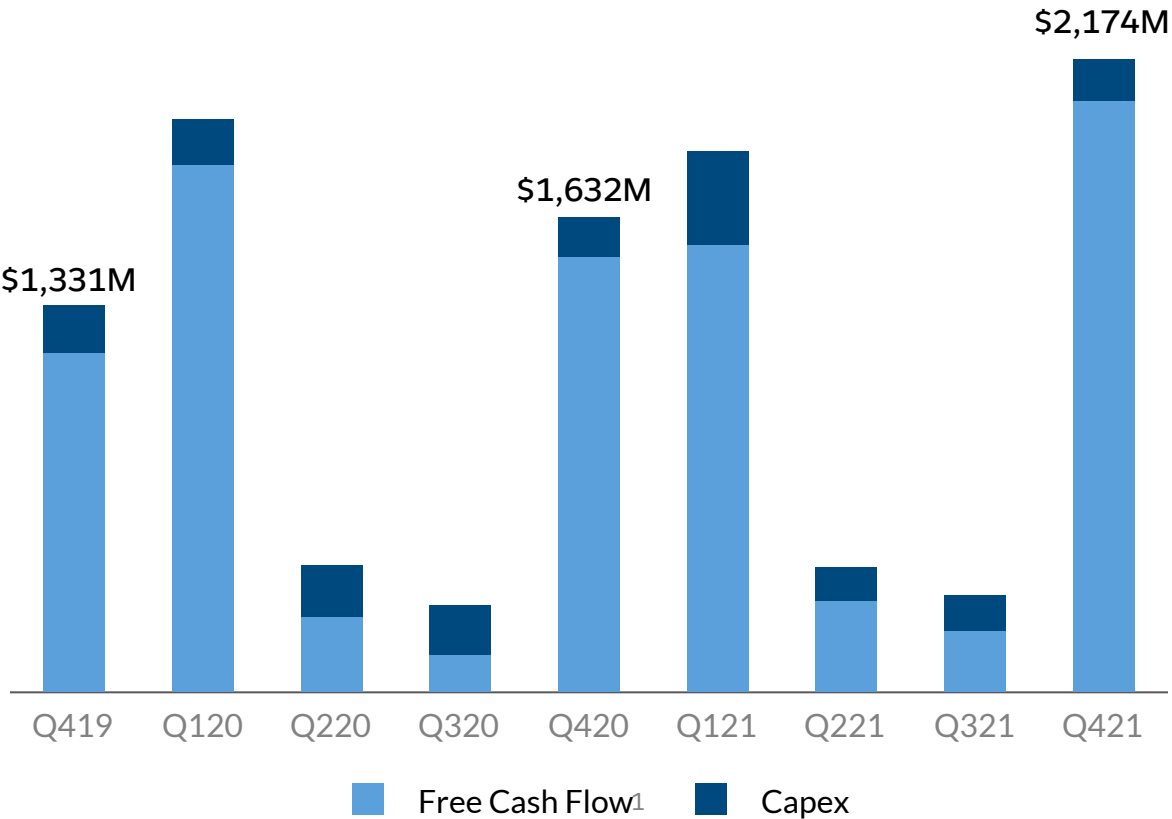
33%

OCF

Our fourth quarter has historically been our strongest quarter for new business and renewals and we generally invoice our customers annually.

As a result, our first quarter and, increasingly, our fourth quarter are our largest collections and operating cash flow quarters. Our second quarter and third quarter are seasonally smaller in regards to collections and operating cash flow.

The year-on-year compounding effect of this seasonality causes the value of invoices that we generate in the fourth quarter for both new business and renewals to increase as a portion of our total annual billings.

