



AGNICO EAGLE



Second Quarter 2019 Results

Forward Looking Statements

The information in this presentation has been prepared as at July 25, 2019. Certain statements contained in this presentation constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" under the provisions of Canadian provincial securities laws and are referred to herein as "forward-looking statements". When used in this presentation, the words "anticipate", "could", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "future", "plan", "potential", "will" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements include, without limitation: the Company's forward-looking production guidance, including estimated ore grades, recovery rates, project timelines, drilling results, metal production, life of mine estimates, total cash costs per ounce, all-in sustaining costs per ounce, minesite costs per tonne, other expenses, cash flows and free cash flow; the estimated timing and conclusions of technical studies and evaluations; the methods by which ore will be extracted or processed; statements concerning the Company's ongoing construction activities at Amaruq, the Company's expansion plans at Kittila and the Company's ramp-up activities at Meliadine, including the timing, funding, completion and commissioning thereof; statements concerning other expansion projects, recovery rates, mill throughput, optimization and projected exploration, including costs and other estimates upon which such projections are based; statements regarding timing and amounts of capital expenditures and other expenditures; estimates of future mineral reserves, mineral resources, mineral production, optimization efforts and sales; estimates of future capital expenditures and other cash needs, and expectations as to the funding thereof; future dividend amounts and payment dates; the projected development of certain ore deposits, including estimates of exploration, development and production and other capital costs and estimates of the timing of such exploration, development and production or decisions with respect to such exploration, development and production; estimates of mineral reserves and mineral resources and the effect of drill results on future mineral reserves and mineral resources; statements regarding the Company's ability to obtain the necessary permits and authorizations in connection with its proposed or current exploration, development and mining operations and the anticipated timing thereof; statements regarding anticipated future exploration; the anticipated timing of events with respect to the Company's mine sites; statements regarding the sufficiency of the Company's cash resources and other statements regarding anticipated trends with respect to the Company's operations, exploration and the funding thereof; and statements regarding the outcome of discussions with First Nations groups. Such statements reflect the Company's views as at the date of this presentation and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of factors and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by Agnico Eagle as of the date of such statements, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. The material factors and assumptions used in the preparation of the forward looking statements contained herein, which may prove to be incorrect, include, but are not limited to, the assumptions set forth herein and in management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") and the Company's Annual Information Form ("AIF") for the year ended December 31, 2018 filed with Canadian securities regulators and that are included in its Annual Report on Form 40-F for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("Form 40-F") filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as well as: that there are no significant disruptions affecting operations; that production, permitting, development and expansion at each of Agnico Eagle's properties proceeds on a basis consistent with current expectations and plans; that the relevant metal prices, foreign exchange rates and prices for key mining and construction supplies will be consistent with Agnico Eagle's expectations; that Agnico Eagle's current estimates of mineral reserves, mineral resources, mineral grades and metal recovery are accurate; that there are no material delays in the timing for completion and commissioning of ongoing growth projects; seismic activity at the Company's operations at LaRonde is as expected by the Company; that the Company's current plans to optimize production are successful; and that there are no material variations in the current tax and regulatory environment. Many factors, known and unknown, could cause the actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such risks include, but are not limited to: the volatility of prices of gold and other metals; uncertainty of mineral reserves, mineral resources, mineral grades and mineral recovery estimates; uncertainty of future production, project development, capital expenditures and other costs; foreign exchange rate fluctuations; financing of additional capital requirements; cost of exploration and development programs; seismic activity at the Company's operations, including the LaRonde mine; mining risks; community protests, including by First Nations groups; risks associated with foreign operations; the unfavorable outcome of litigation involving the Canadian Malartic General Partnership; governmental and environmental regulation; the volatility of the Company's stock price; and risks associated with the Company's currency, fuel and by-product metal derivative strategies. For a more detailed discussion of such risks and other factors that may affect the Company's ability to achieve the expectations set forth in the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, see the AIF and MD&A filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and included in the Form 40-F filed on EDGAR at www.sec.gov, as well as the Company's other filings with the Canadian securities regulators and the SEC. Other than as required by law, the Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements.

Currency

All amounts in this presentation are expressed in U.S. dollars except as otherwise noted.

Further Information

For further details on Agnico Eagle's second quarter 2019 results, please see the Company's news release dated July 24, 2019.

Note Regarding the Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation discloses certain measures, including "total cash costs per ounce" and "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" that are not standardized measures under IFRS. These data may not be comparable to data reported by other issuers. For a reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable financial information reported in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS and for an explanation of how management uses these measures, see "Non-GAAP Financial Performance Measures" in the MD&A filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and included in the Form 6-K filed on EDGAR at www.sec.gov, as well as the Company's other filings with the Canadian securities regulators and the SEC.

The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced is reported on both a by-product basis (deducting by-product metal revenues from production costs) and co-product basis (without deducting by-product metal revenues). Unless otherwise specified total cash costs per ounce of gold produced is reported on a by-product basis in this presentation. The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis is calculated by adjusting production costs as recorded in the consolidated statements of income for by-product revenues, unsold concentrate inventory production costs, smelting, refining and marketing charges and other adjustments, and then dividing by the number of ounces of gold produced. The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a co-product basis is calculated in the same manner as the total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis except that no adjustment is made for by-product metal revenues. Accordingly, the calculation of total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a co-product basis does not reflect a reduction in production costs or smelting, refining and marketing charges associated with the production and sale of by-product metals. The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced is intended to provide information about the cash-generating capabilities of the Company's mining operations. Management also uses these measures to monitor the performance of the Company's mining operations. As market prices for gold are quoted on a per ounce basis, using the total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis measure allows management to assess a mine's cash-generating capabilities at various gold prices.

All-in sustaining costs per ounce ("AISC") is used to show the full cost of gold production from current operations. The Company calculates all-in sustaining costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis as the aggregate of total cash costs per ounce on a by-product basis, sustaining capital expenditures (including capitalized exploration), general and administrative expenses (including stock options) and reclamation expenses. The all-in sustaining costs per ounce of gold produced on a co-product basis is calculated in the same manner as the all-in sustaining costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis, except that the total cash costs per ounce on a co-product basis are used, meaning no adjustment is made for by-product metal revenues. Management is aware that these per ounce measures of performance can be affected by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and, in the case of total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis, by-product metal prices. Management compensates for these inherent limitations by using these measures in conjunction with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS. The World Gold Council ("WGC") is a non-regulatory market development organization for the gold industry. Although the WGC is not a mining industry regulatory organization, it has worked closely with its member companies to develop relevant non-GAAP measures. The Company follows the guidance on all-in sustaining costs released by the WGC in November 2018. Adoption of the all-in sustaining costs metric is voluntary and, notwithstanding the Company's adoption of the WGC's guidance, all-in sustaining costs per ounce of gold produced reported by the Company may not be comparable to data reported by other gold producers. The Company believes that this measure provides helpful information about operating performance. However, this non-GAAP measure should be considered together with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS as it is not necessarily indicative of operating costs or cash flow measures prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The Company calculates mine operating profit for a given period by taking the amount equal to the Company's gold production from its mines multiplied by the differential in the price of gold over the total cash costs per ounce. Management uses mine operating profit as a means of assessing the cash flow generation of the business. Estimates of mine operating profit in future periods are based on the Company's production guidance, total cash cost guidance and internal forecasts as of the date hereof.

Note Regarding Production Guidance

The gold production guidance is based on the Company's mineral reserves but includes contingencies and assumes metal prices and foreign exchange rates that are different from those used in the mineral reserve estimates. These factors and others mean that the gold production guidance presented in this presentation does not reconcile exactly with the production models used to support these mineral reserves.

The Company's production guidance at Meliadine is based, in part, on the results of preliminary economic assessments. These preliminary economic assessments include inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the production guidance set out in this presentation will be realized. The preliminary economic assessment used in respect of the Meliadine mine project included 3.6 million contained ounces of inferred mineral resource, 3.3 million contained ounces of measured and indicated mineral resource and 3.4 million contained ounces of proven and probable mineral reserve. For further information on the Company's production guidance at Meliadine, including the qualifications and assumptions made in connection with the preparation of the assessments, please see the Company's press release dated February 14, 2019 and the Company's AIF, as well as the Company's other filings with the Canadian securities regulators and the SEC.

Building A Long Term, Low Risk, Sustainable, Self Funding Business



- Record gold production expected in 2019 with 2.0Moz anticipated in 2020 and beyond
 - Completing large expansion in Nunavut in 2019
 - Capital spending expected to decline significantly as the Company moves to a cash "harvest" mode
- Operating in low-political risk, pro-mining jurisdictions
- Longer term project pipeline provides additional opportunities to add value
- Deep "bench strength" – broad range of technical skills and experience
- Target is to be a self-funding business with steady growth in gold production per share and cash flow per share

Second Quarter 2019 Highlights



- **Solid operating results** – Payable gold production in Q2 2019 was 412koz including pre-commercial production ounces at Meliadine (30koz) and Amaruq (2koz) at \$735 production costs/oz, \$652 total cash costs/oz and \$953 all-in sustaining costs/oz (“AISC”). Production costs, total cash costs and AISC exclude Meliadine and Amaruq pre-commercial production
- **Meliadine mine declared commercial production on May 14, 2019** – Total pre-commercial production was 47koz. Total project development capital costs for Meliadine were ~\$830M (below the forecast of \$900M). Operations are continuing to ramp up and expected production for 2019 is unchanged at ~230koz gold (including pre-commercial production ounces)
- **Amaruq project remains on schedule for commercial production** – Mining impacted by slower than expected dewatering activities (related to adverse weather conditions) and a longer than expected caribou migration period. Despite this, the project continues to ramp up, with commercial production expected to be achieved late Q3 2019. FY2019 production guidance for the Meadowbank Complex remains unchanged at 230koz gold, including ~ 95koz to 105koz from Meadowbank
- **Production and cost guidance maintained for 2019** – Total production guidance remains unchanged at 1.75Moz gold (including pre-commercial production ounces from Meliadine and Amaruq). Total cash costs/oz and AISC for 2019 are expected to continue to be in the range of \$620 to \$670 and \$875 and \$925, respectively
- **Increased Capital Budget for 2019** – Capital costs are now estimated at \$750M (previous guidance was \$660M). Increased capital costs are primarily due to lower pre-commercial gold sales at Meliadine, advancement of the Amaruq underground development program (based on positive exploration results to date) and accelerated spending on the Meliadine saline water treatment system (receipt of discharge permit earlier than expected)
- **A quarterly dividend of \$0.125 per share was declared**