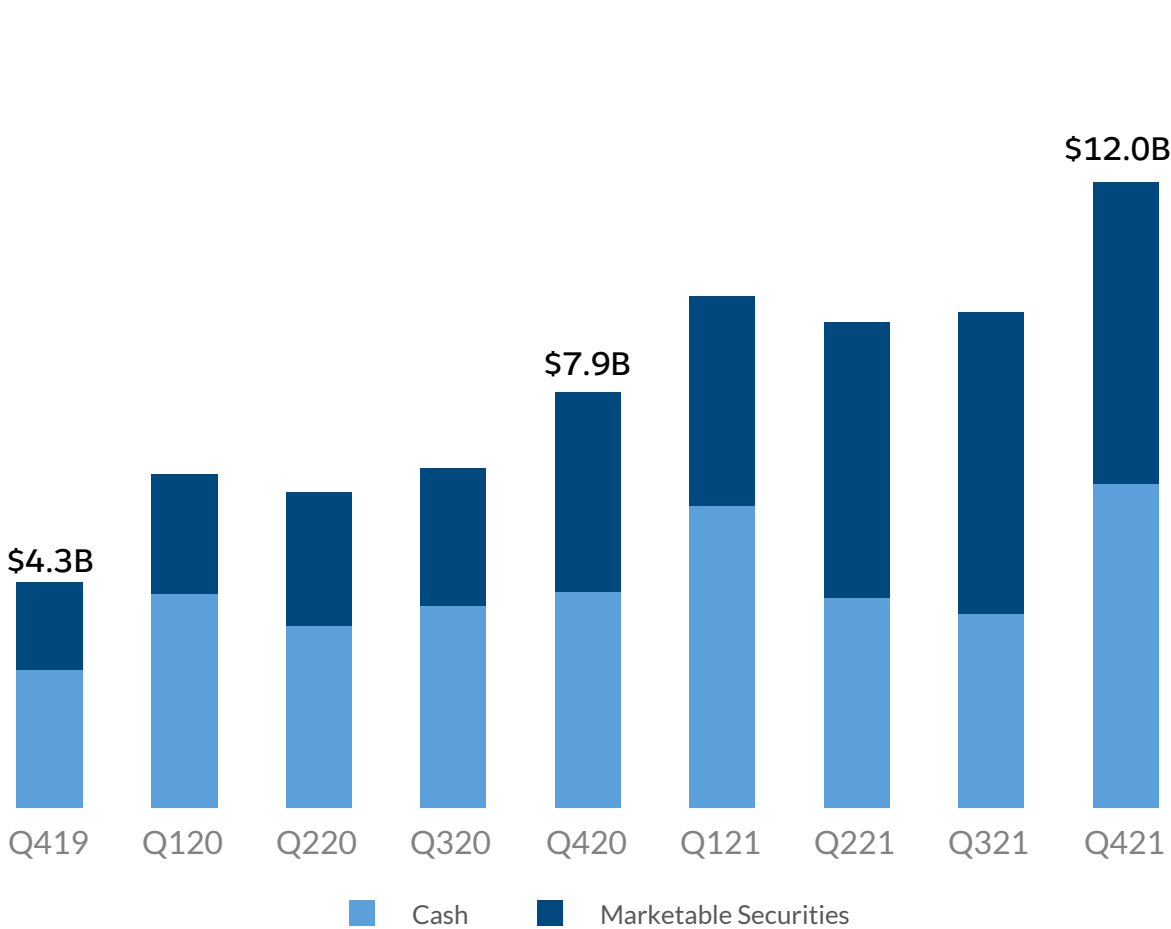


¹Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the Appendix for an explanation of non-GAAP financial measures, and why we believe these measures can be useful, as well as a table including the components of Free cash flow.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Marketable Securities



Strengthening Cash Balances



Q4 FY21
Y/Y Growth

51%

Total Cash and Marketable
Securities Y/Y Growth

Note: Growth rate based on reported actuals, not the rounded figures shown in the graph.

Business Overview

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Salesforce Customer 360

World's #1CRM | SSOT | Fast time to Value | Scalable & Flexible
Trailblazer Success & Community