Exploration Continues to Enhance Minesite and Pipeline Projects



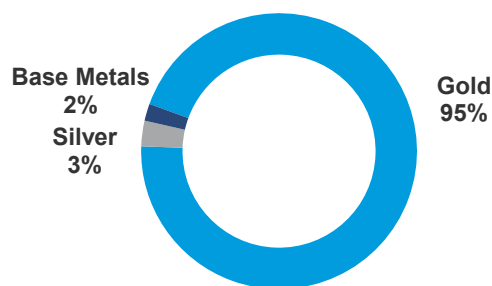
- **Amaruq exploration ramp and conversion results** – The exploration ramp has reached 192m depth between the Whale Tail and V Zones; drilling from the ramp started in late June and is expected to increase the rate of conversion to underground indicated mineral resources
- **Meliadine exploration focused on Tiriganiaq at depth** – Two new lodes discovered approximately 75m north of previously known Tiriganiaq mineralization, at depth in the southwest, including 9.2 grams per tonne ("g/t") gold over 4.6m at 812m depth, the deepest reported intercept to date at Meliadine
- **Kittila conversion yields strong grades and widths in Rimpi Zone** – Conversion drilling cut three closely-spaced intercepts over 48m core length: 6.5 g/t gold over 3.9m, 9.7 g/t gold over 13.1m and 6.0 g/t gold over 13.6m at ~950m depth
- **Santa Gertrudis exploration extends high-grade mineralization in Amelia Deposit** – Recent drill results, such as 8.2 g/t gold over 7.3m at 208m depth, have extended the Amelia deposit (in the Trinidad Zone) to 700m strike length and 450m depth; the deposit remains open along strike and at depth

Operating Results

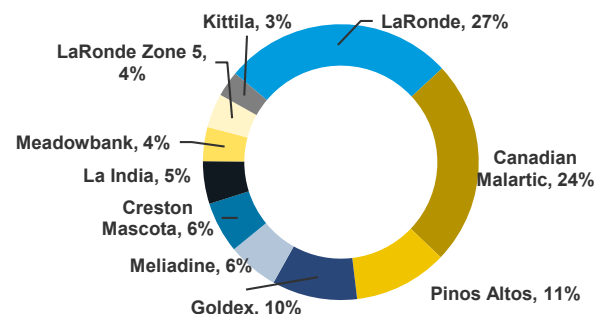
Stable Operational Performance

	Q2 2019			Q2 YTD 2019	
	Production* (Gold oz)	Total Cash Costs** (\$/oz)	Operating Margin (\$000's)	Production* (Gold oz)	Total Cash Costs** (\$/oz)
Northern Business					
LaRonde	76,587	\$ 506	\$ 66,902	154,020	\$ 497
LaRonde Zone 5	16,170	\$ 780	\$ 8,882	29,158	\$ 733
Lapa	-	\$ -	\$ -	5	\$ -
Goldex	34,325	\$ 589	\$ 25,126	68,779	\$ 574
Canadian Malartic (50%)	84,311	\$ 607	\$ 60,232	167,981	\$ 589
Kittila	20,077	\$ 619	\$ 8,205	69,413	\$ 730
Meadowbank	39,457	\$ 1,066	\$ 9,244	82,959	\$ 982
Meliadine	61,112	\$ 850	\$ 15,033	78,694	\$ 850
	332,039	\$ 672	\$ 193,624	651,009	\$ 653
Southern Business					
Pinos Altos	41,740	\$ 597	\$ 27,281	84,470	\$ 545
Creston Mascota	18,336	\$ 320	\$ 14,863	31,865	\$ 407
La India	20,200	\$ 780	\$ 11,346	43,188	\$ 769
	80,276	\$ 580	\$ 53,490	159,523	\$ 578
Total	412,315	\$ 652	\$ 247,114	810,532	\$ 638

Q2 2019 Revenue by Metal



Q2 2019 Total Operating Margin – \$247.1M



* Gold production includes pre-commercial production from Amaruq (2koz for Q2 and Q2 YTD 2019) and Meliadine (30koz for Q2 2019 and 47koz for Q2 YTD 2019)

** Excludes Amaruq and Meliadine pre-commercial production

Financial Highlights

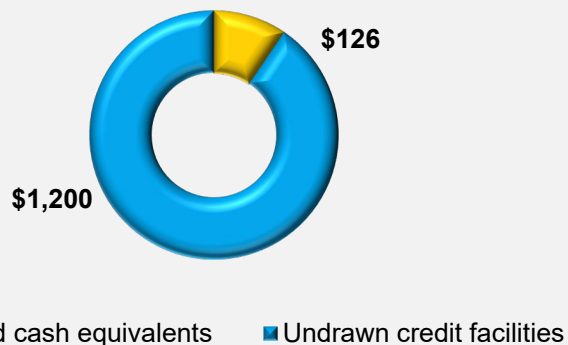
Stronger Cash Flow Performance Expected in Second Half of 2019

	Q2 2019	Q2 2018	Q2 YTD 2019	Q2 YTD 2018
Realized Gold Price (\$/oz)	\$1,318	\$1,293	\$1,311	\$1,313
Revenues (millions)	\$527	\$556	\$1,059	\$1,135
Earnings (millions)	\$28	\$5	\$65	\$50
Earnings per share (basic)	\$0.12	\$0.02	\$0.28	\$0.21
Cash provided by operating activities* (millions)	\$126	\$120	\$275	\$328
Operating Cash flow per share* (basic)	\$0.54	\$0.52	\$1.17	\$1.41

* After changes in non-cash components of working capital.

Strong Financial Liquidity Underpins Current Growth Phase

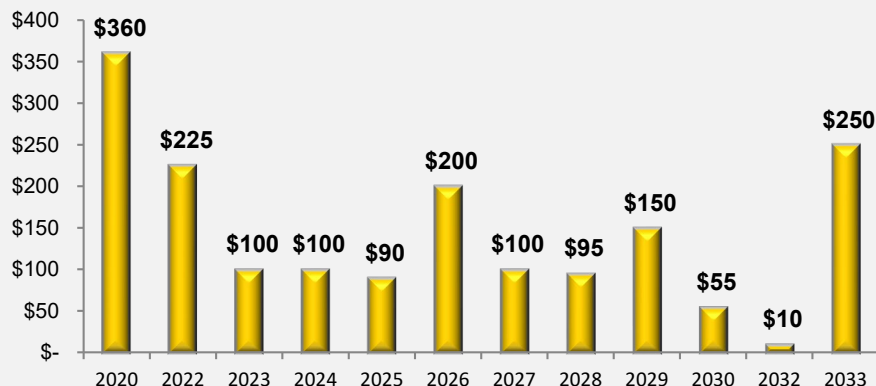
Strong Available Liquidity - \$1.3B*



*As at June 30, 2019 excluding accordion

- As at June 30, 2019 the Company had strong liquidity with \$126M in cash and cash equivalents and \$1.2B (excluding \$300M accordion) in undrawn credit lines available
- Low share count of 237M fully diluted shares after 61 years of operating history

Debt Maturities**

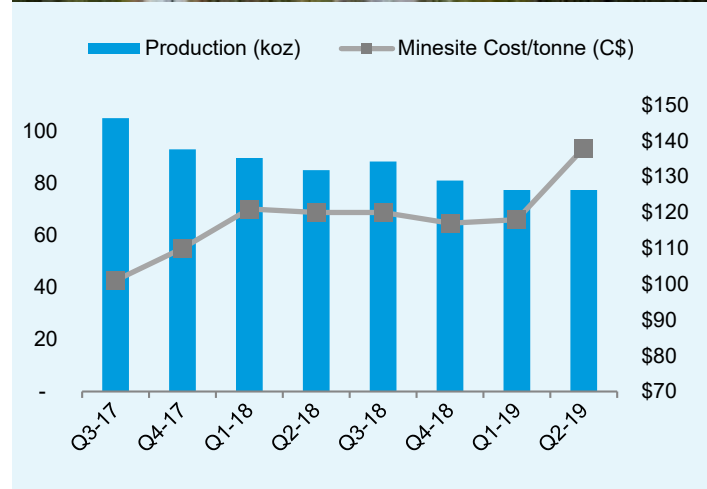


**As at June 30, 2019



Strong Operating Performance Despite Underground and Mill Maintenance Shutdowns

Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
3.1	0.5	0.9	77	\$506



- To address wear related issues in the ore handling system at LaRonde, a previously reported, 10-day unplanned, underground maintenance shutdown occurred in May 2019
- Concurrent with the 10-day underground shutdown, a five-day planned mill maintenance shutdown occurred. In addition, there were four days of unscheduled maintenance on the LaRonde ball mill, for a total mill shutdown of nine days. These shutdowns resulted in lower tonnes processed in Q2 2019
- During Q2 2019, the Quebec government granted authorization to combine the daily capacity at both the LaRonde and LaRonde Zone 5 mill circuits, which increases production flexibility at the LaRonde Complex. Previously, ore milled at each operation had been accounted for separately

LaRonde Zone 5 (LZ5)

Higher Grades and Throughput Continue to Drive Solid Quarterly Performance; Initial Autonomous Mining Testing Achieved Favourable Results

Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
0.7	0.5	0.5	16	\$780



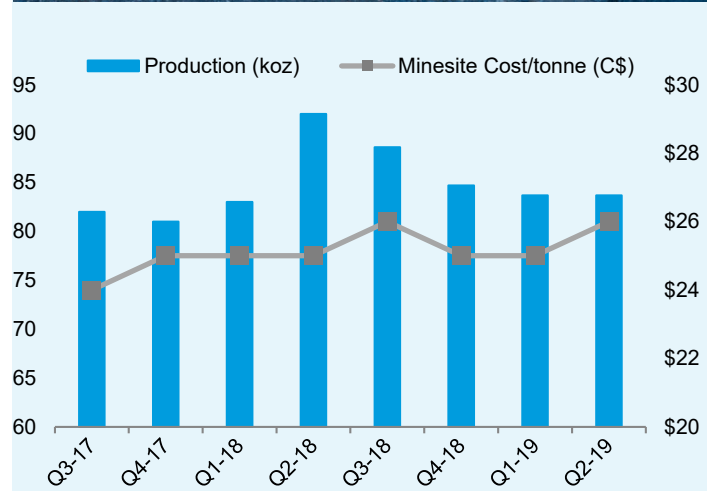
- Integration and pilot testing of automated mining equipment (two trucks and one scoop tram) continued in Q2 2019 and will be ongoing over the balance of the year
- During Q2 2019, the Company tested autonomous mining at LZ5 on weekend night shifts when underground activity was at reduced levels. Testing yielded favourable results as autonomous mucking and hauling of ore from underground to surface was successfully achieved
- Under the current LZ5 mine plan, a total of ~350koz of gold are expected to be mined through 2026. The Company is evaluating scenarios to integrate the additional mineral reserves in the down plunge extension of the LZ5 deposit into the mine plan along with the potential to process additional tonnage through the LaRonde Complex

See AEM February 14, 2019 press release and appendix for detailed breakdown of mineral reserves and mineral resources

Canadian Malartic (50% Interest)

New Quarterly Mill Throughput Record

Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
2.8	0.4	0.1	84	\$607

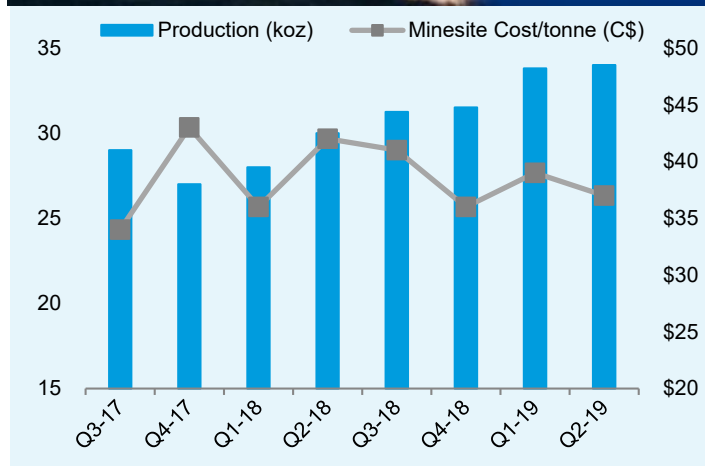


- Despite new quarterly mill throughput record, gold production in Q2 2019 decreased when compared to the prior-year period due to lower grades
- Work on the Barnat extension project is on budget and on schedule. Work is primarily focused on the Highway 117 road deviation, overburden stripping and topographic drilling/rock excavation
- The highway deviation work re-started in Q2 2019 and is expected to be completed in Q4 2019. Production activities at Barnat are expected to begin in late 2019 (after completion of the highway deviation)
- Exploration programs are ongoing to evaluate several underground deposits to the east of the Canadian Malartic open pit, including the Odyssey, East Malartic, Sladen and Sheehan zones. These opportunities have the potential to provide new sources of ore for the Canadian Malartic mill

See AEM February 14, 2019 press release and appendix for detailed breakdown of mineral reserves and mineral resources

Increase in Rail-Veyor Productivity Drives Strong Quarterly Performance

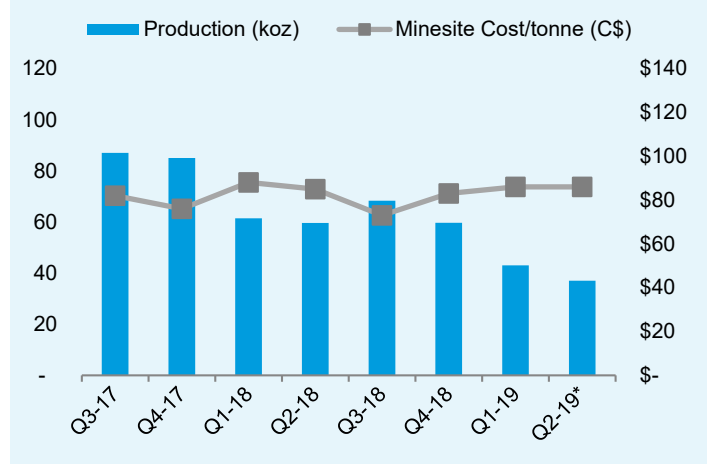
Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
1.1	1.7	1.3	34	\$589



- Gold production in Q2 2019 increased when compared to the prior-year period due to higher throughput levels as a result of higher utilization of the Rail-Veyor system, which achieved its best monthly production of ~5,500 tpd in June
- Mining in the South Zone continued in Q2 2019. Stopes mined to-date have shown better grades than expected and confirm dilution and recovery assumptions. ~1 stope/month from the South Zone is expected to be mined in H2 2019
- Evaluation of the potential for the South Zone to provide additional incremental ore feed to the mill continues
- Drilling at the Deep 2 Zone continued in Q2 2019, focusing on areas below the current mineral reserve limit of Level 130. A ventilation upgrade was completed and the development of the exploration ramp for the Deep 2 Zone resumed in the Q2 2019

Additional Mining at Portage Pit Extends Production into Q3 2019

Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production* (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
0.1	0.1	—	37	\$1,066



- Gold production in Q2 2019 decreased when compared to the prior-year period as expected due to anticipated lower grades from processing marginal ore stockpile as the mine transitions through the last few months of mining at the Meadowbank site
- At the end of Q2 2019, a test batch of low-grade Amaruq ore was processed in the mill confirming ore characteristics and recoveries. The 2koz of gold produced are included in the pre-commercial production
- Mining and milling activities at the Meadowbank site have been extended to Q3 2019, largely due to additional ore being sourced from the Portage pit. Production at the Meadowbank mine in 2019 is now expected to be between 95k to 105koz gold, compared to the previous guidance of 65koz

See AEM February 14, 2019 press release and appendix for detailed breakdown of mineral reserves and mineral resources

Amaruq Project – Development Activities Continue to Ramp Up; Commercial Production Expected Late Q3/19; Drilling Continues to Enhance U/G Potential



- Mining at Whale Tail was impacted by slower than expected pit dewatering activities (related to adverse weather conditions) and a longer than expected caribou migration period. Final lake dewatering is expected to be completed in late Q3 2019
- 2019 production guidance for the Meadowbank Complex remains unchanged at 230koz gold, but with a higher percentage of ounces produced from Meadowbank ore (see previous Meadowbank slide)
- In late June 2019, ~39.2k tonnes of low-grade ore (1.83 g/t gold) from the Whale Tail deposit was processed at the Meadowbank mill to test the characteristics of the ore and was in line with expectations
- At Amaruq, total project development capital expenditures are forecast to be ~\$350 to \$370 million. Some variability is expected depending on the timing of the achievement of commercial production, prevailing gold prices and foreign exchange rates
- As a result of ongoing positive exploration drilling, an additional \$21M has been added to the capital forecast for the Amaruq underground project to fund increased underground development and conversion drilling. This accelerated program could help facilitate potential underground production in 2022

Commercial Production Achieved on Schedule and Under Budget; Production Ramp Up Ongoing; Drilling outlines New Tiriganiaq Ore Lenses at Depth

Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production* (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
3.8	3.2	2.6	31	\$850

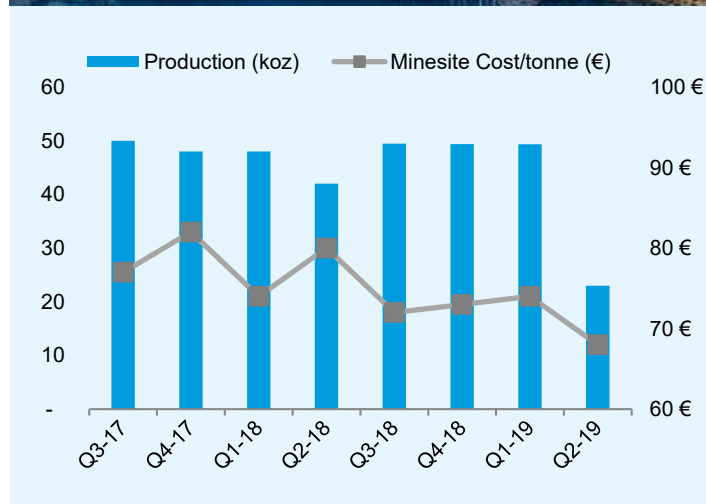


- Declared commercial production on May 14, 2019
- After accounting for lower pre-commercial production gold sales (which would have offset some of the capital costs), total project construction costs (at the date of commercial production) were ~\$830M (below the forecast of \$900M)
- Underground operations continued to ramp up in Q2 2019 and 3 mining horizons are now well established. A fourth mining horizon is scheduled to be operational in September
- The process plant continues to ramp up towards nameplate capacity of 3,750 tpd. The plant has operated at up to 3,900 tpd during Q2 2019. During the quarter, recoveries averaged 92.1%, which was slightly below guidance. Work is underway to increase recoveries
- Production guidance (including pre-commercial production ounces) for 2019 remains unchanged at ~230koz gold

See AEM February 14, 2019 press release and appendix for detailed breakdown of mineral reserves and mineral resources

Autoclave Re-line Maintenance Completed on Schedule; Exploration Extends Sisar Zone

Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
4.4	1.6	1.0	20	\$619

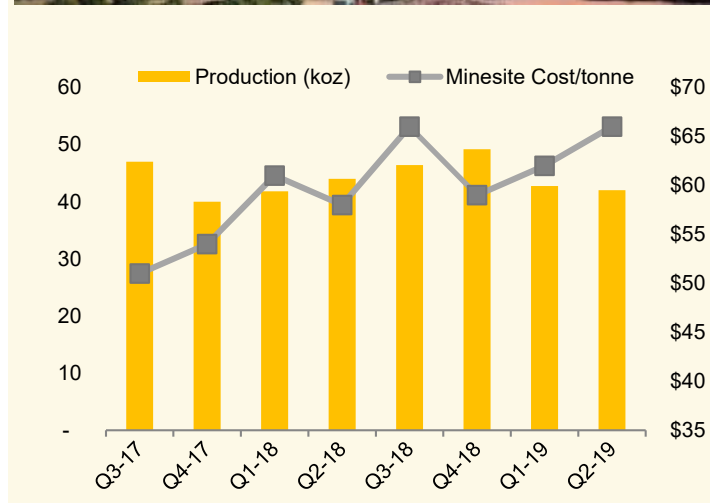


- During Q2 2019, a scheduled mill shutdown took place for a 58-day period to allow for full autoclave relining. The last full autoclave relining was carried out in 2013. During the mill shutdown, underground mining continued and generated a sizable surface stockpile
- The mill expansion is advancing as planned. During the scheduled mill shutdown in Q2 2019, tie-in work was completed
- The shaft project is ongoing with all segments of the raise boring completed in Q2 2019. In addition, slashing of the first section of the raise boring was completed in July 2019. Raise boring of the ore silos is scheduled to be completed later in 2019 and construction of the head frame is expected to begin in Q3 2019



Cubiro and Sinter Satellite Development Proceeding as Planned; Conversion Drilling Begins at Cubiro and Exploration Continues to Extend Reyna de Plata East Zone