One Complete and Intelligent 360 Platform

Experience



Intelligence

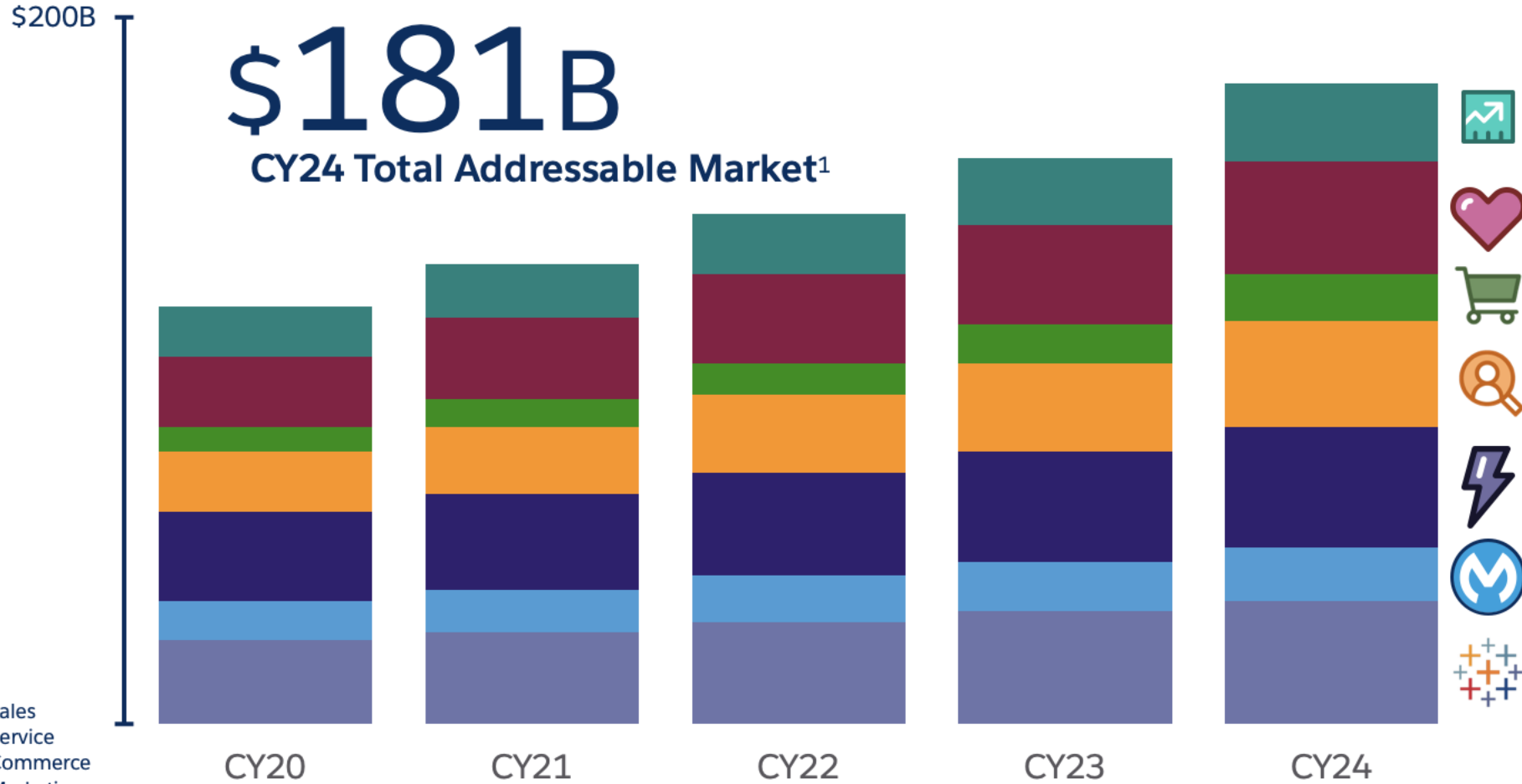


Data



Portfolio of Expanding TAMs

Total Addressable Market growth from CY20-CY24



11%
CY20-CY24
4YR CAGR²

Calculations performed by Salesforce and graphics created by Salesforce based on Gartner research. Refer to appendix slide "Gartner Content Details" for details on the calculations performed.

1. Calculations for Sales, Service, Marketing, Commerce and Analytics are based on Gartner, Forecast: Enterprise Application Software, Worldwide, 2018-2024, Q4 2020 Update, 22 December 2020. Calculations for Integration and Platform are based on Gartner, Forecast: Enterprise Infrastructure Software, Worldwide, 2018-2024, Q4 2020 Update, 22 December 2020.

2. 4 Year CAGR performed based on total TAM inclusive of recent acquisitions.

3. Platform defined as High Productivity aPaaS, High Control aPaaS, Application Platform Software, Business Process Management Suites, Digital Experience Platforms, Create, Verify.

4. Integration is defined as Full Life Cycle API Management, Integration Platform as a Service (iPaaS), Application Integration Suite, Data Integration Tools.