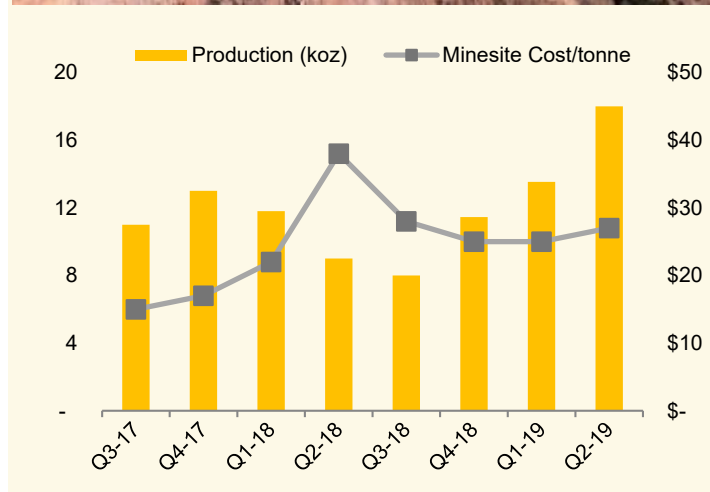
Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
1.2	1.1	0.3	42	\$597



- Gold production in Q2 2019 decreased when compared to the prior-year period due to a decrease in tonnes stacked on the heap leach, partially offset by higher grades
- At Sinter, the development of the underground continued while ore production at the open pit began in Q2 2019
- At Cubiro, 417m of underground ramp development was completed in Q2 2019 (~1,155 m completed to-date)
- In 2018, the Company completed the installation of an ore sorting pilot plant at Pinos Altos. To-date, open pit ore from the Sinter deposit has yielded favourable preliminary results. Similar ore sorting pilot testing is being considered at the Company's other operating regions
- Drilling extends the Reyna de Plata East Zone yielding 4.5 g/t gold and 92 g/t silver over 20.7m at 108m depth. At Cubiro, underground delineation is underway to convert mineral resources to mineral reserves by year-end 2019

Processing of Bravo High-Grade Ore at Pinos Altos Mill Drives Strong Operational Performance

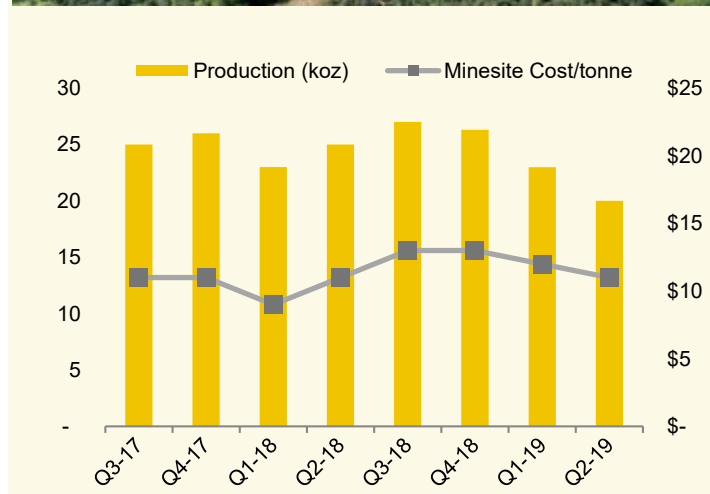
Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
0.08	0.03	0.01	18	\$320



- Gold production in Q2 2019 increased significantly when compared to the prior-year period due to higher tonnes processed and higher grades. In addition, higher grade ore from the Bravo pit was processed at the Pinos Altos mill during Q2 2019. Quarterly production levels are expected to be significantly lower in H2 2019 (more in line with 2019 production guidance)
- Due to the higher silver content in the ore mined and to enhance gold and silver recoveries, a sixth carbon column was installed in the circuit and commissioned in Q2 2019
- 2019 is expected to be the last year of mining activities. Mining is expected to continue until Q4 2019 with leaching activities expected to continue through 2020

Leach Pad Expansion Completed; Drilling Expands Mineralization at Chipriona and El Realito

Proven & probable gold reserves (million oz)	Measured & indicated gold resources (million oz)	Inferred gold resource (million oz)	Q2 2019 Production (koz)	Q2 2019 Total Cash Costs/oz
0.6	0.3	0.03	20	\$780



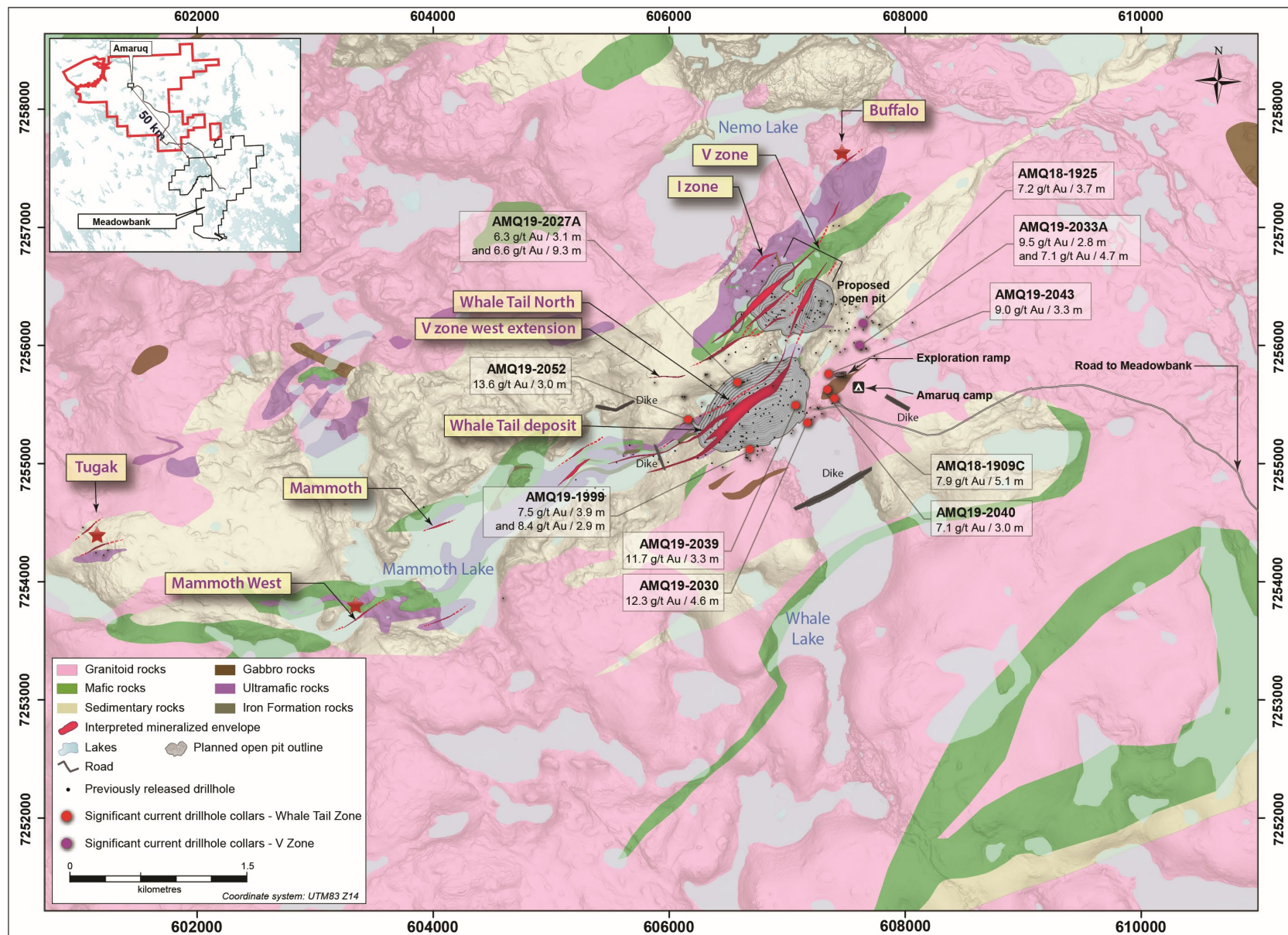
- Gold production in Q2 2019 decreased when compared to the prior-year period due to less tonnes stacked on the heap leach as a result of higher clay content in the ore mined. Belt agglomeration testing (adding cement to the ore at the transfer chutes) is currently underway to help improve percolation of leach solutions on the heap leach pad
- The heap leach expansion project was completed during Q2 2019 and stacking of ore commenced
- Detailed engineering is underway to optimize the crushing circuit to potentially increase capacity from 17k to 18k tpd
- Drilling extended the Chipriona polymetallic zone to the southeast. High-grade intercepts included 4.1 g/t gold and 190 g/t silver over 18.3m at 71m depth. Results of the 2019 drill program are expected to enhance the mineral resource estimate at year-end

See AEM February 14, 2019 press release and appendix for detailed breakdown of mineral reserves and mineral resources

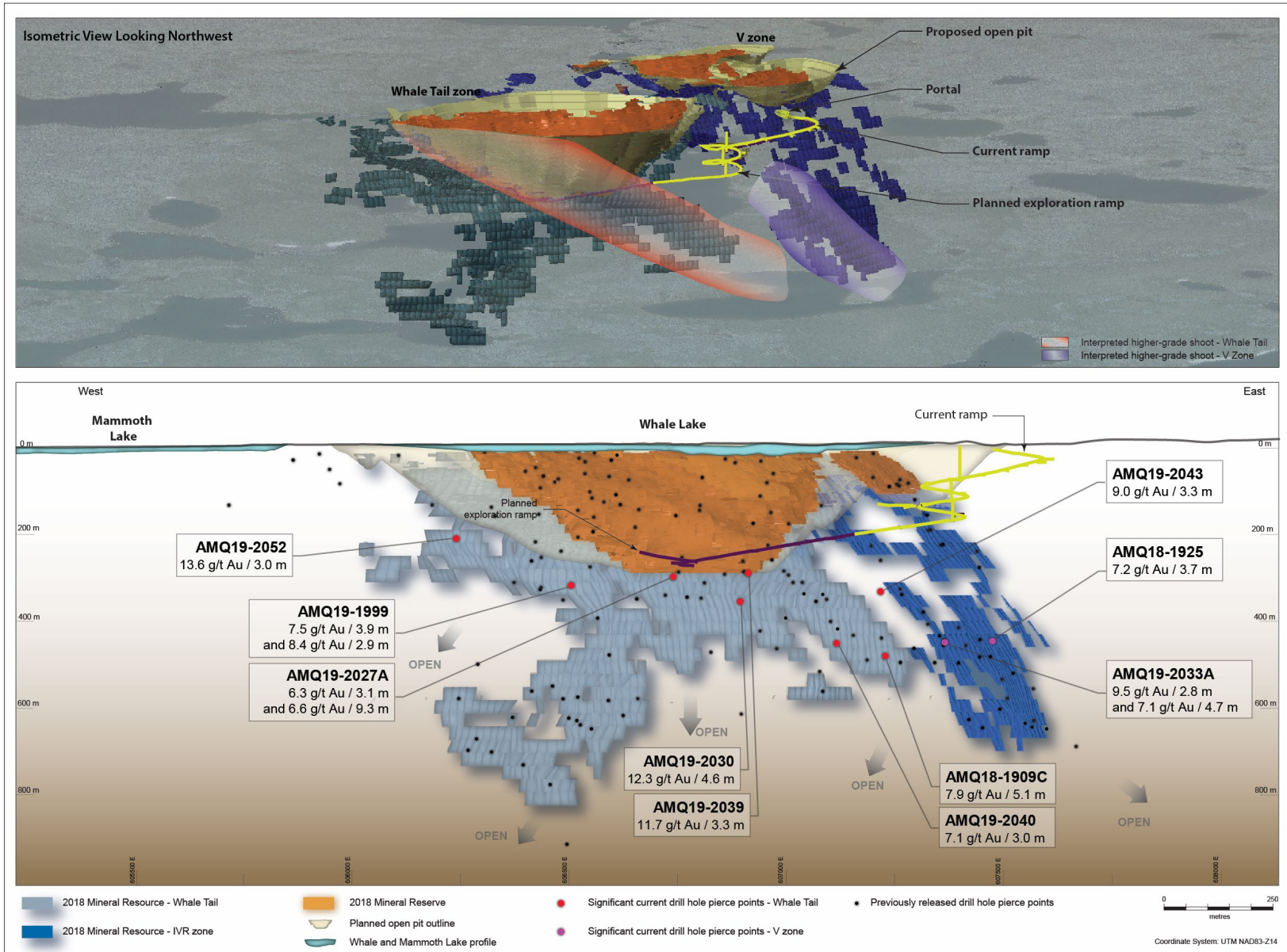
Appendix



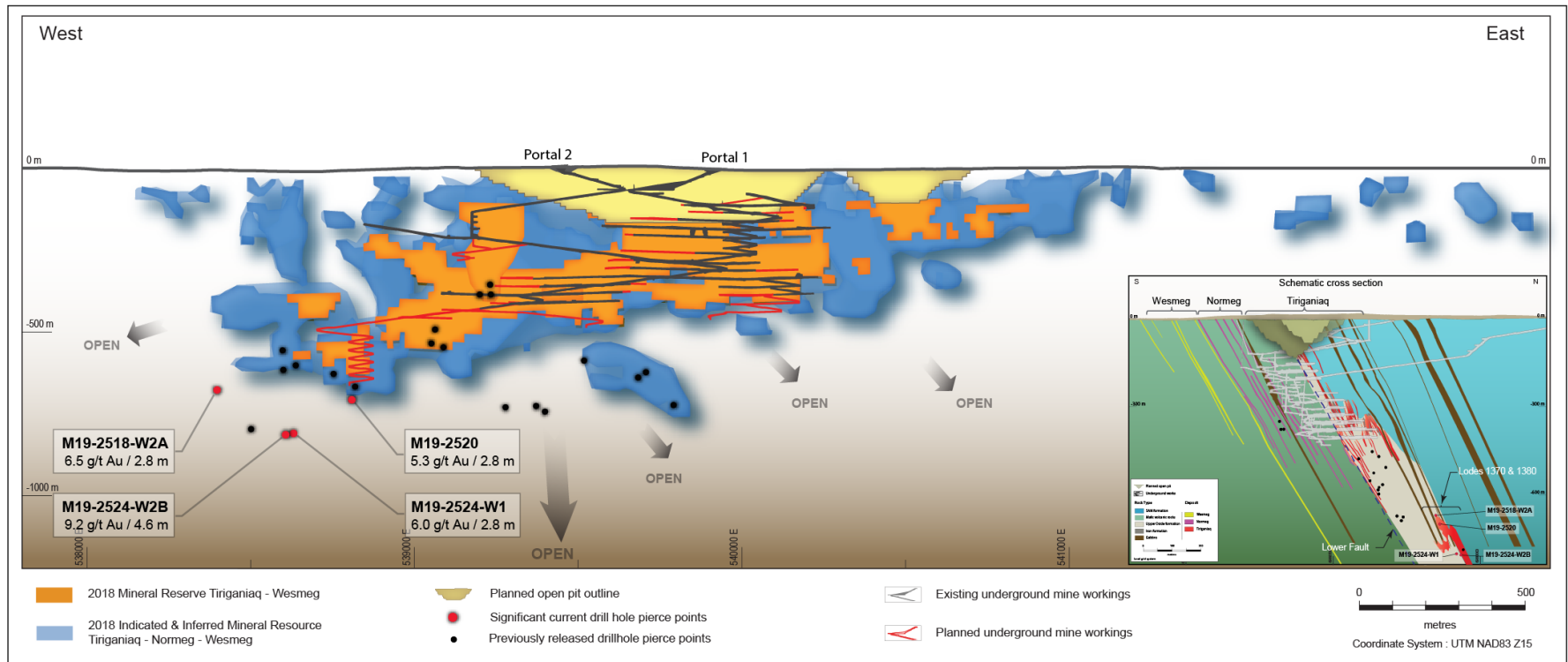
Amaruq Project – Local Geology Map



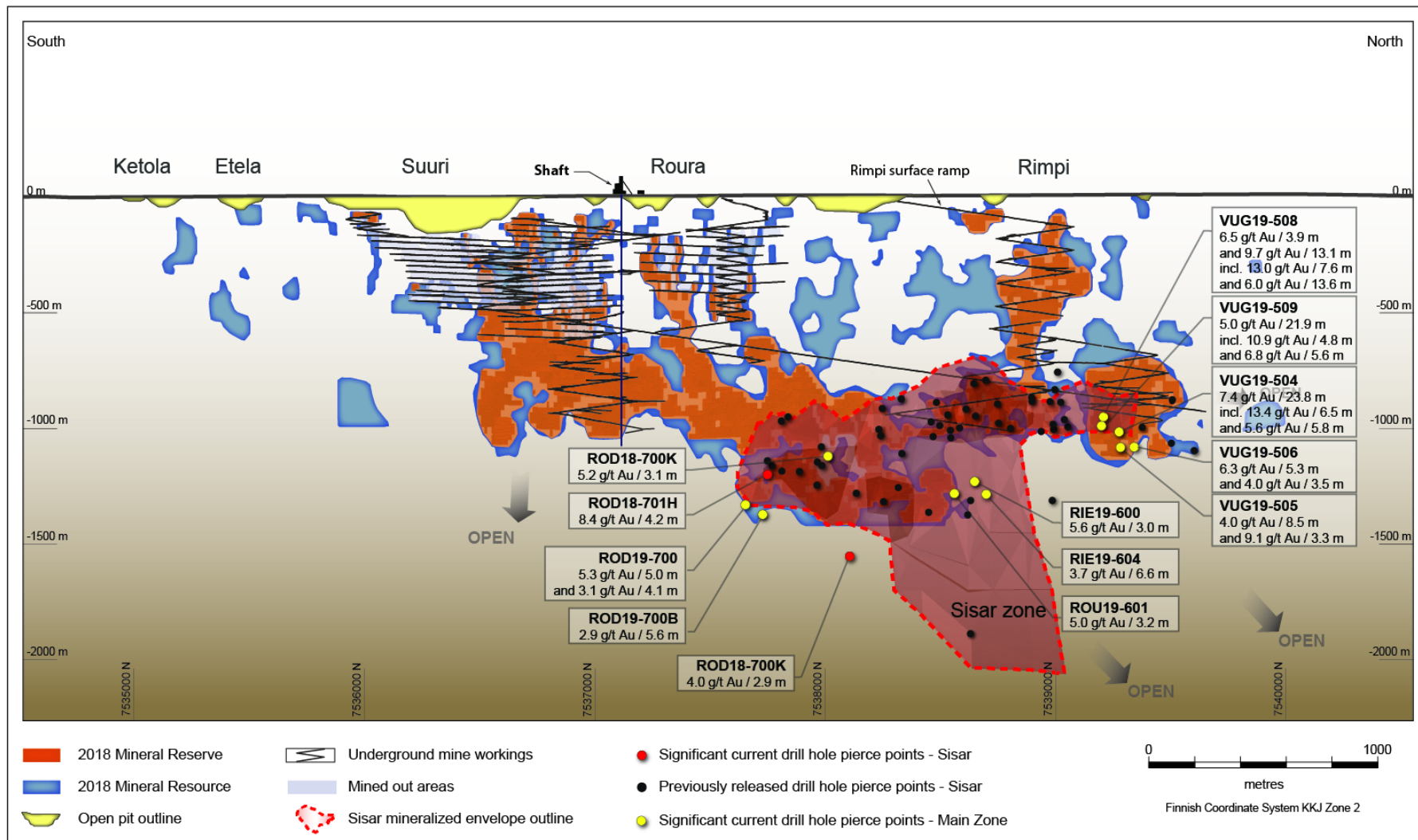
Amaruq Project – Composite Longitudinal Section