5. Analytics is defined as Modern BI Platforms, Traditional BI Platforms, Analytic Applications, Data Science Platforms, Location Intelligence.

Competitive Advantage



Values Attract Top Talent

Unmatched scale focused on CRM



Thank You



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Appendix



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation includes information about non-GAAP diluted earnings per share, non-GAAP income from operations, non-GAAP operating margin, free cash flow, and constant currency revenue and constant currency current remaining performance obligation growth rates (collectively the “non-GAAP financial measures”). These non-GAAP financial measures are measurements of financial performance that are not prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and computational methods may differ from those used by other companies. Non-GAAP financial measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures and should be read only in conjunction with the company’s consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Management uses both GAAP and non-GAAP measures when planning, monitoring, and evaluating the company’s performance.

The primary purpose of using non-GAAP measures is to provide supplemental information that may prove useful to investors and to enable investors to evaluate the company’s results in the same way management does. Management believes that supplementing GAAP disclosure with non-GAAP disclosure provides investors with a more complete view of the company’s operational performance and allows for meaningful period-to-period comparisons and analysis of trends in the company’s business. Further, to the extent that other companies use similar methods in calculating non-GAAP measures, the provision of supplemental non-GAAP information can allow for a comparison of the company’s relative performance against other companies that also report non-GAAP operating results.

Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share excludes, to the extent applicable, the impact of the following items: stock-based compensation, amortization of purchased intangibles, and income tax adjustments. These items are excluded because the decisions that give rise to them are not made to increase revenue in a particular period, but instead for the company’s long-term benefit over multiple periods.

Non-GAAP Operating Margin is the proportion of non-GAAP income from operations as a percentage of GAAP revenue. Non-GAAP income from operations excludes the impact of the following items: stock-based compensation, and amortization of acquisition-related intangibles.

The company defines the non-GAAP measure free cash flow as GAAP net cash provided by operating activities, less capital expenditures. For this purpose, capital expenditures does not include our strategic investments.

Constant currency information is provided as a framework for assessing how our underlying business performed excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present constant currency revenue, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the weighted average exchange rate for the quarter being compared to for growth rate calculations presented, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during that period. To present current remaining performance obligation on a constant currency basis, we convert the current remaining performance obligation balances in local currencies in previous comparable periods using the United States dollar currency exchange rate as of the most recent balance sheet date.



GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Reconciliation



(in millions)	Three Months Ended January 31,			Fiscal Year Ended
	2019	2020	2021	January 31, 2021
Non-GAAP income from operations¹				
GAAP income (loss) from operations	\$ 137	\$ (36)	\$ 193	\$ 455
Plus:				
Amortization of purchased intangibles	130	270	283	1,121
Stock-based expense	329	511	542	2,190
Non-GAAP income from operations	<u>\$ 596</u>	<u>\$ 745</u>	<u>\$ 1,018</u>	<u>\$ 3,766</u>

(in millions)	Three Months Ended January 31,			Fiscal Year Ended
	2019	2020	2021	January 31, 2021
Components of free cash flow, a non-GAAP measure				
GAAP net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,331	\$ 1,632	\$ 2,174	\$ 4,801
(Capital expenditures)	(167)	(136)	(149)	(710)
Free cash flow	<u>\$ 1,164</u>	<u>\$ 1,496</u>	<u>\$ 2,025</u>	<u>\$ 4,091</u>

Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share	Three Months Ended January 31,			Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal 2022
	2019	2020	2021	January 31, 2021	FY22 Guidance
GAAP diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.46	\$ (0.28)	\$ 0.28	\$ 4.38	(\$0.44) - (\$0.42)
Plus:					
Amortization of purchased intangibles	0.17	0.30	0.30	1.21	1.65
Stock-based expense	0.42	0.56	0.58	2.35	2.88
(Income tax effects and adjustments)	(0.35)	0.08	(0.12)	(3.02)	(0.70)
Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.70</u>	<u>\$ 0.66</u>	<u>\$ 1.04</u>	<u>\$ 4.92</u>	<u>\$3.39 - \$3.41</u>
Shares used in computing Non-GAAP diluted net income per share (millions)	786	911	939	930	990

¹Used to calculate non-GAAP operating margin