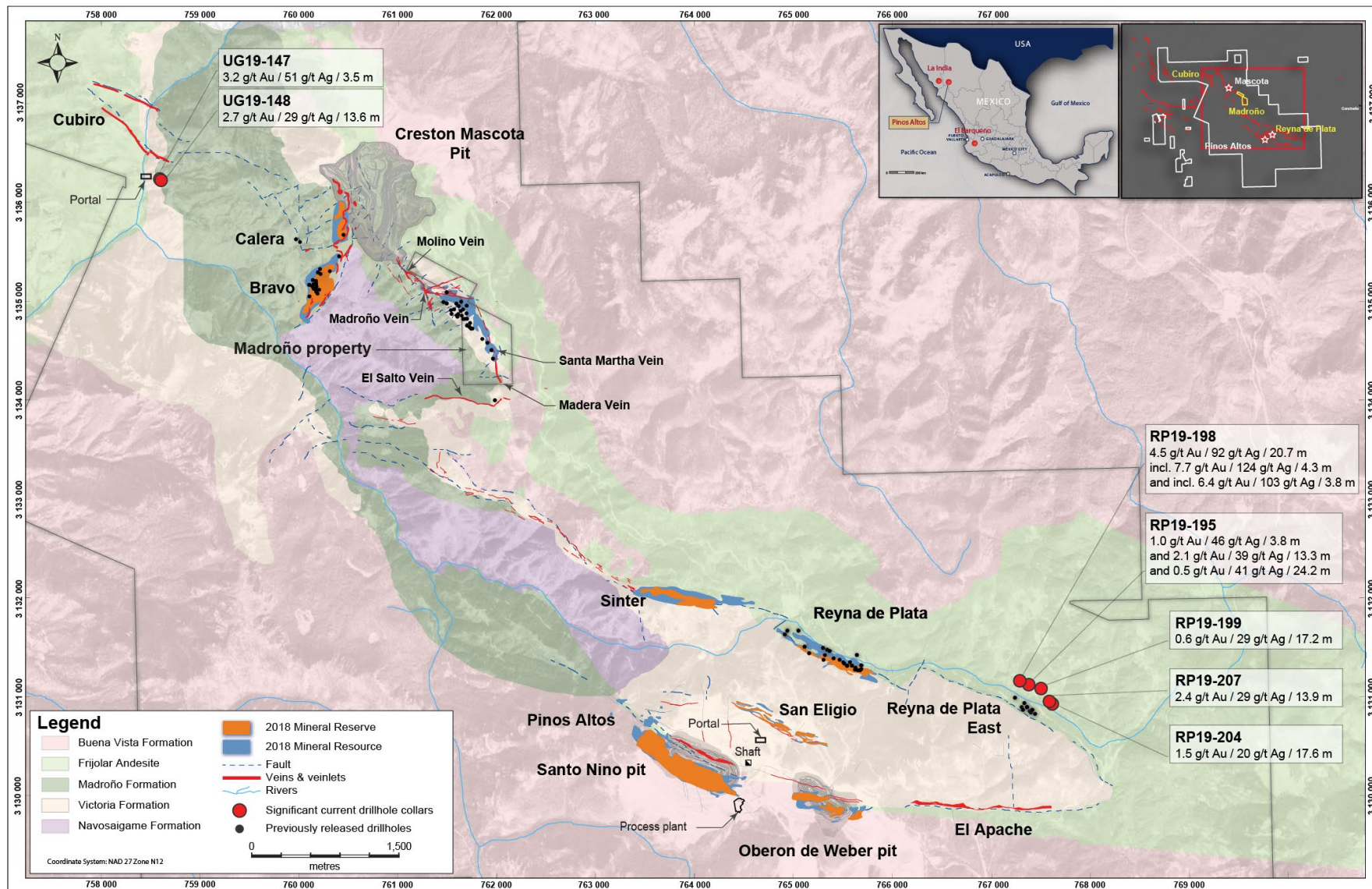
Meliadine Mine – Composite Longitudinal Section



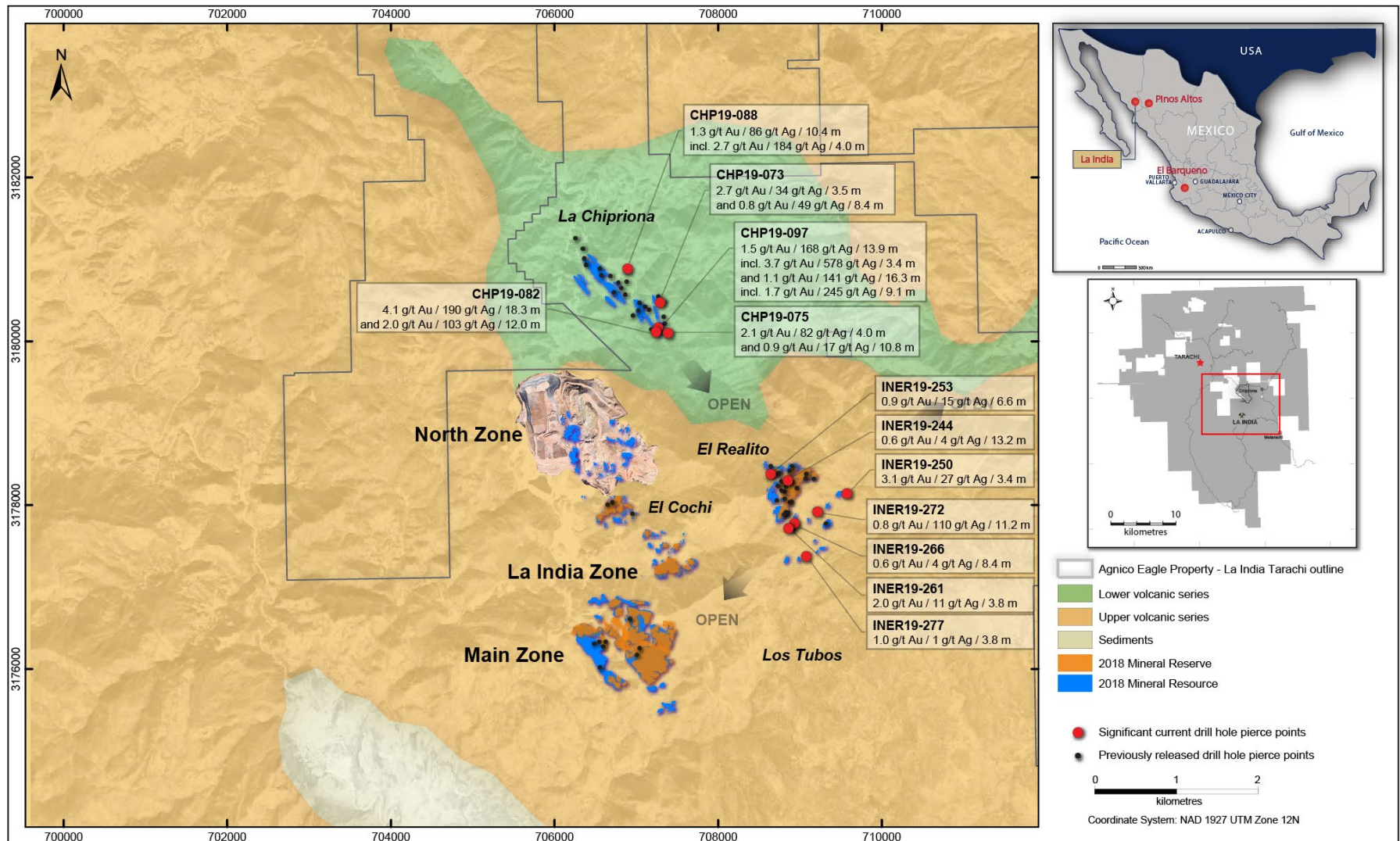
Kittila Mine – Composite Longitudinal Section



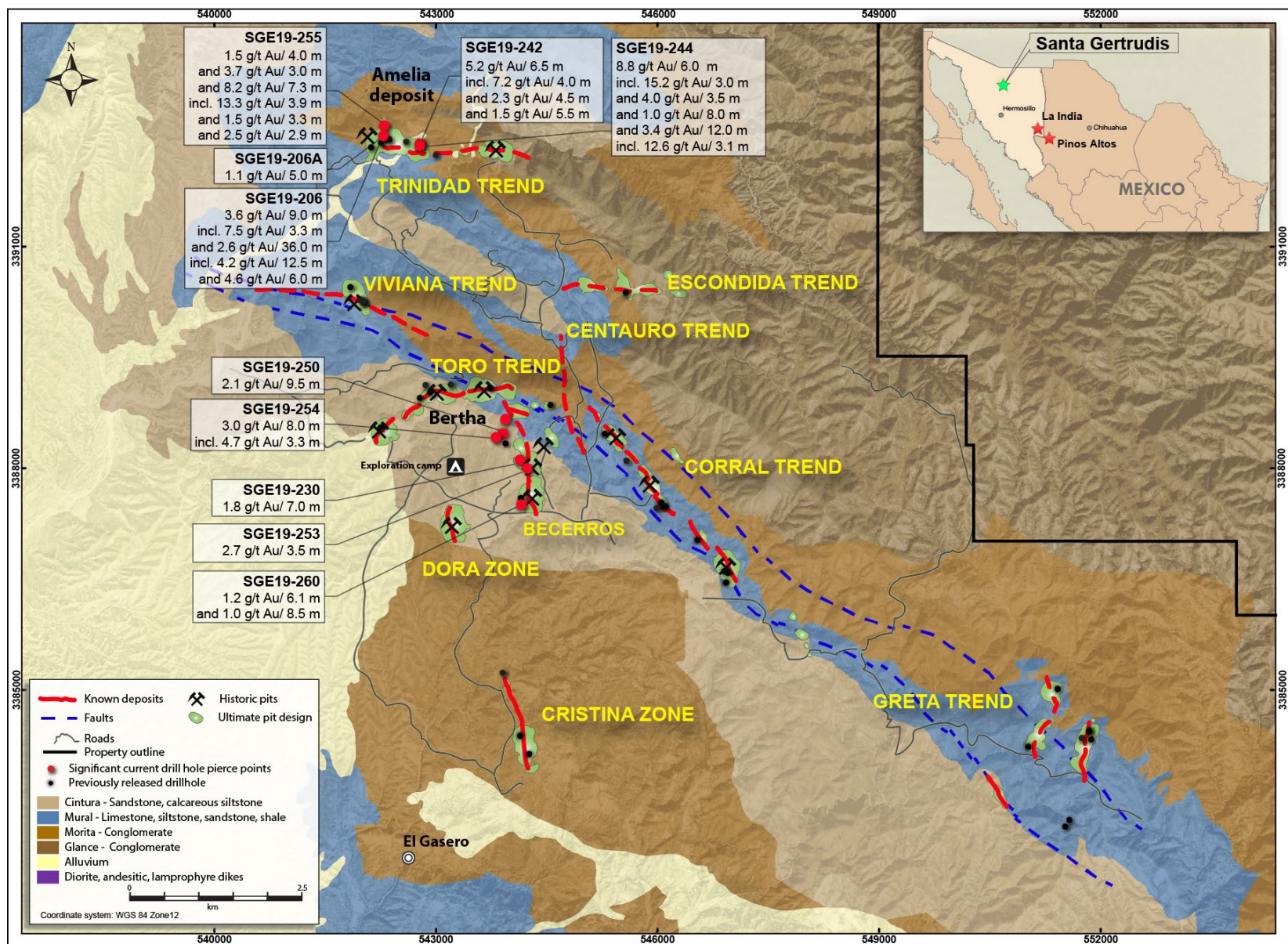
Pinos Altos Mine – Local Geology Map



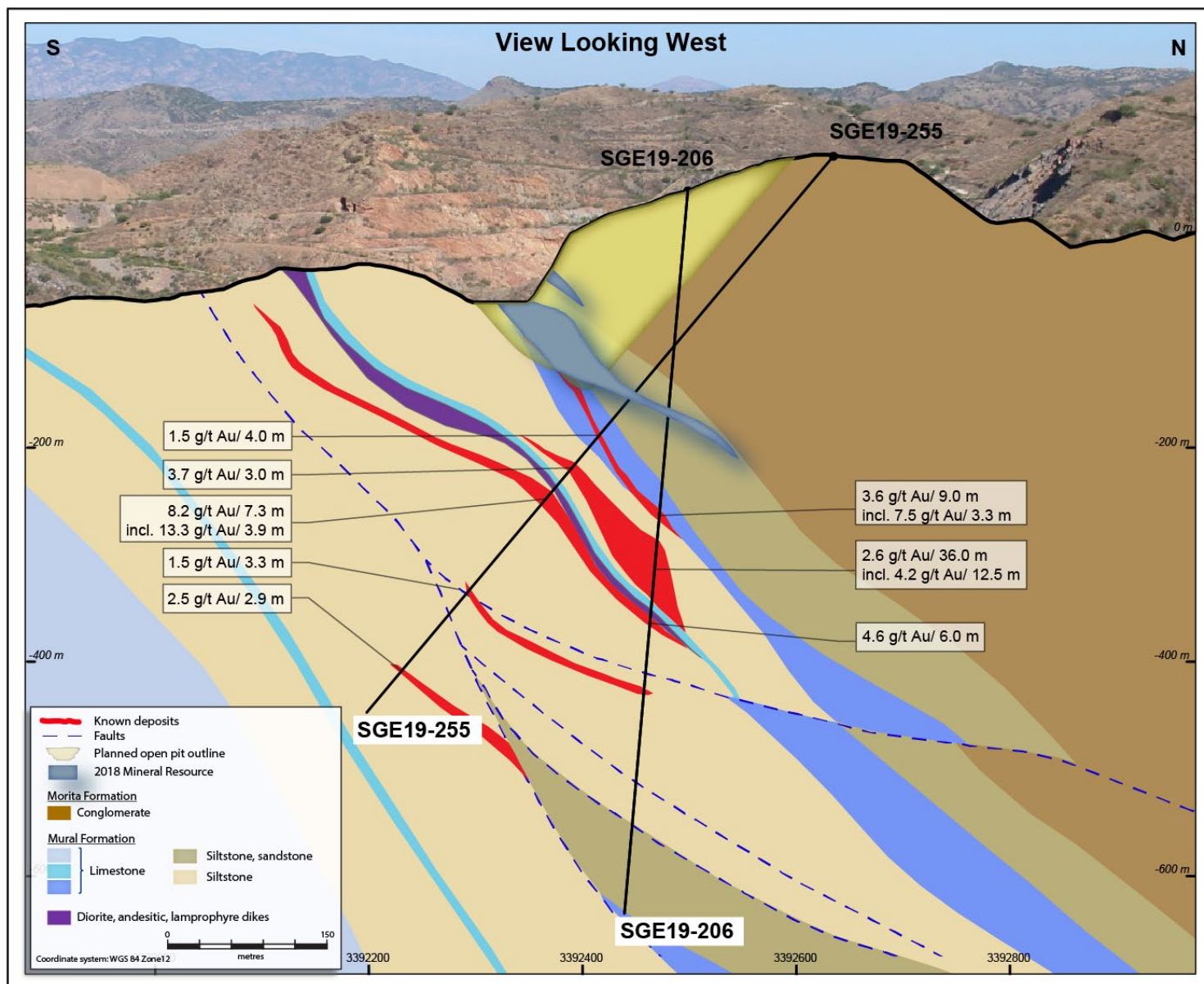
La India Mine – Local Geology Map



Santa Gertrudis Project – Local Geology Map



Santa Gertrudis Project – Amelia Deposit Composite Cross Section





Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources

Mineral Reserves - December 31, 2018

OPERATION			PROVEN			PROBABLE			PROVEN & PROBABLE		
GOLD	Mining Method	Ownership	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Au	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Au	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Au
LaRonde	Underground	100%	4,817	4.87	754	11,561	6.26	2,327	16,378	5.85	3,081
LaRonde Zone 5	Underground	100%	4,053	2.03	264	5,377	2.41	417	9,430	2.25	681
Canadian Malartic	Open Pit	50%	23,029	0.89	658	55,799	1.18	2,122	78,828	1.10	2,780
Goldex	Underground	100%	207	2.06	14	18,717	1.58	949	18,925	1.58	962
Akasaba West	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	5,432	0.84	147	5,432	0.84	147
Lapa	Underground	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meadowbank	Open Pit	100%	1,141	1.57	58	464	2.68	40	1,605	1.89	98
Amaruq	Open Pit	100%	89	3.15	9	24,852	3.60	2,873	24,941	3.59	2,882
Meadowbank Complex Total			1,230	1.68	67	25,315	3.58	2,913	26,546	3.49	2,979
Meliadine	Open Pit	100%	150	5.67	27	3,552	5.52	630	3,702	5.52	657
Meliadine	Underground	100%	-	-	-	13,033	7.39	3,095	13,033	7.39	3,095
Meliadine Total			150	5.67	27	16,585	6.99	3,725	16,736	6.97	3,753
Upper Beaver	Underground	100%	-	-	-	7,992	5.43	1,395	7,992	5.43	1,395
Kittila	Underground	100%	491	4.12	65	30,040	4.50	4,349	30,531	4.50	4,414
Pinos Altos	Open Pit	100%	9	0.39	0	4,056	0.95	123	4,066	0.94	123
Pinos Altos	Underground	100%	4,772	2.71	416	8,266	2.43	645	13,039	2.53	1,061
Pinos Altos Total			4,782	2.70	416	12,323	1.94	769	17,104	2.15	1,184
Creston Mascota	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	1,434	1.77	82	1,434	1.77	82
La India	Open Pit	100%	228	0.49	4	24,256	0.74	577	24,484	0.74	581
Totals	Totals		38,987	1.81	2,268	214,833	2.86	19,771	253,820	2.70	22,039
SILVER	Mining Method	Ownership	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Ag	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Ag	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Ag
LaRonde	Underground	100%	4,817	14.63	2,265	11,561	19.72	7,331	16,378	18.22	9,597
Pinos Altos	Open Pit	100%	9	138.55	42	4,056	25.01	3,262	4,066	25.28	3,304
Pinos Altos	Underground	100%	4,772	63.21	9,698	8,266	65.91	17,517	13,039	64.92	27,215
Pinos Altos Total	subtotal		4,782	63.36	9,740	12,323	52.45	20,779	17,104	55.50	30,519
Creston Mascota	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	1,434	40.89	1,886	1,434	40.89	1,886
La India	Open Pit	100%	228	3.73	27	24,256	2.54	1,981	24,484	2.55	2,008
Totals	Totals		9,826	38.09	12,032	49,575	20.06	31,977	59,401	23.04	44,010
COPPER	Mining Method	Ownership	000 Tonnes	%	tonnes Cu	000 Tonnes	%	tonnes Cu	000 Tonnes	%	tonnes Cu
LaRonde	Underground	100%	4,817	0.20	9,874	11,561	0.28	32,877	16,378	0.26	42,751
Akasaba West	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	5,432	0.48	25,832	5,432	0.48	25,832
Upper Beaver	Underground	100%	-	-	-	7,992	0.25	19,980	7,992	0.25	19,980
Totals	Totals		4,817	0.20	9,874	24,985	0.31	78,689	29,802	0.30	88,563
ZINC	Mining Method	Ownership	000 Tonnes	%	tonnes Zn	000 Tonnes	%	tonnes Zn	000 Tonnes	%	tonnes Zn
LaRonde	Underground	100%	4,817	0.54	25,797	11,561	0.99	114,430	16,378	0.86	140,226
Totals	Totals		4,817	0.54	25,797	11,561	0.99	114,430	16,378	0.86	140,226

Mineral Resources - December 31, 2018

			MINERAL RESOURCES As of December 31, 2018											
OPERATION GOLD	Mining Method	Ownership	MEASURED			INDICATED			MEASURED & INDICATED			INFERRED		
			000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Au	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Au	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Au	000 Tonnes	g/t	000 Oz Au
LaRonde	Underground	100%	-	-	-	4,872	3.25	509	4,872	3.25	509	5,494	4.95	874
LaRonde Zone 5	Underground	100%	-	-	-	6,796	2.34	510	6,796	2.34	510	2,985	5.19	498
Ellison	Underground	100%	-	-	-	665	3.19	68	665	3.19	68	2,343	3.38	254
Canadian Malartic	Open Pit	50%	238	0.48	4	915	0.48	14	1,153	0.48	18	998	0.98	32
Canadian Malartic	Underground	50%	1,647	1.49	79	6,426	1.66	342	8,073	1.62	421	1,694	1.38	75
Canadian Malartic Total			1,885	1.36	83	7,341	1.51	356	9,226	1.48	439	2,692	1.23	107
Odyssey	Underground	50%	-	-	-	1,009	2.11	68	1,009	2.11	68	11,498	2.19	809
East Malartic	Underground	50%	-	-	-	5,265	2.13	361	5,265	2.13	361	22,021	1.98	1,403
Goldey	Underground	100%	12,360	1.86	739	15,413	1.90	944	27,773	1.88	1,683	27,791	1.50	1,338
Akasaba West	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	2,141	0.67	46	2,141	0.67	46	-	-	-
Lapa	Underground	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zulapa	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	391	3.14	39
Meadowbank	Open Pit	100%	25	0.96	1	1,728	2.35	130	1,752	2.33	131	63	2.05	4
Amaruq	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	4,247	3.34	455	4,247	3.34	455	899	4.20	121
Amaruq	Underground	100%	-	-	-	4,618	4.56	676	4,618	4.56	676	11,675	5.19	1,948
Amaruq Total			-	-	-	8,865	3.97	1,132	8,865	3.97	1,132	12,573	5.12	2,069
Meadowbank Complex Total			25	0.96	1	10,593	3.71	1,262	10,618	3.70	1,263	12,637	5.10	2,073
Meladine	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	10,643	3.51	1,200	10,643	3.51	1,200	997	4.60	148
Meladine	Underground	100%	-	-	-	15,319	4.02	1,979	15,319	4.02	1,979	12,482	6.11	2,450
Meladine Total			-	-	-	25,962	3.81	3,179	25,962	3.81	3,179	13,479	6.00	2,598
Hammond Reef	Open Pit	100%	165,662	0.70	3,724	42,754	0.57	777	208,416	0.67	4,501	501	0.74	12
Upper Beaver	Underground	100%	-	-	-	3,636	3.45	403	3,636	3.45	403	8,688	5.07	1,416
AK Project	Underground	100%	-	-	-	1,268	6.51	265	1,268	6.51	265	2,373	5.32	406
Anoki-McBean	Underground	100%	-	-	-	1,868	5.33	320	1,868	5.33	320	2,526	4.70	382
Upper Canada	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,886	1.97	309
Upper Canada	Underground	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,212	6.22	1,442
Upper Canada Total			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,098	4.50	1,752
Kitila	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	229	3.41	25	229	3.41	25	373	3.89	47
Kitila	Underground	100%	1,776	2.62	150	16,802	2.64	1,424	18,578	2.63	1,574	7,879	3.84	972
Kitila Total			1,776	2.62	150	17,030	2.65	1,449	18,807	2.64	1,599	8,252	3.84	1,019
Kuotko	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	284	3.18	29
Kylmäkangas	Underground	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,896	4.11	250
Barsale	Open Pit	55%	-	-	-	3,178	1.08	111	3,178	1.08	111	2,260	1.25	91
Barsale	Underground	55%	-	-	-	1,158	1.77	66	1,158	1.77	66	13,552	2.10	914
Barsale Total			-	-	-	4,335	1.27	176	4,335	1.27	176	15,811	1.98	1,005
Pinos Altos	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	934	0.61	18	934	0.61	18	758	0.84	20
Pinos Altos	Underground	100%	-	-	-	18,165	1.84	1,073	18,165	1.84	1,073	4,041	2.17	282
Pinos Altos Total			-	-	-	19,098	1.78	1,091	19,098	1.78	1,091	4,799	1.96	302
Creston Mascota	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	1,345	0.65	28	1,345	0.65	28	386	1.02	13
La India	Open Pit	100%	11,908	0.57	219	2,774	0.53	47	14,682	0.57	267	1,761	0.53	30
Tarachi	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	22,665	0.40	294	22,665	0.40	294	6,476	0.33	68
Chipirona	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,355	0.78	160
El Barqueño Gold	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	8,115	1.22	318	8,115	1.22	318	8,200	1.22	322
Santa Gertrudis	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,498	1.09	962
Totals	Totals		193,615	0.79	4,916	204,946	1.89	12,475	398,562	1.36	17,390	209,232	2.69	18,122
SILVER														
LaRonde	Underground	100%	-	-	-	4,872	25.34	3,969	4,872	25.34	3,969	5,494	14.31	2,528
Kylmäkangas	Underground	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,896	31.11	1,896
Pinos Altos	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	934	13.05	392	934	13.05	392	758	17.41	424
Pinos Altos	Underground	100%	-	-	-	18,165	42.42	24,771	18,165	42.42	24,771	4,041	49.16	6,387
Pinos Altos Total			-	-	-	19,098	40.98	25,163	19,098	40.98	25,163	4,799	44.15	6,811
Creston Mascota	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	1,345	8.78	380	1,345	8.78	380	386	9.91	123
La India	Open Pit	100%	11,908	3.20	1,227	2,774	4.44	396	14,682	3.44	1,623	1,761	3.37	191
Chipirona	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,355	89.63	18,312
El Barqueño Silver	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,108	127.97	16,901
El Barqueño Gold	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	8,115	4.63	1,208	8,115	4.63	1,208	8,200	17.45	4,600
Totals	Totals		11,908	3.20	1,227	36,205	26.73	31,116	48,112	20.91	32,343	32,998	48.41	51,362
COPPER														
LaRonde	Underground	100%	-	-	-	4,872	0.16	7,582	4,872	0.16	7,582	5,494	0.24	13,248
Akasaba West	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	2,141	0.40	8,511	2,141	0.40	8,511	-	-	-
Upper Beaver	Underground	100%	-	-	-	3,636	0.14	5,135	3,636	0.14	5,135	8,688	0.20	17,284
Chipirona	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,355	0.19	11,787
El Barqueño Gold	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	8,115	0.18	14,949	8,115	0.18	14,949	8,200	0.22	18,069
Totals	Totals		-	-	-	18,764	0.19	36,177	18,764	0.19	36,177	28,736	0.21	60,388
ZINC														
LaRonde	Underground	100%	-	-	-	4,872	0.97	47,051	4,872	0.97	47,051	5,494	0.63	34,523
Chipirona	Open Pit	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,355	0.79	50,400
Totals	Totals		-	-	-	4,872	0.97	47,051	4,872	0.97	47,051	11,849	0.72	84,923

Mineral reserves are not a subset of mineral resources. Tonnage amounts and contained metal amounts presented in this table have been rounded to the nearest thousand, so aggregate amounts may differ from column totals.

Notes to Investors Regarding The Use of Mineral Resources

Cautionary Note to Investors Concerning Estimates of Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources

This presentation uses the terms "measured mineral resources" and "indicated mineral resources". Investors are advised that while those terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the SEC does not recognize them. **Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into mineral reserves.**

Cautionary Note to Investors Concerning Estimates of Inferred Mineral Resources

This presentation also uses the term "inferred mineral resources". Investors are advised that while this term is recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the SEC does not recognize it. "Inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and great uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. **Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of an inferred mineral resource exists, or is economically or legally mineable.**

Scientific and Technical Data

Cautionary Note To U.S. Investors - The SEC permits U.S. mining companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only those mineral deposits that a company can economically and legally extract or produce. Agnico Eagle reports mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum *Best Practice Guidelines for Exploration and Best Practice Guidelines for Estimation of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves* in accordance with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities' (the "CSA") National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101"). These standards are similar to those used by the SEC's Industry Guide No. 7, as interpreted by Staff at the SEC ("Guide 7"). However, the definitions in NI 43-101 differ in certain respects from those under Guide 7. Accordingly, mineral reserve information contained herein may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by U.S. companies. Under the requirements of the SEC, mineralization may not be classified as a "reserve" unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made. A "final" or "bankable" feasibility study is required to meet the requirements to designate mineral reserves under Industry Guide 7. Agnico Eagle uses certain terms in this presentation, such as "measured", "indicated", "inferred" and "resources" that the SEC guidelines strictly prohibit U.S. registered companies from including in their filings with the SEC. However, in October 2018, the SEC approved final rules requiring comprehensive and detailed disclosure requirements for issuers with material mining operations. The new SEC rules will replace Guide 7 and are intended to align the SEC's disclosure requirements more closely with NI 43-101. Under the new SEC rules, SEC registrants will be permitted to disclose "mineral resources" even though they reflect a lower level of certainty than mineral reserves.

Assumptions used for the December 31, 2018 mineral reserves estimate at all mines and advanced projects reported by the Company

	Metal prices				Exchange rates		
	Gold (US\$/oz)	Silver (US\$/oz)	Copper (US\$/lb)	Zinc (US\$/lb)	C\$ per US\$1.00	Mexican peso per US\$1.00	US\$ per €1.00
Long-life operations and projects					C\$1.20	MXP16.00	US\$1.15
Short-life operations – Meadowbank mine, Sinter and Creston Mascota (Bravo) satellite operation at Pinos Altos	\$1,150	\$16.00	\$2.50	\$1.00	C\$1.25	MXP17.00	Not applicable
Upper Canada, Upper Beaver*, Canadian Malartic mine**	\$1,200	Not applicable	\$2.75	Not applicable	C\$1.25	Not applicable	Not applicable

*The Upper Beaver project has a C\$125/tonne net smelter return (NSR)

**The Canadian Malartic mine uses a cut-off grade between 0.37 g/t and 0.38 g/t gold (depending on the deposit)

NI 43-101 requires mining companies to disclose mineral reserves and mineral resources using the subcategories of "proven mineral reserves", "probable mineral reserves", "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources". Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

A mineral reserve is the economically mineable part of a measured and/or indicated mineral resource. It includes diluting materials and allowances for losses, which may occur when the material is mined or extracted and is defined by studies at pre-feasibility or feasibility level as appropriate that include application of modifying factors. Such studies demonstrate that, at the time of reporting, extraction could reasonably be justified. The mineral reserves presented in this presentation are separate from and not a portion of the mineral resources.

Modifying factors are considerations used to convert mineral resources to mineral reserves. These include, but are not restricted to, mining, processing, metallurgical, infrastructure, economic, marketing, legal, environmental, social and governmental factors.

A proven mineral reserve is the economically mineable part of a measured mineral resource. A proven mineral reserve implies a high degree of confidence in the modifying factors. A probable mineral reserve is the economically mineable part of an indicated and, in some circumstances, a measured mineral resource. The confidence in the modifying factors applying to a probable mineral reserve is lower than that applying to a proven mineral reserve.

A mineral resource is a concentration or occurrence of solid material of economic interest in or on the Earth's crust in such form, grade or quality and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. The location, quantity, grade or quality, continuity and other geological characteristics of a mineral resource are known, estimated or interpreted from specific geological evidence and knowledge, including sampling.

A measured mineral resource is that part of a mineral resource for which quantity, grade or quality, densities, shape and physical characteristics are estimated with confidence sufficient to allow the application of modifying factors to support detailed mine planning and final evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Geological evidence is derived from detailed and reliable exploration, sampling and testing and is sufficient to confirm geological and grade or quality continuity between points of observation. An indicated mineral resource is that part of a mineral resource for which quantity, grade or quality, densities, shape and physical characteristics are estimated with sufficient confidence to allow the application of modifying factors in sufficient detail to support mine planning and evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Geological evidence is derived from adequately detailed and reliable exploration, sampling and testing and is sufficient to assume geological and grade or quality continuity between points of observation. An inferred mineral resource is that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of limited geological evidence and sampling. Geological evidence is sufficient to imply but not verify geological and grade or quality continuity.

Investors are cautioned not to assume that part or all of an inferred mineral resource exists, or is economically or legally mineable.

A feasibility study is a comprehensive technical and economic study of the selected development option for a mineral project that includes appropriately detailed assessments of applicable modifying factors together with any other relevant operational factors and detailed financial analysis that are necessary to demonstrate, at the time of reporting, that extraction is reasonably justified (economically mineable). The results of the study may reasonably serve as the basis for a final decision by a proponent or financial institution to proceed with, or finance, the development of the project. The confidence level of the study will be higher than that of a Pre-Feasibility Study.

The effective date for all of the Company's mineral resource and mineral reserve estimates in this presentation is December 31, 2018. Additional information about each of the mineral projects that is required by NI 43-101, sections 3.2 and 3.3 and paragraphs 3.4 (a), (c) and (d) can be found in the Technical Reports filed by Agnico Eagle, which may be found at www.sedar.com. Other important operating information can be found in the Company's AIF and Form 40-F.

The scientific and technical information relating to Agnico Eagle's mineral reserves and mineral resources contained herein (other than the Canadian Malartic mine) has been approved by Daniel Doucet, Eng., Senior Corporate Director, Reserve Development; and relating to mineral reserves and mineral resources at the Canadian Malartic mine contained herein has been approved by Donald Gervais, P.Geo., Director of Technical Services at Canadian Malartic Corporation. Each of them is a "Qualified Person" for the purposes of NI 43-101.



AGNICO EAGLE

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